# Analgesia provided by intravenous paracetamol compared with intravenous morphine, for pain secondary to isolated limb trauma, in the emergency department: a pilot randomised trial

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
16/06/2007		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
29/08/2007	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
29/03/2012	Signs and Symptoms			

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 2188

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### **Study objectives**

Anaglesia provided by paracetamol is equivalent to that provided by morphine.

Added as of 31/12/2008: This trial has completed recruitment, data analysis ongoing.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

North Somerset and South Bristol Research Ethics Committee, approved on 09/08/2007 (ref: 07/H0106/118)

#### Study design

Double-blind randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Quality of life

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Isolated limb trauma

#### **Interventions**

Intravenous paracetamol (1 g) or intravenous morphine (10 mg).

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Phase IV

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Paracetamol, morphine

#### Primary outcome(s)

Visual analogue pain score, measured at 0, 5, 15, 30 and 60 minutes (the drug infusion starts at time 0).

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Requirement for rescue morphine
- 2. Patient satisfaction of overall analgesia on five point likert scale at 60 minutes
- 3. Occurence of side effects

#### Completion date

01/09/2008

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Isolated limb trauma
- 2. Moderate to severe pain, with initial verbal pain score of 7 or more
- 3. Age >15 and <65 years
- 4. Weight >50 kg

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Chest pain
- 2. Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) <15
- 3. Allergy to morphine or paracetamol
- 4. Known liver disease, or patient clinically jaundiced
- 5. Major Trauma
- 6. Known pregnancy
- 7. Breast feeding
- 8. Patients requiring an immediate limb-saving procedure
- 9. Age <16 or >65 years
- 10. Patients in extreme distress who are unable to consent
- 11. Communication difficulties (foreign language, prior confusion) preventing informed consent or co-operation with pain scoring

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2007

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2008

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

#### Study participating centre

#### **Emergency Department**

Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8HW

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

United Bristol Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04nm1cv11

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

College of Emergency Medicine (UK)

#### Alternative Name(s)

CEM

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

## **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2012	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes