# Relating results from ultrasounds of the hip and spine to X-ray scans for measuring bone health

Submission date 10/02/2020	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	
<b>Registration date</b> 02/03/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	
Last Edited 06/12/2022	<b>Condition category</b> Musculoskeletal Diseases	

[] Prospectively registered

[X] Protocol

[] Statistical analysis plan

[X] Results

[] Individual participant data

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Ultrasound of the lumbar spine and proximal femur can be used to assess bone mass and quality. The aim of the study is to test how acceptable the ultrasound is to patients, and how easy the tests are to perform, and to compare ultrasound with the results of conventional DXA (the gold standard test for osteoporosis).

Who can participate? Patients aged 30 to 80 attending for a DXA scan as part of routine clinical care

What does the study involve?

Having an ultrasound of the hip and lower back at the same time as participants attend for a DXA scan requested by their doctor.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants will help researchers understand whether the tool being tested (ultrasound) works as well as the currently used test – DXA – in identifying people with osteoporosis. This is helpful as DXA scanners are not available everywhere, and ultrasound scanners may be more affordable and accessible. There are no risks associated with this study.

Where is the study run from? University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2017 to December 2021 (updated 01/12/2020, previously: December 2020)

Who is funding the study? National Research Council of Italy

Who is the main contact? Dr Elaine Dennison emd@mrc.soton.ac.uk

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Dr Elaine Dennison

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** Nil known

IRAS number 230385

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers CPMS 38414, IRAS 230385

# Study information

**Scientific Title** ECHographic technologies for bone fracture risk assessments and better OSteoporosis diagnoses (ECHOS)

Acronym ECHOS

#### **Study objectives**

This application seeks permission to measure ultrasound of the lumbar spine and proximal femur to assess bone mass and quality and compare it to dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) measurements obtained at the same time and as part of usual clinical care in those

participants who give consent. The aim of the study is to test how acceptable the ultrasound is to patients, and how easy the tests are to perform, and to compare results of conventional DXA (the gold standard test for osteoporosis) with ultrasound.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 29/06/2018, West of Scotland REC 4 (Research Ethics Clinical Research and Development, West Glasgow Ambulatory Care Hospital, Dalnair Street, Glasgow G3 8SJ, UK (Formerly Yorkhill Childrens Hospital); Tel: +44 (0)141 232 1808; Email: WoSREC4@ggc.scot.nhs. uk), REC ref: 18/WS/0102

#### Study design

Non-randomised; Interventional; Design type: Diagnosis, Imaging

**Primary study design** Interventional

Secondary study design Non randomised study

Study setting(s) Hospital

**Study type(s)** Diagnostic

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Osteoporosis

#### Interventions

All patients who are referred to the Osteoporosis centre for DXA testing at Southampton General Hospital will be considered for this study. An information sheet will be sent out with their appointment letter, detailing the study. Those patients who agree will have ultrasound scans performed at the same time as their DXA scan. This is expected to take about 5-10 minutes in total.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

The assessment of correlation degree and diagnostic agreement between the new ultrasound method for osteoporosis diagnosis and DXA outcome, collected at a single timepoint

#### Secondary outcome measures

There are no secondary outcome measures

# Overall study start date

01/07/2017

### Completion date

31/12/2021

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Attending for DXA scan as part of routine clinical care
- 2. Both women and men
- 3. All ethnicities
- 4. Age range from 30 to 80 years
- 5. Body mass index (BMI) < 40 kg/m2
- 6. Absence of significant walking impairment
- 7. Medical prescription for a spinal and/or femoral DXA
- 8. Signed informed consent

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### **Target number of participants** Planned Sample Size: 5000; UK Sample Size: 1000

#### Total final enrolment

4307

#### Key exclusion criteria

1. Must be able to understand information sheet and give informed consent

2. Significant walking impairment

3. BMI > 40 kg/m2

## Date of first enrolment

18/12/2018

# Date of final enrolment 31/12/2021

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England United Kingdom

Study participating centre University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust Mailpoint 18 Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust

Sponsor details c/o Shauna Marshall Mailpoint 18 Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton England United Kingdom SO16 6YD +44 (0)2381208689 shauna.marshall@uhs.nhs.uk

**Sponsor type** Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.uhs.nhs.uk/home.aspx

ROR https://ror.org/0485axj58

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Government

#### Funder Name

National Research Council of Italy

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. Peer-reviewed scientific journals
- 2. Conference presentation

#### Intention to publish date

31/12/2022

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

#### Study outputs

Output type				reviewed?	Patient- facing?	
<u>Protocol</u> <u>file</u>	version 1	01/04 /2022	24/08 /2022	No	No	
<u>Results</u> article	primary regults to accors the diagnostic accuracy of Dadiofrequency	24/12 /2022			No	
<u>HRA</u> <u>research</u> summary			28/06 /2023	No	No	