

Testing a new treatment for receding gums

Submission date 01/05/2021	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 13/05/2021	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 09/07/2024	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Gingival recession (also known as receding gums) is when the gum tissue surrounding the teeth wears away or pulls back, exposing more of the tooth or its root. The aim of the study is to assess the effectiveness of an injectable blood extract with a gum graft during receding gums treatment.

Who can participate?

Healthy adults aged 19 and over who are non-smokers

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two treatment methods, one will involve applying the gum graft alone on the diseased tooth, while the other will involve applying an injectable blood extract before applying a gum graft on it. Participants are followed up to measure gum recession at 1, 3 and 6 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefits of participating are achieving full coverage for receding gums sites, less pain and better healing. The methods are safe and there are no expected risks.

Where is the study run from?

Damascus University (Syria)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2020 to July 2022

Who is funding the study?

Damascus University (Syria)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Wajiha Albattal
wajihaalbatal@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Wajiha Albatal

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0250-8380>

Contact details

Dummar

Damascus

Syria

00000

+963 (0)930429851

wajihaalbatal@gmail.com

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

2400/S.M

Study information

Scientific Title

The efficiency of injectable platelet-rich fibrin (i-PRF) in root surface biomodification during gingival recession treatment

Study objectives

Injectable platelet-rich fibrin (i-PRF) with free gingival graft provides better root coverage compared to a free gingival graft alone during gingival recession treatment.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 31/08/2020, Scientific Research and Postgraduate Studies Council (Baramkeh, Damascus, Syria; +963 (0)1133923192; ap.srd@damascusuniversity.edu.sy), ref: 2400/S.M

Study design

Single-center interventional double-blinded randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Gingival recession

Interventions

Participants are randomised using a sealed envelope method. Two treatment methods will be compared, the first one will involve applying a free gingival graft alone on the root surface (control group), while the second will involve applying injectable platelet-rich fibrin (i-PRF) to a root surface before applying a free gingival graft (experimental group). Participants are followed up at 1, 3 and 6 months.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

1. Gingival recession depth measured using a UNC-15 probe at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months
2. Gingival recession width measured using a UNC-15 probe at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months

Secondary outcome measures

1. Probing depth measured using a UNC-15 probe at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months
2. Clinical attachment level measured using a UNC-15 probe at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months
3. Keratinized tissue height measured using a UNC-15 probe at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months
4. Healing measured using a healing index at 1, 2 weeks and 1 month after surgery
5. Pain measured using a visual analogue scale (VAS) at 1 week after surgery
6. Bleeding measured using a visual analogue scale (VAS) at 1 week after surgery
7. Dentine hypersensitivity measured using a visual analogue scale (VAS) at baseline, 1, 3, 6 months

Overall study start date

30/05/2020

Completion date

01/07/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. ≥ 19 years of age
2. Periodontally and systemically healthy
3. Full-mouth plaque score (FMPS) and full-mouth bleeding score (FMBS) $< 15\%$
4. Presence of deep Miller Class I/II GR defect (≥ 3 mm in depth) at the buccal aspect of incisors and canines

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

42 sites (21 for each group)

Key exclusion criteria

1. Smoking
2. Contraindications for surgery
3. Presence of recession defects associated with caries, deep abrasion, restoration or pulpal pathology

Date of first enrolment

30/03/2021

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2021

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Syria

Study participating centre**Damascus University**

Department of Periodontology

Faculty of Dentistry

Mezzah

Damascus

Syria

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Damascus University

Sponsor details

Albaramkeh

Damascus

Syria

00000

+963 (0)1133923192

info@damascusuniversity.edu.sy

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<http://damasuniv.edu.sy/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/03m098d13>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

University/education

Funder Name

Damascus University

Results and Publications**Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal. Additional documents (such as study protocol, statistical analysis plan etc) will be available.

Intention to publish date

01/07/2023

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Prof. Dr Tarik Kasem (prof.tarekkasem@hotmail.com).

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		11/05/2023	09/07/2024	Yes	No