

# Abdominal versus vaginal surgery in the management of post hysterectomy vault prolapse: a randomised controlled study

<b>Submission date</b> 30/09/2005	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 30/09/2005	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 18/10/2017	<b>Condition category</b> Urological and Genital Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Stuart Stanton

### Contact details

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London  
United Kingdom  
SW17 0QT

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

### Secondary identifying numbers

N0236102638

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Abdominal versus vaginal surgery in the management of post hysterectomy vault prolapse: a randomised controlled study

## Study objectives

To determine the advantages and disadvantages of an abdominal or vaginal approach to correct vault prolapse/enterocele by conducting a prospective randomised controlled pilot trial comparing the abdominal sacrocolpopexy with mesh interposition and the vaginal bilateral iliococcygeal hitch

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Not Specified

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Urological and Genital Diseases: Prolapse

## Interventions

Randomised controlled trial

## Intervention Type

Other

## Phase

Not Specified

**Primary outcome measure**

Primary end point is the incidence of recurrence (Grade 2 prolapse) at 12 months post op.

**Secondary outcome measures**

Not provided at time of registration

**Overall study start date**

01/09/2001

**Completion date**

30/09/2005

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

20 in total, 10 controls

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Female

**Target number of participants**

20

**Key exclusion criteria**

Uterus insitu, severe chronic medical illnesses, clotting or bleeding disorders, asymptomatic prolapse, morbid obesity.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2001

**Date of final enrolment**

30/09/2005

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**Gynaecology Department**  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW17 0QT

## **Sponsor information**

### **Organisation**

Department of Health

### **Sponsor details**

Richmond House  
79 Whitehall  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW1A 2NL  
+44 (0)20 7307 2622  
dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

### **Sponsor type**

Government

### **Website**

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

## **Funder(s)**

### **Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

### **Funder Name**

St George's Healthcare NHS Trust (UK) No External Funding

### **Funder Name**

NHS R&D Support Funding (UK)

## **Results and Publications**

### **Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration