# The anti-migraine activity of supplement formulation PEATONIDE® combining palmitoylethanolamide and melatonin

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
25/06/2024	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
06/08/2024	Completed	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
06/08/2024	Nervous System Diseases	☐ Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Migraine represents a severe neurological condition, causing significant debilitation and pain for about 15% of the global population. As reported by the International Classification of Headache Disorders, episodic migraine manifests as acute headaches occurring on 14 or fewer days per month, while chronic migraines entail experiencing headaches on 15 or more days within a month. Migraine significantly affects the quality of life, ranking among the top 20 causes of disability in the adult population according to the World Health Organization. Despite the considerable impact on quality of life and decline in work performance and productivity, migraine often goes undiagnosed and untreated. Palmitoylethanolamide (PEA) and melatonin are thought to have anti-migraine activity through a synergistic effect leading to a reduction of vasodilation and thus the symptoms associated with migraine. This study aims to determine the effect and safety of treatment with a combination of hydrodispersible PEA and melatonin, as a supplement called PEATONIDE®, once a day in patients with episodic migraine, assessing both the duration and intensity of migraine attacks and the incidence of events and associated disability symptoms.

## Who can participate?

Patients including both men and women aged 18 years old and over, with a diagnosis of episodic migraine (with or without aura) for at least one year before recruitment according to IHS-3 criteria and at least two migraine attacks for at least three months before recruitment.

#### What does the study involve?

Participants in the study will be given a supplement called PEATONIDE®, containing 1200 mg of hydrodispersible PEA and 0.2 mg of melatonin, or a placebo, to be taken orally every evening at bedtime for three months. During the study, participants will be allowed to use only acetaminophen and NSAIDs for acute migraine relief, with no other preventive or acute treatments permitted. Patients will record their migraine experiences in a daily headache diary, noting the number of migraine days per month, days using analgesics, intensity and duration of attacks, level of disability, presence of aura, and associated symptoms such as nausea, vomiting, sensitivity to light (photophobia), and sensitivity to sound (phonophobia). The intensity and

disability of migraine attacks will be rated on a 10-point and a 3-point Likert psychometric scale scale, respectively.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Possible beneficial effects include the reduction of the number of monthly migraine attacks, the reduction of duration and intensity of migraine attacks, the reduction of the amount of medication for migraine management, and the reduction of the symptoms associated with migraine. Patients will be monitored for vital signs and adverse events to assess tolerability and safety.

Where is the study run from?

National Institute of Biostructures and Biosystems Inter-university Consortium (Istituto Nazionale Biostrutture e Biosistemi Consorzio Interuniversitario; I.N.B.B. Consortium)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2023 to April 2024

Who is funding the study? Erbozeta S.p.A.

Who is the main contact? Professor Giancarlo Tenore (University of Naples Federico II, Department of Pharmacy), giancarlo.tenore@unina.it

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Prof Gian Carlo Tenore

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## Additional identifiers

## EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

#### IRAS number

#### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Anti-migraine activity of supplement formulation (PEATONIDE®) based on the synergic combination of palmitoylethanolamide and melatonin

#### Acronym

**AMSPM** 

## **Study objectives**

Migraine pathophysiology is associated with mast cells, which act as the immediate call-center of the neuroimmune system. They represent both the source and target of several neuropeptides which are involved in migraine inflammatory process (e.g., histamine, serotonin, NO, prostaglandins, and leukotrienes). Therefore, mast cell degranulation inhibitors represent an innovative therapeutic approach for the prevention of migraine attacks. It was well reported that palmitoylethanolamide (PEA) and melatonin could contrast the immune response by down-regulating mast-cell degranulation. Therefore, the combination of the two molecules could increase the potential anti-migraine activity through a synergistic effect leading to a reduction of vasodilation and thus the symptoms associated with migraine.

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/09/2023, Azienda sanitaria locale Napoli 1 Centro (Via Comunale del Principe, 13/a, Napoli, 80145, Italy; +39 0812541111; comitatoetico@aslnapoli1centro.it), ref: 1644

## Study design

Monocentric randomized placebo-controlled two parallel-arm study

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

## Study setting(s)

University/medical school/dental school

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment of migraine attacks in subjects affected by episodic migraine (with or without aura)

#### **Interventions**

All included patients are treated with a formulation consisting of 1200 mg of hydrodispersible PEA and 0.2 mg of melatonin (PEATONIDE®) or with a placebo by oral administration taken every evening at bedtime for 3 months. The evaluation of migraine is based on the filling out of a daily headache diary. The headache diaries are administered during the two cycles of 4-week run-in periods and for three monthly cycles of treatment. After the two-month run-in period, the patients are randomly assigned to placebo or treated (PEATONIDE®) groups for the next three cycles. Participants will be randomised by the drawing of envelopes containing randomisation numbers. The random number list will be generated by an investigator with no clinical involvement in the trial.

Data from the second cycle of the 4-week run-in period are averaged and served as baseline values. In the run-in and treatment cycles, the following variables are collected: number of days per month with migraine in the previous month; number of days per month taking any analgesic for migraine in the previous month; intensity, duration and grade of disability of migraine attacks; presence of aura; presence of associated symptoms (nausea, vomiting, photophobia, and phonophobia). The intensity and disability of migraine attacks are rated on a 10-point and a 3-point Likert scale, respectively.

#### Intervention Type

Supplement

#### Primary outcome measure

Migraine frequency (days of migraine attacks per month) comparing the two-month run-in with the three-month treatment cycles measured using a headache diary daily

#### Secondary outcome measures

The following secondary outcome variables are assessed during the two-month run-in and the three-month treatment cycles:

- 1. The intensity of migraine attacks measured using a 10-point Likert scale for each migraine attack
- 2. Duration of migraine attacks measured in hours for each migraine attack
- 3. Grade of disability of migraine attack measured using a 3-point Likert scale for each migraine attack
- 4. The amount of analgesics used during migraine attacks measured as dose unit for each migraine attack

## Overall study start date

27/02/2023

## Completion date

16/04/2024

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 18 years old and over
- 2. Diagnosis of episodic migraine (with or without aura) for at least one year before recruitment according to IHS-3 criteria
- 3. At least two migraine attacks for at least three months before recruitment

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

60

#### Total final enrolment

60

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Inconsistent supplement intake
- 2. Regular uptake of analgesic drugs for more than 12 days per month
- 3. Treatment with other supplements, or drugs, potentially having preventive effects on migraine

#### Date of first enrolment

16/10/2023

#### Date of final enrolment

16/11/2023

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Italy

#### Study participating centre

Istituto Nazionale Biostrutture e Biosistemi Consorzio Interuniversitario

Viale Maria Bakunin, 41

Napoli

Italy

80126

## Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Erbozeta S.p.A.

#### Sponsor details

Strada delle Seriole, 41/43 Chiesanuova San Marino SM03145 +39 0549 907000 info@erbozeta.com

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### Website

https://www.erbozeta.com/

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

Erbozeta S.p.A.

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal

## Intention to publish date

29/07/2024

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during the current study will be available upon request from Professor Giancarlo Tenore (University of Naples Federico II, Department of Pharmacy), giancarlo. tenore@unina.it. The data available are files (format Word) containing migraine diaries filled out by patients during the clinical trial. The timing for availability is 2 weeks. Consent from participants was required and obtained.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request