Randomised placebo controlled trial of intermittent malaria treatment through the Expanded Programme on Immunisation (EPI) to prevent malaria/anaemia in infants (Kenya)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
01/02/2006		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 01/02/2006	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
19/07/2021	Infections and Infestations			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Melba Gomes

Contact details

20, Avenue Appia Geneva-27 Switzerland CH 1211 +41 (0)22 791 3813 gomesm@who.int

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised placebo controlled trial of intermittent malaria treatment through the Expanded Programme on Immunisation (EPI) to prevent malaria/anaemia in infants (Kenya)

Study objectives

To establish whether preventive treatment given at EPI prevented either severe anaemia or malaria.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received on the 15th December 1999.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Malaria

Interventions

Sulphadoxine-pyrimethamine or placebo given at EPI visits DPT2, DPT3 and measles. Collection of sera to establish impact (if any) upon EPI antigens.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Sulphadoxine-Pyrimethamine (SP)

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Effectiveness of intermittent malaria treatment of infants with SP (versus placebo) within the Kenya EPI schedule in preventing severe anaemia and malaria
- 2. Assessment of serological responses to EPI vaccines in children receiving SP versus those receiving placebo for SP

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Determine whether intermittent malaria treatment results in a rebound effect of more episodes of malaria after treatment is stopped
- 2. Determine whether intermittent malaria treatment results in improved growth of infants

Overall study start date

15/12/1999

Completion date

15/12/2001

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Infants of both gender whose parents or guardians give consent and agree to participate in the study for at least eighteen months
- 2. Infants who will be presenting to the clinic for their second Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus (DPT) and second Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) immunisations and are aged less than one

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

900 infants randomised

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Infants with known hypersensitivity to study drugs
- 2. Infants with congenital malformations and history of haemolytic anaemia
- 3. Infants with a history of blood transfusion in the previous week
- 4. SP treatment in the previous two weeks

Date of first enrolment

15/12/1999

Date of final enrolment

15/12/2001

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Kenya

Switzerland

CH 1211

Study participating centre 20, Avenue AppiaGeneva-27
Switzerland

Sponsor information

Organisation

UNICEF/UNDP/World Bank/WHO Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases (TDR)

Sponsor details

20, Avenue Appia Geneva-27 Switzerland CH 1211

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.who.int/

ROR

https://ror.org/01f80g185

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)/United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) /World Bank/World Health Organization (WHO) - Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases (TDR)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		15/09/2012	19/07/2021	Yes	No