

FDG-PET/CT alters treatment in node-positive penile cancer

Submission date 23/05/2023	Recruitment status Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 29/06/2023	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 01/08/2025	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Screening for metastases (cancer that has spread) with a CT scan of the thorax and abdomen has a limited sensitivity (20-38%). The added value of investigating patients at risk for locoregional (localized region of the body) and distant spread, as well as screening for synchronous malignancies, is not known. However, for pelvis lymph nodes higher sensitivity has been reported for PET/CT in penile cancer. Findings also suggest that the fluorodeoxyglucose positron emission tomography/computed tomography (FDG-PET/CT) scan and sentinel node biopsy might have a complementary value. The aim of this study is to find out whether FDG-PET/CT has practical implications in the care of patients with advanced penile cancer and nodal metastases and alters treatment compared to ordinary staging with a CT scan.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over with node-positive penile cancer in Sweden

What does the study involve?

Participants undergo FDG-PET/CT to investigate the proportion of patients subjected to altered treatment based on the FDG-PET/CT findings.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Based on additional information on the extent of the disease, treatment could be altered according to additional information gained by FDG-PET/CT. Risks include additional confirmatory studies and tissue samples that might be necessary in relation to the FDG-PET/CT findings, and consequently a prolonged time to treatment start.

Where is the study run from?

Skåne University Hospital (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

December 2019 to March 2029

Who is funding the study?

Skåne University Hospital (Sweden)

Who is the main contact?
Fredrik Liedberg, fredrik.liedberg@med.lu.se

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal investigator

Contact name

Prof Fredrik Liedberg

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

NoDe-pOsitive penile cancer and FDG-PET/CT – does PET modify treatment? (DO PET)

Acronym

DO PET

Study objectives

Fluorodeoxyglucose positron emission tomography/computed tomography (FDG-PET/CT) in patients with advanced penile cancer with nodal metastases alters treatment compared to ordinary staging with CT.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 21/02/2020, Etikprövningsmyndigheten (Box 2110, SE750 02 Uppsala, Sweden; +46 (0) 10 457 08 00; registrator@etikprovning.se), ref: Dnr 2019-04456 and 2020-02375

Study design

Prospective multicenter trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Penile cancer

Interventions

The researchers prospectively apply FDG-PET/CT in all penile cancer patients with node-positive disease to investigate the proportion of patients subjected to altered treatment based on the FDG-PET/CT findings.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

FDG-PET/CT

Primary outcome(s)

Altered treatment according to FDG-PET/CT findings, measured using FDG-PET/CT discussions at multidisciplinary team (MDT) prior to planning definitive treatment

Key secondary outcome(s)

Sensitivity for detection of iliac lymph node metastases, measured using FDG-PET/CT discussions at multidisciplinary team (MDT) prior to planning definitive treatment

Completion date

01/03/2029

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Node-positive penile cancer (cN+ or cN3 after sentinel node biopsy)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

Age below 18 years

Date of first enrolment

27/02/2020

Date of final enrolment

01/03/2029

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Sweden

Study participating centre**Skåne University Hospital**

Department of Urology

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Study participating centre**Örebro University Hospital, Örebro**

Department of Urology

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Skåne University Hospital

ROR

<https://ror.org/02z31g829>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Skånes universitetssjukhus

Alternative Name(s)

Skåne University Hospital, SUS

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

Sweden

Results and Publications**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available