

# Randomized phase III study of Rituximab with intensified CHOP chemotherapy versus Rituximab with High-Dose Sequential Therapy and Autologous Stem Cell Transplantation in Adult Patients (18-65 years) with Stage II-IV High-intermediate or High Risk DLBCL

<b>Submission date</b>	<b>Recruitment status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
13/01/2006	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b>	<b>Overall study status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
13/01/2006	Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b>	<b>Condition category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
24/07/2014	Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

### Protocol serial number

## Study information

### Scientific Title

### Acronym

HOVON 63 NHL

### Study objectives

The hypothesis to be tested is that the outcome in arm B is better than in arm A.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Non Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL)

### Interventions

Patients will be randomized between:

Arm A: 6 cycles of rituximab-iCHOP every 2 weeks plus G-CSF: pegfilgrastim (Neulasta®)  
Arm B: 3 cycles of rituximab-iCHOP every 2 weeks plus G-CSF: pegfilgrastim (Neulasta®),  
followed by rituximab-HDT Induction I, rituximab-HDT Induction II plus daily G-CSF: filgrastim  
(Neupogen®, SingleJect®), followed by BEAM with ASCT. Daily G-CSF: filgrastim (Neupogen®  
SingleJect®) will replace pegfilgrastim in the iCHOP chemotherapy cycle during which stem cells  
will be harvested.

### Intervention Type

Drug

### Phase

Not Specified

### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Rituximab, CHOP

### Primary outcome(s)

Event-free survival i.e. time from registration to induction failure (less than PR after 3 x R-iCHOP, no CR [Cru] after 6 RiCHOP [arm A] or ASCT [arm B]), death, progression or relapse whichever occurs first; the time to failure of patients with induction failure (less than PR after 3 x R-iCHOP) is set at one day.

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Complete response (including CRu)
2. Progression on protocol (progression or relapse after initial PR or CR during protocol treatment)
3. Overall survival measured from the time of registration
4. Disease-free interval (duration of the first CR) measured from the time of achievement of CR (including CRu) after protocol treatment to day of relapse or death from any cause (whichever occurs first)

### **Completion date**

01/01/2009

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Patients with a confirmed histologic diagnosis of DLBCL according to the WHO classification
2. Ann Arbor stage II-IV
3. High-intermediate or high risk NHL according to age-adjusted IPI score (aa IPI = 2-3)
4. DLBCL must be CD20 positive
5. Age 18-65 years inclusive
6. WHO performance status <= 2
7. Negative pregnancy test (if applicable)
8. Written informed consent

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

### **Upper age limit**

65 years

### **Sex**

All

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Intolerance of exogenous protein administration
2. Severe cardiac dysfunction (NYHA classification II-IV) or LVEF <45%

3. Significant renal dysfunction (serum creatinine  $\geq$  150 µmol/l), unless related to NHL
4. Significant hepatic dysfunction (total bilirubin  $\geq$  30 µmol/l or transaminases  $\geq$  2.5 times normal level), unless related to NHL
5. Suspected or documented Central Nervous System involvement by NHL
6. Testicular DLBCL
7. Primary mediastinal B cell lymphoma
8. Patients known to be HIV-positive
9. Patients with active, uncontrolled infections
10. Patients with uncontrolled asthma or allergy, requiring steroid treatment
11. Patient is a lactating woman
12. Unwillingness or not capable to use effective means of contraception (all men and pre-menopausal women)
13. Prior treatment with chemotherapy, radiotherapy or immunotherapy for this lymphoma, except a short course of prednisone (<1 week) and/or cyclophosphamide (<1 week and not in excess of 900 mg/m<sup>2</sup> cumulative) or local radiotherapy in order to control life threatening tumor related symptoms
14. History of active cancer during the past 5 years, except basal carcinoma of the skin or stage 0 cervical carcinoma

**Date of first enrolment**

28/10/2005

**Date of final enrolment**

01/01/2009

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

University Medical Center Groningen

Groningen

Netherlands

9700 RB

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Dutch Haemato-oncology Association (Stichting Hemato-Oncologie Volwassenen Nederland) (HOVON)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/056kpdx27>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Industry

### Funder Name

Amgen, Johnson & Johnson - Orthobiotech, Dutch Cancer Society, Novartis Pharma B.V., Roche Nederland BV

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration