# A multi-modal intervention to improve care of the severely ill in Uganda

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>	
17/05/2017		Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
18/05/2017	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
26/11/2020	Signs and Symptoms		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Globally, there is a high burden of severe illness and associated deaths in low-income countries. To improve management of severely ill patients in hospital in low-income settings, the World Health Organization (WHO), through its program on the Integrated Management of Adolescent and Adult Illness, established a triage tool (a tool used to help decide the order of treatment) called "Quick Check" to provide clinicians with a rapid, standardised approach to identifying patients with severe illness based on recognising of abnormal vital signs. The aims of this study are to determine the impact of the WHO QuickCheck+ training program and the Severe Illness Management System (SIMS) program on how well severely ill patients can be identified and to identify and test methods of improving the way in which best care for severely ill patients can be followed in low-income settings.

#### Who can participate?

Patients aged 14 years and over who have been admitted to the general medical wards through the casualty department at participating hospitals.

#### What does the study involve?

The study involves an intervention designed to improve health worker performance of vital sign collection and diagnosis of severe illness conditions. Intervention components include clinical mentoring by an expert in severe illness care, collaborative improvement meetings with external support supervision, and continuous audits of clinical performance with structured feedback. All health facilities in the study will receive the intervention but at different times.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants could benefit from improved identification of their illness so that they can be better managed in hospital. There are no notable risks involved with participating.

#### Where is the study run from?

The study is taking place at four inpatient health facilities in one district of western Uganda.

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2014 to May 2015 Who is funding the study?

- 1. World Health Organization (Switzerland)
- 2. Cooperative Biological Engagement Program (USA)
- 3. IMAI Alliance (USA)
- 4. Anonymous European Family Foundation

Who is the main contact?

1. Dr. Shevin Jacob (scientific)

shevin@walimu.org

2. Dr J. Lucian Davis (scientific)

# Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Shevin Jacob

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2425-9394

#### Contact details

University of Washington School of Medicine 1959 NE Pacific Street Seattle United States of America

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr J. Lucian Davis

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8629-9992

#### Contact details

Yale University School of Public Health 60 College Street New Haven United States of America 06510

# Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

**SIMS 1.0** 

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A complex intervention to improve implementation of World Health Organization guidelines for diagnosis of severe illness in low-income settings: a quasi-randomized trial from Uganda

#### **Study objectives**

The overall aim of this project is to improve the management of severely ill patients at four hospitals in western Uganda.

The specific aims of this project are:

- 1. To determine the impact of the WHO QuickCheck+ training program and the Severe Illness Management System (SIMS) program on process measures related to the identification of severely ill patients
- 2. To identify and test methods of improving adherence to evidence-based care for severely ill patients in low-income settings

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

- 1. The Makerere University School of Public Health Higher Degrees, Research, and Ethics Committee
- 2. The Uganda National Council for Science and Technolog
- 3. The University of California San Francisco Committee on Human Research
- 4. The Human Investigation Committee, Yale University

#### Study design

Stepped-wedge quasi-randomized trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Diagnostic

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Severe illness conditions as defined by WHO Quick Check+ (shock, sepsis, severe respiratory distress, altered mental status)

#### **Interventions**

This study consists of a behavioral intervention to improve health care worker performance. The intervention is comprised of three modalities: clinical mentoring by an expert in severe illness care, collaborative improvement meetings with external support supervision, and continuous audits of clinical performance with structured feedback. There is no follow up. The intervention is implemented using a quasi-randomised, stepped-wedge design. The sequence for introducing the intervention is randomly assigned, with a new site launching approximately every six weeks and an a priori plan to launch two sites simultaneously.

#### Intervention Type

#### **Behavioural**

#### Primary outcome(s)

Vital sign collection and diagnosis of severe illness conditions, determined via review of medical charts, at time of hospital admission

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Vital status, specifically mortality, determined via review of medical charts, at the time of hospital discharge

#### Completion date

01/09/2015

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 14 years and over
- 2. Admitted to the general medical wards through the casualty department at each health facility

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Αll

#### Total final enrolment

5759

#### Key exclusion criteria

Those whose primary admitting diagnosis is an emergent surgical or obstetrical condition.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/08/2014

#### Date of final enrolment

31/05/2015

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Uganda

# Study participating centre Walimu

Plot 5-7, Coral Crescent Kololo Kampala Uganda N/A

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Walimu

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

World Health Organization

#### Alternative Name(s)

, , Всемирная организация здравоохранения, Organisation mondiale de la Santé, Organización Mundial de la Salud, WHO, , BO3, OMS

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

International organizations

#### Location

Switzerland

#### **Funder Name**

Cooperative Biological Engagement Program

#### **Funder Name**

IMAI Alliance

#### Funder Name

Anonymous European Family Foundation

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Dr J. Lucian Davis (lucian.davis@yale.edu).

#### IPD sharing plan summary

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added Peer reviewed	? Patient-facing?
Results article	results	06/11/2017	26/11/2020 Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes