CHU-SARI study: Role of respiratory viruses in adult hospitalizations for severe acute respiratory infections (SARI)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
20/01/2014	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
21/02/2014	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category Infections and Infestations	Individual participant data
27/02/2014		Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Winter hospitalizations for severe acute respiratory infections (SARI) due to an influenza virus have been assessed at University Hospital CHU Mont-Godinne since the 2009 influenza A/H1N1 pandemic wave. All patients presenting to the Emergency Department (ED) are screened according to a SARI case definition. Nasopharyngeal swabs are collected to test for influenza. Recent studies have focused on the role of other respiratory viruses as a cause of illness and death during the winter months. The aims of the study are to assess the impact of influenza and other respiratory viruses during the 2013-2014 winter season, along with the use of internal diagnostic methods in virology.

Who can participate?

Adult patients matching with the SARI case definition (fever > 38°C or history of fever associated with cough and/or dyspnea (shortness of breath), and requiring hospitalization for more than 24 h), who consent for nasopharyngeal swabbing.

What does the study involve?

SARI patients will be screened at admission. Nasopharyngeal swabbing is considered as routine practice for SARI patients hospitalized at CHU Mont-Godinne. Infection control measures (transmission-based precautions) are applied as recommended for suspected or documented respiratory viral pathogens. Medical management of patients follows recommendations regarding antiviral treatment for influenza infection, and eventual antibiotic therapy adaptation.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits for the patients are the possible initiation of an antiviral treatment for documented influenza infection, and the possible adaptation of antibiotic therapy in case of viral documented infection (influenza and/or another respiratory virus). There are no risks for patients included in the study, as nasopharyngeal swabbing is a non-invasive procedure, and all the medical interventions carried out are same as that performed in standard practice.

Where is the study run from? University Hospital Mont-Godinne at Yvoir (Belgium).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? Recruitment started in November 2013 and study will run until April 2014. Participants will be enrolled on the study up to the end of winter period, 2014.

Who is funding the study?
Mont-Godinne Foundation, Belgium.

Who is the main contact?
Professor Bénédicte Delaere
Mr Marc Bourgeois, marc.bourgeois@uclouvain.be

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Bénédicte Delaere

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

A descriptive observational cohort study to determine the role of respiratory viruses in adult hospitalizations for severe acute respiratory infections (SARI)

Acronym

CHU-SARI

Study objectives

It is hypothesized that winter hospitalizations for acute respiratory infections related to viral pathogens are underestimated. Influenza can lead to severe acute infection, but other respiratory viruses may also contribute to morbidity and mortality, especially in adult patients with risk factors.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

CHU Mont-Godinne Ethics Committee, 14/11/2013, ref. BUN 039201318786

Study design

Descriptive observational cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Screening

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please contact marc.bourgeois@uclouvain.be to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Infectious diseases/Respiratory viruses/Epidemiology

Interventions

Screening of SARI patients at admission Nasopharyngeal swabbing Multiplex rt-PCR for respiratory viruses Collection and analysis of clinical and epidemiological data

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Patients positive for at least one respiratory virus
- 2. Patients with risk factors

All outcomes measured by prospective and retrospective review of electronic medical charts of enrolled patients (date of admission as baseline, date of discharge, and date of medical hospitalization report completed).

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Viral co-infections with two or more respiratory viruses
- 2. Bacterial co-infections
- 3. Epidemiology, clinical course and outcome (risk factors, length of stay, complications, intensive care admission, death)
- 4. Instauration of antiviral treatment following virological diagnosis
- 5. Adaptation of antibiotic treatment following virological diagnosis

Overall study start date

15/11/2013

Completion date

15/04/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adult (aged above 16 years)
- 2. New admission and within 7 days of admission
- 3. Fever > 38 or history of fever, cough and/or dyspnea
- 4. Requiring hospitalization for over 24h
- 5. Oral consent for nasopharyngeal swabbing

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

250

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients under 16 years of age
- 2. Patients already hospitalized and developing a SARI

Date of first enrolment

15/11/2013

Date of final enrolment

15/04/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Belgium

Study participating centre CHU Mont-Godinne (Catholic University of Louvain)

Yvoir Belgium 5530

Sponsor information

Organisation

Mont-Godinne Foundation (Belgium)

Sponsor details

CHU Mont-Godinne (Catholic University of Louvain, Belgium) Av Dr G. Therasse, 1 Yvoir Belgium 5530

Sponsor type

Charity

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Mont-Godinne Foundation (Belgium) (CHU Mont-Godinne, Catholic University of Louvain) (Belgium)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration