

Effects of manual therapy for thoracic muscle pain

Submission date 20/06/2014	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 25/07/2014	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 29/03/2016	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Skeletal muscles (muscles that are under our control, allowing us, for example, to move and maintain our posture) are electrically active, and the signals measured from skeletal muscle cells can be used to detect medical problems. When we are resting, our skeletal muscles are normally electrically inactive, but pain can cause an increase in electrical activity. This activity can be measured using an instrument called an electromyograph. This study will use an electromyograph to find out how well a new spinal manipulation technique developed for relieving pain in thoracic spine muscles (muscles in the middle of your back) performs compared to an established manipulation technique. If the new technique results in greater pain relief than the conventional treatment, the electromyograph will record less electrical activity.

Who can participate?

Participants aged between 18 and 30 with acute or chronic pain in their thoracic spine muscles.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Participants in group 1 undergo the new spinal manipulation technique. Group 2 are treated using the established technique. Pain and tenderness felt by each participant and the electromyography activity of their thoracic spine muscles are measured before treatment begins, immediately after the treatment and a week after treatment.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at registration

Where is the study run from?

Alcalá University (Spain)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2014 to October 2014

Who is funding the study?

Alcalá University (Spain)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Daniel Pecos-Martin
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Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr Daniel Pecos-Martin

Contact details
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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
N/A

Study information

Scientific Title
Manual therapy effects on the electromyographic activity of the thoracic erector spinal muscles

Study objectives
An anterior/posterior articular manipulation technique on the thoracic spine produces better changes in electromyography activity and the pain related with erector spinal muscle.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
Alcalá ethics committee, 3/2/2014, ref. M2013/044/20140131

Study design
Single-blind randomized clinical trial

Primary study design
Interventional

Study type(s)
Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Subjects with localized pain in the thoracic region of the back. Musculoskeletal pain related to activity.

Interventions

1. Experimental group: application of a PA contact mobilization using the T7 vertebra pisiforme about 3 minutes, with 20 seconds interval, with a frequency of 1 to 2 Hz. The mobilization amplitude grade III was applied.
2. Placebo group: application of a PA contact mobilization using the T7 vertebra pisiforme about 3 minutes, with 20 seconds interval, with a frequency of 1 to 2 Hz. The mobilization to a lower grade was applied as described by Maitland

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Electromyography activity of thoracic spine muscles

Key secondary outcome(s)

Pain in thoracic spine muscles

The primary and secondary outcomes will be measured before treatment, immediately after and, finally, a week later.

Instruments used:

1. Pain: VAS
2. Tenderness: Algometry
3. Muscle activity: superficial electromyography

Completion date

01/10/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Acute or chronic pain in the thoracic spine of nonspecific origin
2. Aged 18 to 30 years
3. Body Mass Index (BMI) < 29

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Previous history of surgery
2. Cardiovascular disorders
3. Neurological, musculoskeletal, osteoporosis, tumor, cancer diseases, radicular pain and / or neuropathy

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2014

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre

Universidad de Alcalá

Alcalá de Henares

Spain

28871

Sponsor information

Organisation

Alcalá University (Spain)

ROR

<https://ror.org/04pmn0e78>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Alcalá University (Spain)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2017		Yes	No