A double-blind placebo-controlled study on the effect of cerivastatin on the process of atherosclerosis in non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus

Submission date 20/12/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 20/12/2005	Overall study status Completed	 [] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 09/11/2022	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

n/a

Study information

Scientific Title

A double-blind placebo-controlled study on the effect of cerivastatin on the process of atherosclerosis in non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus

Acronym CERDIA

Study objectives

Cardiovascular disease (CVD) is the most important cause of mortality in patients with type 2 diabetes. We aimed to determine the effect of statin therapy versus placebo on the progression of carotid Intima-Media Thickness (IMT) in type 2 diabetic patients without manifest CVD.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design Randomized placebo-controlled double-blind clinical trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Diabetes mellitus type II (DM type II)

Interventions

1. Patients of the intervention group will be treated with cerivastatin 0.4 mg/day for two years

2. Controls will get placebo

In August 2001, when cerivastatin was withdrawn from the market, 0.4 mg cerivastatin was replaced by 20 mg simvastatin without deblinding the study.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Cerivastatin

Primary outcome measure

The change of IMT and distensibility after 24 months using B-mode ultrasound at the carotid artery level.

Secondary outcome measures

1. The change in the prevalence of (silent) myocardial ischaemia after 24 months as monitored with 48 hour ambulatory ECG

2. The change of endothelium function after 24 months using flow mediated vasodilatation assessed by ultrasound of the a. brachialis

3. The change in blood levels of parameters for endothelial function, haemostasis, fibrinolysis, platelet activation, endothelial cell injury and vascular wall inflammation.

4. Biochemical endpoints: total cholesterol, High Density Lipoprotein (HDL)-cholesterol, (calculated) Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL)-cholesterol, triglycerides, LDL/ApoB100 ratio, Lipoprotein A-I (LpA-I), Lp(a)

5. Diabetic nephropathy: creatinine clearance and microalbuminuria

6. Clinical endpoints of cardiovascular disease

Overall study start date

01/08/1999

Completion date

31/03/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patient with Non-Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus. The diagnosis is based upon:

- 1.1. The age of onset
- 1.2. The presence of obesity
- 1.3. The absence of ketoacidosis at the time of diagnosis
- 1.4. The use of diet or oral anti-diabetic drugs for more than one year from diagnosis
- 2. Males and females
- 3. Age range: 30 80 years
- 4. Given written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 250

Total final enrolment

250

Key exclusion criteria

1. Angina pectoris

2. History of myocardial infarction, Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) or Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG)

3. Positive Electrocardiogram (ECG) criteria for a myocardial infarction in the past

4. History of ischemic Cerebrovascular Accident (CVA)

5. Peripheral artery by-pass surgery or amputation because of atherosclerotic disease or claudication

6. Secondary diabetes (steroid induced, Cushing, haemochromatosis, alcohol abuse, pancreatitis) 7. Untreated or uncontrolled hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism

8. Active liver disease (hepatitis, cirrhosis or biliary obstruction) or hepatic dysfunction (repeated aminotransferase-values more than 150% of the Upper Limit of Normal [ULN])

9. Impaired renal function with creatinine clearance less than 30 ml/min

10. Baseline Creatine Kinase (CK) values more than 3 x ULN

11. Fasting total cholesterol above 69 mmol/l despite diet or below 40 mmol/l or triglycerides above 60 mmol/l

12. Any hereditary dyslipidemia

13. Known allergy to 3-Hydroxy-3-Methyl-Glutaryl (HMG)-CoA-reductase inhibitors

14. Pregnancy or lactation

15. Women of childbearing potential, not using adequate contraceptives

16. Use of lipid lowering medication, within eight weeks before the start of the study

17. Life expectancy of less than two years

18. Any other condition that in the opinion of the investigator could lead to inappropriate absorption, metabolism or elimination of the medication or compromise the patients' safety or lead to insufficient compliance with the study drug regimen

Date of first enrolment

01/08/1999

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment Netherlands **Study participating centre Leiden University Medical Center** Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor information

Organisation Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (Netherlands)

Sponsor details Albinusdreef 2 P.O. Box 9600 Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor type University/education

Website http://www.lumc.nl/

ROR https://ror.org/027bh9e22

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

Funder Name Bayer B.V. (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>		01/12/2004		Yes	No
Results article		01/07/2005		Yes	No
<u>Results article</u>		01/07/2005		Yes	No