# Liver resection surgery versus thermal ablation for colorectal liver metastases

Submission date 09/03/2016	<b>Recruitment status</b> Stopped	[X] Prospectively registered		
		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
09/03/2016 Last Edited	Stopped  Condition category	[X] Results		
		Individual participant data		
11/05/2020	Cancer	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-comparing-surgery-ablation-treatment-people-bowel-cancer-spread-liver-lava

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Ms Julie Croft

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

20592

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

LAVA: Liver resection surgery versus thermal Ablation for colorectal liVer metAstases

#### Acronym

**LAVA** 

#### **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to compare the effectiveness of liver resection surgery and thermal ablation for the treatment of colorectal liver metastases.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

16/LO/0058

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Surgery; Subtopic: Surgery; Disease: Surgery (All Surgery)

#### **Interventions**

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two treatment groups.

Surgical resection: Surgical liver resection will be performed in accordance with each site's usual practice. Patients may be offered open or laparoscopic liver resection depending on site and stage of disease. Procedures for patients with extensive metastatic disease can include two stage liver resection, venous embolization, or the ALPPS procedure (Associated Liver Partition and Portal vein ligation for Staged hepatectomy).

Thermal ablation: Either radiofrequency ablation (RFA) or microwave ablation (MWA) will be carried out according to the local availability of equipment and expertise. Ablation may be performed at laparoscopic or open surgery if the percutaneous approach is contra-indicated.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome measure

Disease free survival at 2 years is calculated from participant assessments at 3, 6, 12, 18 and 24 months post-randomisation

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Local and distant recurrence of disease at 2 years is calculated from participant assessments at 3, 6, 12, 18 and 24 months post-randomisation
- 2. Overall survival is determined at 2 and 5 years post-randomisation
- 3. Post treatment complications are recorded at participant assessments at 3, 6, 12, 18 and 24 months post-randomisation
- 4. Disease free survival (DFS) (measured from end of intervention) at 2 years post-randomisation
- 5. Use of subsequent therapies for treatment failure over 2 years post-randomisation
- 6. Health related quality of life is measured using EQ-5D, EORTC QLQ-C30, EORTC LMC21 at baseline 3 and 6 months post randomisation
- 7. Length of intensive therapy unit (ITU) and inpatient stay
- 8. Resource use collected retrospectively at 3, 6, 12, 18, and 24 months post-randomisation

#### Overall study start date

01/10/2016

#### Completion date

30/09/2020

#### Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Participant recruitment issue

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged ≥ 18 years
- 2. Able to provide written informed consent
- 3. MDT diagnosis of colorectal liver metastases considered to be resectable with curative intent
- 4. Resected colorectal primary or plan for primary resection with curative intent
- 5. Meets one or more of the following criteria:
- 5.1. Considered high risk for surgery due to age e.g. Age greater than 75 years of age
- 5.2. Major co-morbidities as judged by the treating clinician. Examples include history of myocardial infarction, severe chronic airway disease, major cerebrovascular accidents (CVA), pulmonary embolism (PE)
- 5.3. Liver metastases with poor prognosis and or high risk surgery due to tumour burden, Examples include extensive synchronous disease, need for two stage resection or ALLPS, small anticipated remnant liver volume, resectable or ablatable extra-hepatic disease, downstaged with chemotherapy, poor response after chemotherapy or portal vein embolization but still resectable

6. Suitable candidate for either liver resection surgery or thermal ablation as judged by the MDT

7. Able and willing to comply with the terms of the protocol including QoL questionnaire

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 330; UK Sample Size: 252

#### Total final enrolment

9

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Incurable extra-hepatic metastases
- 2. Concurrent malignant disease (except basal cell carcinoma)
- 3. Patients who have undergone previous surgery or ablation for colorectal liver metastases
- 4. Planned simultaneous resection for primary and liver metastases disease
- 5. Pregnancy

#### Date of first enrolment

01/10/2016

#### Date of final enrolment

30/09/2020

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

# Study participating centre University of Leeds

Clinical Trials Research Unit 17 Springfield Mount Leeds United Kingdom LS2 9JT

# **Sponsor information**

#### Organisation

University College London

#### Sponsor details

R&D (1st Floor, Maple House) Rossenheim Building 235 Euston Road London England United Kingdom NW1 2BU

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

United Kingdom

## **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

#### Intention to publish date

31/08/2019

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	13/02/2018		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/04/2020	11/05/2020	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No