

A study of the efficacy of a combination of chlorambucil and lomustine and etoposide (CLE 56) for absolute refractory prostate cancer

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| Submission date 12/09/2003 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol |
| Registration date 12/09/2003 | Overall study status Completed | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results |
| Last Edited 05/10/2012 | Condition category Cancer | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data |

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/a-phase-2-trial-of-lomustine-and-chlorambucil-in-prostate-cancer-which-is-no-longer-responding-to-hormone-treatment>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N0020121021

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Does a combination of lomustine, chlorambucil and etoposide improve the response rate and re-exposure to hormone therapy following failure of chemotherapy will be formally assessed with re-introduction of hormones sequentially following the failure of chemotherapy.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prostate cancer

Interventions

Chlorambucil, lomustine and etoposide (CLE 56). If one response is seen amongst the first 14 patients the target will be increased to 23. If one or more response is seen, consideration will be given to increasing numbers to 40.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Chlorambucil, lomustine, etoposide (CLE 56)

Primary outcome(s)

1. To establish response rates and time to treatment failure of the regime CLE 56
2. To assess quality of life (QOL)
3. To establish effect on survival
4. To establish whether a hormone-free interval during chemotherapy leads to re-induction of endocrine therapy

Key secondary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

31/12/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2003

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Cancer Services

Romford, Essex

United Kingdom

RM3 0BE

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Barking, Havering and Redbridge Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | Results | 17/01/2005 | | Yes | No |