

# Analyzing the impact of injecting platelet-rich plasma on molar tooth movement

<b>Submission date</b> 24/03/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 26/03/2024	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 19/09/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The utilization of platelet-rich plasma (PRP) in dentistry has been ongoing for several decades. However, its practical application in orthodontics still demands more thorough examination. The objective of this research was to assess the potential impacts of injecting PRP locally on the speed and nature of movement of mandibular second molars forward compared to a control group.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 17 - 25 years who require lower molar protraction

### What does the study involve?

Patients were randomly chosen to participate in a study where their mouths were divided into two halves. One half received injections of platelet-rich plasma (PRP) before starting the protraction process (PRP group), while the other half received only saline solution (comparator group). To be eligible for the study, patients needed to have their lower first molars removed on both sides for at least a year, and their lower second molars needed to be ready for protraction. The main focus of the study was to measure how quickly the molars moved forward from the beginning of the protraction process until the end of the seventh month, using a digital gauge. Another aspect was to determine the type of movement of the second molars during protraction by examining side-view X-ray images before protraction (T0) and after seven months (TF). The decision about which side received the PRP injection was made randomly by selecting envelopes that were opaque and sealed. While it wasn't possible to keep the principal investigator unaware of the treatment, the patients were kept unaware by injecting saline solution on the other side.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

### Where is the study run from?

University of Aleppo (Syria)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
September 2020 to February 2024

Who is funding the study?  
University of Aleppo (Syria)

Who is the main contact?  
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## Contact information

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Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

**Protocol serial number**

researchregistry9722

## **Study information**

**Scientific Title**

Evaluating the injection of platelet-rich plasma on second lower molars protraction: a randomized controlled clinical trial

**Study objectives**

Injection of PRP accelerates lower molar protraction

**Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

**Ethics approval(s)**

approved 08/03/2020, University of Aleppo Ethics Committee (Dental College, University of Aleppo, Aleppo, -, Syria; -; sr.srd@damascusuniversity.edu.sy), ref: UADS-2401-08032020/SRC-1036

**Study design**

Interventional randomized controlled clinical trial split mouth design

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Patients with bilaterally extracted mandibular first molars

**Interventions**

Patients were randomly allocated in a split-mouth study design to receive PRP injections on one side (PRP group) immediately before the start of protraction, while the other side received only saline solution (comparator group).

20 ml of blood was directly collected by butterfly scalp vein from the patient to sterile tubes with ACD-A as an anticoagulant. One millilitre of the blood sample was set apart to determine the concentration of platelets. PRP was prepared by the double-spin technique as described by Marx and Garg with modifications; initially, the blood was centrifuged at 1600 rpm for 4 minutes to separate the plasma containing the platelets from the red cells. The plasma was drawn off the top and centrifuged for an additional 6 minutes at 3500 rpm to get PRP.

Follow up for 7 months.

**Intervention Type**

Biological/Vaccine

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Platelet-rich plasma

**Primary outcome(s)**

Rate of molar protraction from the beginning of protraction and the end of the seventh month, using a digital gauge

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

Type of movement of second molar protraction by lateral cephalometric images before molar protraction (T0) and after seven months of molar protraction (TF)

**Completion date**

10/02/2024

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged between from 17 and 25 years
2. Have all lower permanent teeth present, including intact third molar, but the bilateral first permanent lower molar were extracted and indicated mandibular second molars protraction, in which extractions were done at least one year ago to ensure complete extraction socket cortication and at most 3 years to avoid severely inclined second lower molars, or severely reduced alveolar bone height and width

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

17 years

**Upper age limit**

25 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

15

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Have undergone previous orthodontic treatment
2. Have poor oral hygiene

3. Systemic disease especially those with coagulation problems or who are being treated with anticoagulants and NSAIDS
4. Unilateral chewing or extra-functional habits.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2020

**Date of final enrolment**

10/01/2022

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Syria

**Study participating centre****Aleppo University**

Shahbaa street

Aleppo

Syria

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## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

University of Aleppo

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03mzvzx96>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

University/education

**Funder Name**

University of Aleppo

**Alternative Name(s)**

Aleppo University, , UOA

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**  
Universities (academic only)

**Location**  
Syria

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**  
The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request  
amerkhatib82@gmail.com

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		08/04/2024	19/09/2025	Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes