# Combination therapy using pegylated interferon alfa-2a and ribavirin in patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection 3 to 120 months after liver transplantation

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
05/08/2005	No longer recruiting	[_] Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
09/09/2005	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
07/11/2008	Infections and Infestations	[] Record updated in last year

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Michael P Manns

#### **Contact details**

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers MHH-GHE- 3298

## Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym GIHALT Study

#### Study objectives

Currently, only retrospective reports on the use of pegylated interferon and ribavirin after liver transplantation are available. The study aims to evaluate efficacy and safety of this approach in a prospective, controlled, multi-center protocol.

Please note that, as of 05/11/2008, the end date of this trial has been updated from 31/12/2008 to 23/09/2008.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

The study was approved by the Ethics Committee of the Hannover Medical School (Ethik-Kommission der Medizinische Hochschule Hannover) on the 6th of November 2003 (ref: 3298)

**Study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

**Study type(s)** Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Hepatitis C reinfection after liver transplantation

#### Interventions

Administration of pegylated interferon alfa-2a plus ribavirin versus no therapy.

#### Intervention Type

#### Drug

**Phase** Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Pegylated interferon alfa-2a and ribavirin

#### Primary outcome measure

Sustained viral clearance (HCV RNA negative, 24 weeks after the end of treatment).

#### Secondary outcome measures

1. Biochemical response (normal alanine aminotransferase [ALT], 24 weeks after the end of treatment)

2. On treatment virological response (HCV RNA negative after 12, 24, 48 weeks)

3. On treatment biochemical response (ALT normal after 12, 24, 48 weeks)

4. Histological response (24 weeks after the end of treatment)

#### Overall study start date

01/05/2004

#### **Completion date**

23/09/2008

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Males, females above the age of 18
- 2. HCV reinfection after liver transplantation
- 3. 3 to 120 months after liver transplantation
- 4. Histology showing hepatitis
- 5. Negative pregnancy test
- 6. Willingness to give written informed consent

**Participant type(s)** Patient

**Age group** Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Years

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 75

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Histology showing acute or chronic rejection
- 2. Hypersensivity to ribavirin, interferon
- 3. HCV-positive donor
- 4. Pretreatment with pegylated interferon plus/minus ribavirin
- 5. Pretreatment with interferon plus ribavirin
- 6. Pregnancy
- 7. Active cytomegalovirus (CMV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis A virus (HAV) infection
- 8. Liver cirrhosis, Child Pugh stages B or C
- 9. Alpha fetoprotein >100 ng/m
- 10. Bilirubin >3.0 mg/d
- 11. Creatinine clearance <40 ml/min
- 12. Hemoglobin <10 g/dl (females), <11 g/dl (males)
- 13. Hepatocellular carcinoma within 2 months prior to randomization
- 14. Neutrophils <1500/µl
- 15. Leukozytes >11,000/µl
- 16. Platelets <75,000/µl
- 17. Patients at special risk for anemia
- 18. Patients at special risk for complications induced by anemia
- 19. Autoimmune disease
- 20. Functionally relevant chronic lung disease
- 21. Severe cardiovascular disease
- 22. Psychiatric disease, especially depression
- 23. Epilepsy
- 24. Carcinoma
- 25. Difficult to treat thyroid disease
- 26. Retinopathy
- 27. Difficult to treat diabetes mellitus
- 28. Active drug abuse, including alcohol abuse

#### Date of first enrolment

01/05/2004

Date of final enrolment

23/09/2008

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Germany

**Study participating centre Medizinische Hochschule Hannover** Hannover Germany 30625

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** Hannover Medical School (Medizinische Hochschule Hannover) (Germany)

**Sponsor details** Dept. for Gstroenterology, Hepatology, and Endocrinology Carl-Neuberg-Str. 1 Hannover Germany 30625

**Sponsor type** University/education

**Website** http://www.mh-hannover.de/index.php?id=2&L=1

ROR https://ror.org/00f2yqf98

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** University/education

**Funder Name** Hannover Medical School (Medizinische Hochschule Hannover) (Germany)

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### **IPD sharing plan summary** Not provided at time of registration