The role of free fatty acids in the glucoselowering effects of thiazolidinediones

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered	
14/02/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
14/02/2006	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
24/08/2009	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Thiazolidinediones (TZDs, Pioglitazone) lower free fatty acids (FFA) in plasma via increased insulin sensitivity (= decreased lipolysis) in adipose tissue. The decrease in plasma FFA results in increased insulin sensitivity in skeletal muscle. Increasing plasma FFA to baseline levels while on TZD treatment will decrease peripheral insulin sensitivity to pre-treatment levels indicating that the mechanism of action of Pioglitazone is not directly on muscle but via lowering of plasma FFA due to the beneficial effects on adipose tissue.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Received from local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised single blind placebo controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetes Mellitus type II (DM type II)

Interventions

Treatment with pioglitazone 30 mg once a day or placebo. Infusion of a lipid emulsion on the third study day in the active treatment group.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Pioglitazone

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Basal glucose production and plasma FFA
- 2. Peripheral insulin sensitivity
- 3. Insulin-mediated suppression of FFA (= insulin sensitivity of adipose tissue)

Secondary outcome measures

Changes in concentrations of ceramide and glycosphingolipids in skeletal muscle.

Overall study start date

01/09/2002

Completion date

31/05/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Obese patients with Diabetes Mellitus type II (DM II)
- 2. Body mass index (BMI) >25 kg/m2
- 3. Treatment for DM II with oral medication only
- 4. Moderately regulated DM II

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

13

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Use of insulin
- 2. Use of fibrates
- 3. Plasma creatinine >150 umol/l
- 4. Transaminases >2 x upper limit of reference value
- 5. Impaired cardiac function or angina pectoris
- 6. Familial lipid metabolism disorder
- 7. Premenopausal women
- 8. Epilepsy
- 9. Proliferative retinopathy

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2002

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Academic Medical Center

Amsterdam Netherlands 1100 DD

Sponsor information

Organisation

Academic Medical Centre (Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Department of Endocrinology and Metabolism P.O. Box 22660 Amsterdam Netherlands 1100 DD

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/03t4gr691

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Fellowship award from the European Society of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition

Funder Name

Eli Lilly BV (Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2007		Yes	No