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A cluster randomised controlled trial of an educational and organisational intervention to expand antiretroviral treatment access in publicsector primary care clinics in South Africa: the STRETCH (Streamlining Tasks and Roles to Expand Treatment and Care for HIV) trial

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b>
26/04/2007	No longer recruiting
Registration date 07/08/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed
Last Edited	<b>Condition category</b>
21/01/2013	Infections and Infestations

- [] Prospectively registered
- [] Protocol
- [] Statistical analysis plan
- [X] Results
- [] Individual participant data

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

# Study information

Scientific Title

### Acronym

STRETCH

### Study objectives

That the decentralisation of antiretroviral treatment services from doctors at hospitals to nurses at clinics, supported by appropriate training and supervision, expands treatment access, reducing mortality among enrolled patients waiting for HAART (Highly Active AntiRetroviral Treatment), without compromising HAART treatment outcomes.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

 Ethics Committee of the Faculty of Health Sciences, University of the Free State (South Africa) (ref: ETOVS NR 75/07)
 Ethics Committee of the Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Cape Town (South Africa), approval pending as of 16/07/2007

### Study design

Pragmatic, two-arm, cluster randomised controlled trial.

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Not specified

**Study type(s)** Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

### HIV/ AIDS

### Interventions

Complex health systems intervention comprising:

- 1. Clinical algorithm to triage AntiRetroViral (ARV) patients for nurse- or doctor-managed care
- 2. Educational outreach training to nurses
- 3. Expanded prescribing provisions to permit trained nurse practitioners to prescribe ARVs
- 4. Re-defining roles of clinical staff:
- 4.1. Generalist nurses: pre-ARV HIV care
- 4.2. ARV nurses: monitoring of stable ARV patients, ARV initiation in selected adults
- 4.3. ARV doctors: review problem cases
- 5. Systems toolkit: a guideline for managers on how to implement STRETCH
- 6. Provincial STRETCH co-ordinators
- 7. STRETCH facility support teams facilitate changes and provide support

### Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

antiretroviral treatment (HAART)

### Primary outcome measure

The following will be analysed at 1 year (interim analysis) and 2 years (final analysis): Cohort 1: Survival

Cohort 2: Viral load suppression rates

### Secondary outcome measures

The following will be measured at 2 years (or 1 year if the trial should be discontinued): Cohort 1:

- 1. Viral load suppression rates
- 2. Duration between enrolment and starting HAART
- 3. Proportion of patients with CD4 count <= 350 who start HAART during the study period
- 4. Median baseline CD4 count of patients starting HAART
- 5. Tuberculosis (TB) case detection
- 6. Screening for TB (sputum tests)
- 7. Cotrimoxazole prophylaxis provision
- 8. Changes in CD4 and weight, hospital admissions
- 9. Number of nurse and doctor visits

Cohort 2:

- 1. Survival
- 2. Programme retention (the proportion of patients remaining alive and in care)
- 3. Duration of viraemia prior to switch to second-line treatment
- 4. TB case detection
- 5. Screening for TB (sputum tests)
- 6. Cotrimoxazole prophylaxis provision
- 7. Changes in CD4 and weight
- 8. Hospital admissions
- 9. Number of nurse and doctor visits

# **Overall study start date**

01/07/2007

### **Completion date**

30/06/2009

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Clinics: All 31 public sector clinics currently offering antiretroviral treatment in the Free State province, South Africa.

Patients:

Cohort 1: All patients enrolled at the 31 facilities with a CD4 count of 350 cells/ul or less not yet on HAART.

Cohort 2: All patients enrolled at the 31 facilities already on HAART for 6 months or longer, and alive and in care at the start of the trial.

### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### **Age group** Adult

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#### **Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** Clinics: 31; Cohort 1: 7000 patients; Cohort 2: 4000 patients

### Key exclusion criteria

Clinics: None Patients: Patients younger than 18 years

# Date of first enrolment 01/07/2007

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2009

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** South Africa

Study participating centre

**Knowledge Translation Unit** Cape Town South Africa 7937

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** Development Cooperation Ireland (South Africa)

Sponsor details Embassy of Ireland 1st Floor Southern Life Plaza 1059 Schoeman Street Arcadia Pretoria South Africa 0083 +27 12 342 5062 annalize.fourie@dfa.ie

**Sponsor type** Government

Website http://www.embassyireland.org.za/

### Funder(s)

**Funder type** Government

**Funder Name** Canadian International Development Agency (02/2006) (Canada)

Funder Name Irish Aid (Ireland)

### **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

### Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Other publications	process evaluation	16/07/2012		Yes	No
Results article	results	08/09/2012		Yes	No