# Ethical protocol for blood sampling from healthy adult volunteers for research on the immune answer towards biotherapeutic drugs in development

Submission date 01/06/2015	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol
Registration date 01/07/2015	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 18/11/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Other	Individual participant data

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Nanobodies® are a recently discovered class of proteins, which show great therapeutic and diagnostic potential in diseases such as cancer. They have many advantages over classical biotherapeutics (engineered biological products), but since Nanobodies originate from camelid animals (e.g. camels and alpacas) there is a risk of unwanted side effects, particularly immune system responses, when used in humans. These responses may drastically limit how effective the therapy is, and in certain cases can even be very harmful for the patient. The aim of this study is to investigate the cause of unwanted immune system reactions to Nanobodies. Specifically, this study will examine the non-human (camelid) aspects of the Nanobodies protein, production side-products and formulation to analyse the main steps responsible for inducing an immune response in humans. This will be done by taking blood samples from healthy volunteers, which will then be analysed in the laboratory to isolate specific, highly sensitive cells that are known to be critical in initiating an immune system response.

Who can participate? Healthy adults aged 18-65.

What does the study involve? All participants are asked to give a blood sample.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? The results of this study will be used to generate safer and more efficient Nanobodies, resulting in healthier patients and reduced health costs.

Where is the study run from?

1. Free University of Brussels (Vrije Universiteit Brussel) (Belgium)

2. University Hospital Brussels (Universitair Ziekenhuis Brussel) (Belgium)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2015 to June 2018

Who is funding the study? Free University of Brussels (Vrije Universiteit Brussel) (Belgium)

Who is the main contact? Dr C Ackaert

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Dr Chloé Ackaert

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9145-2931

**Contact details** VUB, Building E, 8th Floor Pleinlaan 2 Elsene Belgium 1050

### Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Ethical protocol for blood sampling from healthy adult volunteers for research on risk mitigation of immunogenicity of Nanobodies®

#### **Study objectives**

Rationale of the study: to determine immunogenic regions in the sequence of Nanobodies to be able to change these regions to generate more safe and less immunogenic Nanobodies.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the University Hospital Brussels (UZ Brussel), Belgium - submission planned for 05/06/2015.

**Study design** Single-centre trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

Secondary study design Non randomised study

**Study setting(s)** GP practice

**Study type(s)** Other

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Blood sampling from healthy, adult volunteers for isolation of peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) for in vitro analysis of the human immune response towards Nanobodies.

**Interventions** Blood sampling (up to 450 ml). Nothing is administered.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome measure

T cell proliferation and differentiation in vitro as surrogate marker for the in vivo development of anti-drug antibody formation, measured 1-2 weeks after blood sampling.

#### Secondary outcome measures

Immunogenic regions of the Nanobodies are identified and mutated, and the resulting new Nanobodies are tested once again for immunogenicity. Measurements are carried out 2.5 years after blood sampling.

Overall study start date 01/07/2015

**Completion date** 30/06/2018



#### Key inclusion criteria

1. Good general health 2. Aged 18-65

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

### Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

**Upper age limit** 65 Years

Sex

Both

**Target number of participants** 300

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnant (in case of doubt, a test will be taken) or envisages a pregnancy in the near future
- 2. History of significant inconvenience with blood sampling
- 3. High risk for HIV, HBV or HCV
- 4. Has received blood or blood products in the last 6 months
- 5. Has received any therapeutic treatment that influences the immune system
- 6. Presence of acute or chronic infection or disease
- 7. Currently taking drugs, except for contraceptives
- 8. Associated with the current study

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2015

Date of final enrolment 01/06/2018

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Belgium

Study participating centre

**Free University of Brussels (Vrije Universiteit Brussel)** Boulevard de la Plaine 2 Elsene Belgium 1050

**Study participating centre University Hospital Brussels (Universitair Ziekenhuis Brussel)** Avenue du Laerbeek 101 Jette Belgium 1090

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** Vrije Universiteit Brussel

**Sponsor details** Pleinlaan 2 Elsene Belgium 1050

**Sponsor type** University/education

ROR https://ror.org/006e5kg04

### Funder(s)

**Funder type** University/education

**Funder Name** Free University of Brussels (Vrije Universiteit Brussel)

### **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Publication 1: Response of dendritic cells to Nanobodies: planned beginning 2016 Publication 2: Response of T cells to Nanobodies: planned end 2016 Publication 3: Optimised sequence of Nanobodies with reduced immunogenicity: planned half 2018

#### Intention to publish date

01/01/2016

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Details

Not provided at time of registration

### IPD sharing plan summary

Other

#### Study outputs

Output	type
Results	article

Date created 09/03/2021

d Date added 18/11/2021

**Peer reviewed?** Yes **Patient-facing?** No