Comparison of the postoperative rate of complications and infections in indwelling and suprapubic urinary catheters

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
27/11/2008	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
16/01/2009	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
16/03/2011	Urological and Genital Diseases	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

1

Study information

Scientific Title

Comparison of the postoperative rate of complications and infections in indwelling urinary catheters and suprapubic catheters after anterior colporrhaphia: a three-arm prospective randomised trial

Study objectives

Suprapubic (Arm C) and indwelling urinary catheters (IUCs) for 96 hours (Arm B) are preferred in Europe after operations, including anterior colporrhaphia.

Hypothesis 1: If there is no difference in infection or complication rate between IUCs for 96 hours (Arm B) and IUCs for 24 hours (Arm A), the latter will be considered sufficient. Hypothesis 2: If IUCs for 24 hours (Arm A) have no higher rate of infections and complications compared to suprapubic catheter for 96 hours (Arm C), the former could be considered sufficient.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the Medical Faculty, Institute of Forensic Medicine, University of Rostock, approved on 02/02/2007 (ref: HV 03/2007)

Study design

Randomised controlled single-centre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Urinary tract infection after operation

Interventions

Method of randomisation: permutated block randomisation with variable block length Duration of recruitment: 12 months

Arm A: IUCs for 24 hours Arm B: IUCs for 96 hours

Arm C: suprapubic catheter for 96 hours

In Arm A and B the indwelling catheter was installed under sterile conditions preoperatively by a scrub nurse. In Arm C the catheter was inserted under sterile conditions directly after theatre by the performing surgeon.

Total duration of follow-up: until discharge (mean value: 6.85 days +/- 1.45).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Rate of urinary tract infection at 4 days after operation.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Complications, assessed on the day of discharge (mean value: 6.85 days +/- 1.45).

Completion date

29/02/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Female patients
- 2. 45-85 year old
- 3. Patients with a planned anterior colporrhaphia
- 4. Patient's consent
- 5. Urine analysis and urine culture immediately before and 4 days after the operation

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Symptomatic urinary tract infection preoperatively
- 2. Epidural anaesthesia

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2007

Date of final enrolment

29/02/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre

Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology

Rostock Germany 18059

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Rostock (Germany)

ROR

https://ror.org/03zdwsf69

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University of Rostock (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2010		Yes	No