Effects of Galileo® vibration exercise in addition to care-related exercise according to the Viv-Arte® nursing conception on motor control, motor function, motor action and muscular strength in patients with chemotherapy-related polyneuropathy [Auswirkungen des Galileo®-Vibrationstrainings als Zusatz zum pflegerischen Trainingskonzept des VivArte® Modells auf Bewegungssteuerung, Alltagsbewegungen, Alltagshandlungen und Muskelkraft bei Chemotherapie-Induzierter Polyneuropathie]

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
25/08/2010		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
06/09/2010		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
15/02/2017	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocolNot provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)Scientific

Contact nameDr Richard Schlenk

Contact details

University Ulm Medical School Department of Internal Medicine III Ulm Germany 89081

richard.schlenk@uniklinik-ulm.de

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Michael Brach

Contact details

Institute of Sport Science University of Muenster

Germany

-

michael.brach@uni-muenster.de

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Eva-Maria Panfil

Contact details

Institute of Applied Nursing Sciences St. Gallen University of Applied Sciences

Switzerland

-

evamaria.panfil@fhsg.ch

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Jörn Rittweger

Contact details

Institute for Biomedical Research into Human Movement and Health Manchester Metropolitan University

United Kingdom

_

j.rittweger@mmu.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

PI-PNP-_01_10 (sponsor), DJCLS R 09/22 (funder)

Study information

Scientific Title

Effects of whole-body vibration exercise in addition to care-related exercise according to the Viv-Arte® nursing conception on motor control, motor function and muscular strength: a randomised controlled trial in chemotherapy-related polyneuropathy

Study objectives

Based on a further development of kinesthetic nursing, Viv-Arte® Training conception (VAT) includes

- 1. Manual therapy
- 2. Gymnastic exercise
- 3. Functional training

Whole-body vibration has proved to help persons who are bedridden or otherwise unable to exercise, maintaining muscular strength needed for activities of daily living. It is hypothised, that patients suffering from chemotherapy-related polyneuropathy could also benefit from whole-body vibration exercise, when added to VAT. Therefore, the trial at hand compares randomised groups treated with VAT versus VAT + whole-body vibration.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

University of Ulm (Germany) Ethics Board, 25/05/2010, ref: 27/10 UBB/bal

Study design

Open-label single-centre randomised active controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Polyneuropathies, secondary to haematologic neoplasms and chemotherapy

Interventions

Control group and experimental group:

15 sessions (two per week) of 60 minutes each, containing VAT manual therapy and functional training. The latter will be skipped for patients who are not reliant upon personal assistance for mobility tasks (according to MOTPA, see secondary outcome measurements). Gymnastic

exercise is instructed individually during the session, but should be conducted between sessions. Patients receive a diary and a pedometer for documentation of exercise including walking.

Experimental group only:

In each session, whole-body vibration exercise is integrated after manual therapy. Using a Galileo® training platform, a side-alternating motion similar to a seesaw movement is applied. Amplitude and frequency are variable and will be individually adjusted.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Chair Rising Test (5 times standing up from a chair) at baseline, 8th exercise session, 15th (last) exercise session, and 4 weeks after last exercise session

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Bipedal jump test and balance test using a force plate (Leonardo® Mechanography) at baseline, 15th (last) exercise session, and 4 weeks after last exercise session
- 2. Functional mobility measured using motor tests including the Timed up and go test (TUG) and the Mobility test for patients in acute care (MOTPA) at baseline and 15th (last) exercise session
- 3. Quality of life, measured using the EORTC Quality of Life Core Questionnaire (QLQ-C30), Version 3.0, at baseline, 15th (last) exercise session, and 4 weeks after last exercise session
- 4. Neurotoxicity, measured using the FACT/GOG Ntx (Funktional Assessment of Cancer Therapy /Gynecologie Onkcology Group Neurotoxity) at baseline, 8th exercise session, 15th (last) exercise session, and 4 weeks after last exercise session
- 5. Paresthesia, measured using the Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) at baseline, 15th (last) exercise session, and 4 weeks after last exercise session
- 6. Sensory function, measured at baseline and 15th (last) exercise session, using a standardized quantitative sensory testing (QST) battery:
- 6.1. Thermal detection threshold, using a computer controlled thermode
- 6.2. Tactile detection threshold, using von-Frey hairs
- 6.3. Mechanical pain threshold/sensitivity for pinprick and for light touch, including wind-up (series) sensitivity
- 6.4. Vibration detection threshold, using a tuning fork
- 6.5. Pressure pain threshold, using a pressure algometer
- 7. In order to estimate velocity of nerve conduction as well as sensory and motor evoked potentials (SNAP, MEP), additional electrophysiological measurements will be taken on the discretion of the neurologist

Completion date

30/06/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged between 18 and 70 years
- 2. Polyneuropathy diagnosed (MeSH D011115)
- 3. Ongoing or finished chemotherapy due to hematologic neoplasms (MeSH D019337)

- 4. Contiguity between polyneuropathy and chemotherapy supposable
- 5. Chair Rising Test with pathological score (> 10 s)
- 6. Informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Blood coagulation disorder
- 2. Infection beyond control
- 3. Thrombosis within 6 months before the trial
- 4. Severe neurological or psychiatric disorder, which might impair the validity of informed consent or the compliance with trial interventions
- 5. Epilepsy
- 6. Pregnacy

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2010

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre University Ulm Medical School

Ulm Germany 89081

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Ulm Medical School (Germany)

ROR

https://ror.org/032000t02

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

German Jose Carrera Leukaemia Foundation (Deutsche José Carrera Leukaemie Stiftung e.V.) (Germany) - (DJCLS R 09/22)

Funder Name

NOVOTEC Medical GmbH (Germany)

Funder Name

Viv-Arte® Bewegungsschule (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created D	ate added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	07/02/2017		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 1	1/11/2025	No	Yes