

# Olaparib and radiotherapy In newly-diagnosed glioblastoma

<b>Submission date</b> 02/05/2014	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/06/2014	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 14/02/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-at-olaparib-and-radiotherapy-for-people-with-glioblastoma-paradigm>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

### EudraCT/CTIS number

2014-001216-19

### IRAS number

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

## Secondary identifying numbers

GN13ON355

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Short-course radiotherapy plus olaparib for newly diagnosed glioblastoma in patients unsuitable for radical chemoradiation: a randomised phase II clinical trial preceded by a lead-in phase I dose escalation study

## Acronym

PARADIGM

## Study objectives

The objective of phase I is to establish the maximum tolerated dose of olaparib when given in combination with radiotherapy.

The objectives of phase II are to obtain evidence that adding olaparib to radiotherapy improves overall survival in this patient population, and to justify a subsequent phase III trial.

Additional objectives are to document the safety, toxicity and quality of life associated with this combination.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

West of Scotland Research Ethics Service, 13/11/2014, ref: 14/WS/1096

## Study design

Phase I dose-escalation study followed by a Phase II randomized double-blind study

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Gliomas

## Interventions

All patients will receive hypofractionated, short-course radiotherapy (40 Gray in 15 fractions) over 19 - 21 days. In the Phase I component, escalating doses of oral olaparib will be delivered daily throughout the radiotherapy treatment period. Olaparib will be commenced 3 days prior to radiation and will continue throughout treatment for a total of 22 - 24 days.

In Phase II, patients will be randomised to receive radiotherapy plus placebo PO (control arm) or radiotherapy plus olaparib PO at the maximum tolerated dose (MTD) established in Phase I (or a maximum dose of 200 mg PO twice daily if MTD not reached). Olaparib or placebo will be commenced 3 days prior to radiation and will continue throughout treatment for a total of 22 - 24 days.

## Intervention Type

Drug

## Phase

Phase I/II

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Olaparib

## Primary outcome measure

Phase I: The recommended dose of olaparib when administered in combination with radiotherapy

Phase II: Overall survival

## Secondary outcome measures

Phase I: The DLT (Dose-Limiting Toxicity) and the safety and tolerability of olaparib administered in combination with radiotherapy.

Phase II:

1. Progression-free survival measured by MRI scans during follow-up and will be assessed in accordance with the RANO guidelines
2. Toxicity measured using the CTCAE v.4.0 criteria and recorded at each follow-up visit
3. Quality of life which will be measured by the completion of QLQ30, BN20 and EQ-5D questionnaires completed by the participant at baseline and each follow-up visit

## Overall study start date

01/11/2014

## Completion date

31/12/2025

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

1. Age 18 - 69: WHO performance status 2 at initial oncology consultation or performance status 0-1 but otherwise unsuitable for radical radiotherapy with concomitant and adjuvant temozolomide.
2. Age over 70: WHO performance status 0 or 1 at initial oncology consultation
3. Histologically confirmed diagnosis of glioblastoma

4. Life expectancy greater than 12 weeks
5. No previous radiotherapy or chemotherapy for primary or secondary CNS malignancy
6. Adequate haematological, hepatic and renal function defined as below:  
Haemoglobin  $\geq 9.0$  g/dL, absolute neutrophil count  $\geq 1.5 \times 10^9/L$ , platelet count  $\geq 100 \times 10^9/L$ , bilirubin  $\leq 1.5 \times$  upper limit of normal (ULN), Alanine aminotransferase (ALT) or aspartate aminotransferase (AST)  $\leq 2.5 \times$  ULN, Adequate renal function with creatinine clearance / glomerular filtration rate  $> 50$  ml/min. If the creatinine clearance / glomerular filtration rate is less than 50 ml/min as calculated by the Cockcroft-Gault/Wright formula, then the creatinine clearance / glomerular filtration rate should be measured by either a radio-isotope technique or by 24-hour urine collection.
7. Ability to provide written informed consent prior to participating in the trial and any trial related procedures being performed
8. Willingness to comply with scheduled visits, treatment plans and laboratory tests and other trial procedures
9. Ability to swallow oral tablets/capsules

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 Years

### **Sex**

Both

### **Target number of participants**

Phase I 12-24 patients. Phase II - 140 patients.

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. WHO performance status  $>2$
2. Life expectancy less than 12 weeks
3. Active concurrent malignancy (except non-melanoma skin cancer or in situ carcinoma of the cervix). If history of prior malignancy, must be disease-free for  $>5$  years.
4. Prior treatment for primary or secondary CNS malignancy
5. Confusion or altered mental state that would prohibit understanding and giving of informed consent
6. Concomitant treatment with medicines detailed in section 5.10 of protocol.
7. Female patients who are able to become pregnant (or already pregnant or lactating). However, those female patients who have a negative serum or urine pregnancy test before enrolment and agree to use two highly effective forms of contraception (oral, injected or implanted hormonal contraception and condom, have an intra-uterine device and condom, diaphragm with spermicidal gel and condom) effective at the first administration of either IMP, throughout the trial, and for six months afterwards, are considered eligible.
8. Male patients with partners of child-bearing potential (unless they agree to take measures not to father children by using one form of highly effective contraception [condom plus spermicide] effective at the first administration of IMP, throughout the trial, and for six months afterwards). Men with pregnant or lactating partners should be advised to use barrier method contraception (for example, condom plus spermicidal gel) to prevent exposure to the foetus or neonate.

9. Administration of any investigational drug within 28 days of receiving the first dose of trial treatment.

**Date of first enrolment**

03/03/2015

**Date of final enrolment**

31/03/2025

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Scotland

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**The Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre**

Glasgow

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## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde (UK)

**Sponsor details**

C/O Dr Nathaniel Brittain

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**Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Website**

<http://www.nhs.uk/r&d>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/05kdz4d87>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

Astra Zeneca (UK) - endorsed by Cancer Research UK

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in high impact medical journals and presentation at national meetings.

**Intention to publish date**

01/04/2026

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No