# Biochemical effects of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) adsorber treatment during cardiac surgery using cardio-pulmonary bypass

| Submission date   | Recruitment status   | <ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul> |  |  |
|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 02/04/2008        | No longer recruiting | ☐ Protocol                                 |  |  |
| Registration date | Overall study status | Statistical analysis plan                  |  |  |
| 22/04/2008        | Completed            | [X] Results                                |  |  |
| Last Edited       | Condition category   | Individual participant data                |  |  |
| 25/05/2010        | Surgery              |  |  |  |

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Alain Vuylsteke

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number PO1192

# Study information

Scientific Title

#### Study objectives

Endotoxin is known to enter the blood stream during cardiac surgery using cardio-pulmonary bypass (CPB), with values peaking during reperfusion. The increase in endotoxin levels is probably caused by gut translocation due to the increased capillary permeability seen during bypass.

Endotoxins are pathogenic triggers for the production of various inflammatory mediators. Raised endotoxin levels therefore increase the risk for postoperative inflammatory complications (sepsis/ Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome [SIRS]) and prolonged postoperative recovery.

The Alteco® LPS Adsorber (Alteco Medical AB Lund, Sweden) is an endotoxin adsorption device which has been successfully used in animal studies. It is a CE marked (CE 0088) disposable medical device designed for extracorporeal use. This descriptive study will assess the biochemical effects of Alteco® LPS Adsorber treatment during cardiac surgery using CPB.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Cambridgeshire 1 Research Ethics Committee, approved on 20/06/2007 (ref: 07/Q0104/49)

#### Study design

Prospective, randomised, descriptive, single-centre study.

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Postoperative inflammatory complications due to raised endotoxin levels.

#### **Interventions**

All patients will undergo cardiac surgery using CPB according to clinical routines. In patients randomised to the adsorber treatment, Alteco® LPS Adsorber will be incorporated in the CPB circuit during the whole procedure.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Endotoxin (lipopolysaccharide [LPS])
- 2. Interleukin-1 (IL1), IL4, IL6, IL8 and IL10
- 3. Tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-alpha

The above are assessed at the following timepoints:

t0: After anaesthesia before CPB

t60: 60 minutes after the start of CPB t180: 180 minutes after the start of CPB t360: 360 minutes after the start of CPB

tPOST: 24 hours after the start of CPB (+/- 1 hour)

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. White blood cells (WBC)
- 2. Red blood cells (RBC)
- 3. Haemoglobin (Hb)
- 4. Hematocrit (HCT)
- 5. Platelet count,
- 6. C-reactive protein (CRP)
- 7. Complement activation
- 8. Creatinine
- 9. Blood alucose levels
- 10. Lactate
- 11. Thromboelastography (TEG®)
- 12. Record of mixed venous oxygen saturation (SvO2) during CPB
- 13. Length of intensive care unit (ICU) stay
- 14. Adverse events (AEs), recorded untill time point tPOST (with a follow-up made to R&D if continue longer than tPOST)

Timepoints of assessment for outcomes 1-12 above:

t0: After anaesthesia before CPB

t60: 60 minutes after the start of CPB (except CRP, creatinine and TEG®)

t180: 180 minutes after the start of CPB (except CRP, creatinine and TEG®)

t360: 360 minutes after the start of CPB

tPOST: 24 hours after the start of CPB (+/- 1 hour)

#### Completion date

30/05/2008

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age >18 years, both male and female
- 2. Patients scheduled for elective complex combined cardiac surgery using CPB
- 3. Patients scheduled to have cardiac surgery with estimated CPB time in excess of 60 minutes
- 4. Informed consent

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Planned hypothermia (core temperature <28°C) during surgery
- 2. Use of steroids in last six months
- 3. Undergoing immunosuppressive therapy
- 4. Anaemia (preoperative haemoglobin <10 g/dL)
- 5. Haematological malignancy
- 6. Disease of the immune system
- 7. Female patients of childbearing age
- 8. Participation in another clinical trial

## Date of first enrolment

10/09/2007

#### Date of final enrolment

30/05/2008

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

## Study participating centre Department of Anaesthesia

Cambridge United Kingdom CB23 3RE

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Papworth Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01qbebb31

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

Alteco Medical AB (Sweden)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

| Output type     | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 01/07/2010   |            | Yes            | No              |