

# The treatment of fresh scaphoid fractures with Pulsed Electromagnetic Fields (PEMF)

**Submission date**  
20/12/2005

**Recruitment status**  
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

**Registration date**  
20/12/2005

**Overall study status**  
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

**Last Edited**  
15/07/2021

**Condition category**  
Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning

☐ Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
N/A

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

The treatment of fresh scaphoid fractures with Pulsed Electromagnetic Fields (PEMF)

**Study objectives**

The addition of PEMF to cast immobilisation in fresh scaphoid fractures will accelerate consolidation both clinically and radiologically. Possibly the incidence of non-union will be reduced.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

**Study design**

Multicentre, randomised, double blind, placebo controlled, parallel group trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)**

Not specified

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Participant information sheet****Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Scaphoid fractures

**Interventions**

All patients suspected of having a fresh scaphoid fracture will be treated with cast immobilisation. Scaphoid fracture is diagnosed by a combination of physical and radiographic examination. If no apparent fracture line is seen on the initial X-rays, a Technetium scan will be performed (3 - 6 days after injury) to confirm the diagnosis. The PEMF device (supplied by commercial support) will be placed on the cast within one week and will be applied for 24 hours a day continuously. The cast will be a lower arm cast with the first metacarpal bone immobilised. Since the position of the thumb and the hand have no adverse effect on the displacement of the fracture or its consolidation, this neutral plaster is chosen.

Half of the PEMF devices will be disabled at random in the factory. These disabled devices will give outward signs of normal function but will not generate a signal. The investigators will be unaware of the devices functionality. At study completion, device serial numbers will be used to determine which patients received a working device.

Follow up will take place at four, six, twelve and twenty-four weeks after diagnosis of the fractured scaphoid. When the fracture has both clinically and radiologically consolidated the

plaster will be removed. If the fracture has not consolidated; a new plaster will be made. Only patients who need immobilisation of the fracture (not consolidated fractures) will have a PEMF device on them, for in clinically and radiographically consolidated patients there is no need for further treatment. If consolidation was established before, it can be checked at later follow up dates if that conclusion wasnt premature. If the fracture is not consolidated after twelve weeks, at physical or radiographic examination, yet the patient has no pain the treatment is finished. If the patient has got pain, he will get a removable splint. All tests will be compared with the opposite unaffected side. In addition to the physical and radiographic examination, patients will be required to fill in two questionnaires:

1. 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36)
2. The McGill Pain Questionnaire (multidimensional description of the patients feelings of pain)

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Phase**

Not Specified

### **Primary outcome measure**

Consolidation of the fracture; at 4, 6, 12 and 24 weeks after inclusion the patients will be examined (both radiologically and physically) and will be asked to fill in the questionnaires.

### **Secondary outcome measures**

No secondary outcome measures

### **Overall study start date**

01/09/2005

### **Completion date**

01/09/2007

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Unilateral fresh scaphoid fracture
2. Fracture types: A1, A2, A3, B1, B3 (Herbert Classification)

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Not Specified

### **Sex**

Not Specified

### **Target number of participants**

230

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Pregnancy
2. Presence of life supporting implanted electronical device
3. Fracture of distal radius/ulna, the carpals or metacarpal bones
4. Pre-existing impairment in wrist motion

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2005

**Date of final enrolment**

01/09/2007

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

**Veemarkt 129**

Nijmegen

Netherlands

6511 ZD

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Innovative Medical Devices (IMD) B.V. (The Netherlands)

**Sponsor details**

P.O. Box 153

Amsterdam

Netherlands

5400 AD Uden

**Sponsor type**

Industry

**Website**

<http://www.imd-eur.com/index.asp>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Not defined

**Funder Name**

Not provided at time of registration

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		01/10/2012	15/07/2021	Yes	No