Validation of the Korean Confusion Assessment Method for the Intensive Care Unit (CAM-ICU)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
14/10/2009		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
26/10/2009	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
29/12/2020	Other			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Translation and validation of the Korean version of the Confusion Assessment Method for the Intensive Care Unit: a prospective observational cohort study

Study objectives

The Confusion Assessment Method for the Intensive Care Unit (CAM-ICU), which originated in the United States of America could be used in a Korean ICU setting.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Seoul National University Hospital Institutional Review Board approved on the 10th June 2008 (ref: 0803-058-239)

Study design

Prospective observational cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Critical condition requiring entry to ICU

Interventions

Two nurses independently assessed delirium in ICU patients and the results were compared with the reference evaluation, which was carried out by a psychiatrist using the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th Edition (DSM-IV).

Assessment of delirium was performed three times a week and continued until the enrolled patients left the medical ICU. All the assessments were done between three and seven o'clock in the afternoon to avoid any bias from changes in patients' condition.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Measured after collection of all data:

- 1. Sensitivity
- 2. Specificity
- 3. Interrater reliability of the Korean CAM-ICU

Secondary outcome measures

The ratio of delirium development, measured after collection of all data

Overall study start date

01/07/2008

Completion date

31/03/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged over 18 years, either sex
- 2. Admitted to medical ICU at Seoul National University Hospital for longer than 24 hours

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

63

Total final enrolment

22

Key exclusion criteria

Comatose or moribund state throughout the study period

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2008

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Korea, South

Study participating centre
Department of Internal Medicine
Seoul
Korea, South
110-744

Sponsor information

Organisation

Seoul National University Hospital (South Korea)

Sponsor details

101 Daehang-no Jongno-gu Seoul Korea, South 110-744

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://medicine0.snu.ac.kr/eng/se11_ho/se11_ho_a/se11_ho_a.jsp

ROR

https://ror.org/01z4nnt86

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Seoul National University Hospital (South Korea)

Alternative Name(s)

SNUH

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Local government

Location

Korea, South

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/05/2011	29/12/2020	Yes	No