Anti-wolbachia treatment of onchocerciasis in an area co-endemic for loiasis

Submission date 12/01/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[_] Pi [_] Pi
Registration date 24/01/2006	Overall study status Completed	[_] St [X] R
Last Edited 21/04/2010	Condition category Infections and Infestations	[] In

Prospectively registered

[] Protocol

[] Statistical analysis plan

[X] Results

[_] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers IC-A4-CT 2002-10051 WP2C

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

WOLBACHFIL

Study objectives

Anti-wolbachia (doxycycline) treatment or anti-wolbachia treatment combined with standard anti-filarial treatment (ivermectin) has superior efficacy compared with standard anti-filarial treatment of onchocerciasis.

Doxycycline is a suitable and efficacious treatment for onchocerciasis in patients co-infected with loiasis

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised double blind placebo controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Onchocerciasis, loiasis

Interventions

200 mg/day oral doxycycline or matching placebo for six weeks 150 mg/kg oral single dose ivermectin or matching placebo for four months post commencement of doxycycline treatment

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Doxycycline, Ivermectin

Primary outcome measure

Sustained amicrofilaridermia in doxycycline or doxycycline and ivermectin-treated patients compared with ivermectin treated-patients assessed by levels of microfilaridermia in skin biopsies at 4, 12 and 21 months

Secondary outcome measures

Macrofilaricidal (curative) effects of doxycycline treatment assessed by ultrasonography, histology and ribonucleic acid (RNA) levels of adult worms in onchocercomas at 21 months

Overall study start date

01/07/2003

Completion date

31/03/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Mean microfilaridermia >10 mf/mg
 Informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 180

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Body weight <40 kg
- 2. Ages <15 or >50
- 3. Patients receiving medication for chronic illness
- 4. Anti-filarial treatment in the last year
- 5. Alcohol or drug abuse
- 6. Abnormal renal or hepatic blood chemistry
- 7. Pregnancy
- 8. Lactation

Date of first enrolment 01/07/2003

Date of final enrolment 31/03/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment Cameroon

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine Liverpool United Kingdom L3 5QA

Sponsor information

Organisation Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine (UK)

Sponsor details Pembroke Place Liverpool England United Kingdom L3 5QA +44 (0)151 7053281 hemingway@liv.ac.uk

Sponsor type University/education

Website http://www.liv.ac.uk/lstm

ROR https://ror.org/03svjbs84

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name European Commission (EC) (Contract IC-A4-CT 2002-10051)

Alternative Name(s)

European Union, Comisión Europea, Europäische Kommission, EU-Kommissionen, Euroopa Komisjoni, Ευρωπαϊκής Επιτροπής, Εвропейската комисия, Evropské komise, Commission européenne, Choimisiúin Eorpaigh, Europskoj komisiji, Commissione europea, La Commissione europea, Eiropas Komisiju, Europos Komisijos, Európai Bizottságról, Europese Commissie, Komisja Europejska, Comissão Europeia, Comisia Europeană, Európskej komisii, Evropski komisiji, Euroopan komission, Europeiska kommissionen, EC, EU

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>	results	13/04/2010		Yes	No