# Randomised controlled trial of a brief GP intervention to reduce overweight in Victorian primary school children - Live, Eat and Play (LEAP 2)

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
06/05/2005	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date 16/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan
		[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
10/09/2009	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Melissa Wake

#### Contact details

Centre for Community Child Health Royal Children's Hospital Flemington Rd Parkville Australia 3052 +61 (0)3 9345 5937 melissa.wake@rch.org.au

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

### Secondary identifying numbers

334309; ACTRN12607000443493

# Study information

Scientific Title

#### **Acronym**

LEAP 2

#### Study objectives

Added as of 16/08/2007:

- 1. A brief parent-focused behavioural intervention delivered by General Practitioners (GPs) to overweight/obese 5 9 year olds will halve the body mass index (BMI) gain (the primary outcome) at 6 and 12 months in the intervention group relative to the non-intervention group 2. A brief parent-focused behavioural intervention delivered by GPs will lead to a range of secondary outcomes at 6 and 12 months for children and their families in the intervention compared to the non-intervention group, including:
- 2.1. Smaller measured child waist circumference
- 2.2. Greater measured child physical activity
- 2.3. Parent-reported increases in child physical activity, reductions in sedentary activity, changes in child eating patterns
- 3. The intervention will be acceptable, feasible and cost-effective within Australian GP settings

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Added as of 16/08/2007:

Approved by the Royal Children's Hospital Ethics in Human Research Committee (EHRC) on 23rd March 2005 (ref: 25006 A)

# Study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

GP practice

### Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Overweight and mild obesity

#### **Interventions**

Four consultations with the family doctor, employing a brief family-centred, solution-focused approach aiming to increase physical activity and reduce fat and sugar intake.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

Added as of 16/08/2007:

BMI at 6 and 12 months, adjusted for baseline BMI.

#### Secondary outcome measures

Added as of 16/08/2007:

- 1. Accelerometry
- 2. Measured child waist circumference
- 3. Parent-reported child nutrition
- 4. Parent-reported physical activity
- 5. Parent-reported child functional health status (the Pediatric Quality of Life Inventory™ [PedsQL™])
- 6. Child-reported functional health status (PedsQL™)
- 7. Child-reported body satisfaction
- 8. Child-reported appearance/self-worth

# Overall study start date

01/07/2005

# Completion date

30/09/2007

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

Healthy children aged 5.0 - 9.0 years inclusive who are overweight or mildly obese (International Obesity Task Force [IOTF] cutpoints; children with UK BMI z-score greater than or equal to 3.0 excluded). Sample drawn from BMI survey of all children aged 5.0 - 9.0 years attending their family doctor in 50 participating practices Jul 2005 - Feb 2006.

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Child

#### Lower age limit

5 Years

#### Upper age limit

9 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

Added as of 16/08/2007: 420

#### Key exclusion criteria

Added as of 16/08/2007:

- 1. Very obese children (UK BMI z-score more than or equal to 3.0)
- 2. Children who are currently receiving ongoing weight management in a secondary or tertiary care program
- 3. Children who have a known endocrine or chromosomal cause for their overweight
- 4. Children who have major disabilities or health conditions as judged by the investigators prior to randomisation

#### Date of first enrolment

01/07/2005

#### Date of final enrolment

30/09/2007

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Australia

# Study participating centre Centre for Community Child Health

Parkville Australia 3052

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Murdoch Children's Research Institute (Australia)

#### Sponsor details

Royal Children's Hospital Flemington Rd Parkville Australia 3052 +61 (0)3 8341 6200 mcri@mcri.edu.au

#### Sponsor type

Research council

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/048fyec77

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Research council

#### **Funder Name**

National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) (Australia) (ref: 334309)

#### Alternative Name(s)

**NHMRC** 

# **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

Australia

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results articleresults03/09/2009YesNo