Assessing the impact of escalating fish oil consumption on n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA) content of transport, storage and functional pools

Submission date 21/03/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol
Registration date 28/04/2006	Overall study status Completed	 [] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 17/01/2019	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.mrc-hnr.cam.ac.uk/research/research-sections/diet-population-health/dph-projects /fish-study

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Celia Walker

Contact details

MRC Human Nutrition Research Fulbourn Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB1 9NL +44 (0)1223 426356 celia.walker@mrc-hnr.cam.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N05065/N05066

Study information

Scientific Title

Assessing the impact of escalating fish oil consumption on n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA) content of transport, storage and functional pools: a randomised controlled trial

Acronym

FISH

Study objectives

This two-centre study will determine the effect of long-chain (LC) n-3 PUFA supplementation on the fatty acid (FA) content of plasma phospholipids, triacylglycerols, cholesteryl esters and nonesterified fatty acids, platelets, erythrocytes, leukocytes and adipose tissue. Relationships between FA status of different pools and differences according to age and gender will be determined. The intervention is capsule based, to maximise compliance, but will provide LC n-3 PUFA as 'portions' in doses designed to mimic oily fish consumption in free-living.

Please note that, as of 16/01/2009, the anticipated end date of this trial has been amended from 31/12/2008 to 28/02/2009.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Suffolk Research Ethics Committee (REC), approved on 06/02/2006 (ref: 05/Q0102/181)

Study design Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s) Quality of life

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Impact of fish-oil consumption on the fatty acid content of plasma

Interventions

The five treatment groups are:

1. Control group (n = 42)

Capsules equivalent to 1 portion of oily fish per week (containing approximately 1.8 g eicosapentaenoic acid [EPA] and 1.5 g docosahexaenoic acid [DHA] per week) (n = 42)
 Capsules equivalent to 2 portions of oily fish per week (containing approximately 3.6 g EPA and 3.0 g DHA per week) (n = 42)

4. Capsules equivalent to 2 portions of oily fish per week, taken continuously rather than in a 'portion' (containing approximately 3.6 g EPA and 3.0 g DHA per week) (n = 42)

5. Capsules equivalent to 4 portions of oily fish per week (containing approximately 7.2 g EPA and 6.0 g DHA per week) (n = 42)

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA), docosahexaenoic acid (DHA)

Primary outcome measure

The primary outcome is plasma docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) status, expressed as a percentage of total plasma fatty acids.

The three primary comparisons (on which sample size has been calculated) are:

1. Differences in plasma DHA status between treatment groups (2 portions versus control group) at 12 months

2. Differences in plasma DHA status between treatment groups (4 portions versus 2 portions group) at 12 months

3. Difference in plasma DHA status between age groups (old versus young) at 12 months

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 17/01/2019:

Secondary comparisons will include gender effects, additional age comparisons and withingroup time relationships (i.e. up to 12 months). Additionally, interactions between portions, age, time and gender will be explored.

Secondary outcomes will include DHA status of other fatty acid pools (also expressed as a percentage of the total fatty acid profile); EPA status of fatty acid pools, EPA plus DHA status of fatty acid pools, other fatty acids, adipose tissue lipidome, and plasma markers of inflammation and physiological function including lipid mediators (i.e. oxylipins).

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Secondary comparisons will include gender effects, additional age comparisons and withingroup time relationships. Additionally, interactions between portions, age, time and gender will be explored.

Secondary outcomes will include DHA status of other fatty acid pools (also expressed as a percentage of the total fatty acid profile).

Overall study start date

01/05/2006

Completion date

28/02/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Men and women, aged 20-80 years with a body mass index (BMI) in the range 18-35 kg/m2 will be recruited to the study.

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 20 Years

Upper age limit 80 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants

210

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known diagnosis of diabetes, cancer, cardiovascular disease or other chronic clinical conditions

- 2. Untreated hypertension
- 3. Concomitant prescription of anticoagulants, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS), aspirin, steroids or immunosuppressants
- 4. Following a special diet, including vegetarians
- 5. Allergies or intolerance to fish
- 6. Consumption of oily fish more than once a month
- 7. Smokers
- 8. History of substance abuse or alcoholism
- 9. Pregnant, <1 year post partum or currently planning pregnancy
- 10. Recent weight change (>2 kg in past 1 month)

11. Planning to change dietary habits, increase physical activity, change body weight, move away from the study centre locality or take a lengthy vacation during the time of the study

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2006

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre MRC Human Nutrition Research Cambridge United Kingdom CB1 9NL

Sponsor information

Organisation MRC Human Nutrition Research (UK)

Sponsor details Elsie Widdowson Laboratory Fulbourn Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB1 9NL

Sponsor type Research council

ROR https://ror.org/050pqs331

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name Food Standards Agency (UK) (ref: N05065/N05066)

Alternative Name(s) The Food Standards Agency, FSA **Funding Body Type** Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype Other non-profit organizations

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
<u>Results</u> article	lipid pool results	01/10 /2012		Yes	No
<u>Results</u> article	results on effects of sex and age	01/02 /2014		Yes	No
<u>Results</u> article	blood cell and plasma results	01/05 /2014		Yes	No
<u>Results</u> article	results on differences in FA distribution between blood cells and plasma	03/08 /2015		Yes	No
<u>Results</u> article	results on use of plasma NEFA as a biomarker	14/09 /2015		Yes	No
<u>Results</u> article	lipidomics analysis results	01/09 /2017		Yes	No