# Assessment of cerebral oxygen supply-demand balance by near-infrared spectroscopy during induction of anesthesia in patients undergoing coronary artery bypass graft surgery: Comparison of midazolam with propofol

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
11/02/2008	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
27/02/2008	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
16/08/2011	Circulatory System	Record updated in last year

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

#### **IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

# Study information

Scientific Title

# **Study objectives**

Near-InfraRed Spectroscopy (NIRS) continuously measures regional cerebral oxygen saturation (rSO2) noninvasively and has been shown to detect even small changes in cerebral oxygen supply-demand balance elicited by etomidate. Propofol and sufentanil have been well studied in human subjects in terms of cerebral oxygen supply-demand balance with both agents decreasing cerebral blood flow and metabolism to a similar degree. Although widely used, only the effect of midazolam on cerebral blood flow has been studied in humans and evidence is lacking about its effect on cerebral metabolic rate. By far, no comprehensive data exist regarding the influence of midazolam and hemodynamic changes on rSO2 scores during the induction period. We therefore evaluated the effect of midazolam on cerebral oxygen supply-demand balance by continuous monitoring of rSO2 in a prospective, randomized and controlled trial with concomitant monitoring of hemodynamic variables including cardiac index and mixed venous oxygen saturation.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Institutional Review Board (IRB) of Yonsei University Health System, Seoul, Korea. Date of approval: 27 October 2006 (ref: 4-2006-0155)

# Study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

# Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Coronary artery bypass graft surgery

#### **Interventions**

Upon arrival at the operating room, standard monitoring devices were applied and a radial artery catheter was inserted under local anaesthesia for continuous blood pressure monitoring. Also, a pulmonary artery catheter (Swan-Ganz CCOmbo, CCO/SvO2, Edwards Lifesciences LLC, USA) was inserted via the right internal jugular vein under local anesthesia for continuous measurement of Cardiac Index (CI) and mixed-venous oxygen saturation (SvO2). Bispectral index (Bispectral Index Scale; BIS) (A-2000TM, Aspect Medical Systems, USA) and rSO2 (INVOS 5100TM, Somanetics, USA) were continuously monitored with both sensors applied to the forehead of the patients.

Hemodynamic variables, BIS and rSO2 scores were recorded at the following time points:

- 1. Before induction while patients were breathing room air (T1, baseline)
- 2. After pre-oxygenation with 100% oxygen for at least 3 min through tight-fitting anesthetic mask (T2)
- 3. Three minutes after administration of either midazolam 0.05 mg/kg or propofol 1 mg/kg according to randomization (T3)
- 4. Three minutes after completion of administration of sufentanil 1.52 µg/kg (T4)
- 5. Five 5 min after tracheal intubation (T5)

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

midazolam and propofol

#### Primary outcome measure

Regional cerebral oxygen saturation measured by near infrared spectroscopy

#### Secondary outcome measures

Hemodynamic variables including the following:

- 1. Cardiac index (CI)
- 2. Mixed venous oxygen saturation
- 3. Mean arterial pressure
- 4. Central venous pressure

#### Overall study start date

31/08/2006

#### Completion date

31/03/2007

# **Eligibility**

Key inclusion criteria

Adult patients admitted to the Yonsei University Health System scheduled for isolated off-pump coronary artery bypass graft surgery between August 2006 and March 2007.

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

60

# Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients undergoing emergent surgery
- 2. Pre-existing neurologic disease
- 3. Lung parenchymal disease
- 4. New York Heart Association (NYHA) functional class >= 3
- 5. Left ventricular ejection fraction <40%
- 6. Unstable angina and recent myocardial infarction within 1 month
- 7. Patients who had significant luminal narrowing of either carotid and/or vertebral arteries on preoperative angiography

# Date of first enrolment

31/08/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

31/03/2007

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Korea, South

# Study participating centre Department of Anaesthesiology and Pain Medicine Seoul Korea, South 120-752

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Yonsei University, College of Medicine (Korea, South)

# Sponsor details

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# Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://medicine.yonsei.ac.kr/en

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01wjejq96

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

University/education

#### Funder Name

Yonsei University, College of Medicine (Korea, South)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration