Evaluation of an intervention to improve postoperative sleep and pain control in orthopaedic patients at night.

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
23/01/2004	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/01/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
21/01/2010	Signs and Symptoms			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Jose Closs

Contact details

School of Healthcare Studies
University of Leeds
22 Hyde Terrace
Leeds
United Kingdom
LS2 9LN
+44 (0)113 233 6773
s.j.closs@leeds.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Post-operative pain control has frequently been shown to be poor in British hospitals. The particular problems of assessing and controlling pain at night have been neglected. This study aims to evaluate the effectiveness of a two pronged intervention. The first part will consist of a patient education package designed to inform patients about what to expect concerning their pain and its management, and to improve their willingness to report post-operative pain at night. The second will introduce to nurses a method for assessing pain at night. Orthopaedic patients from two wards will be invited to participate. After a period of baseline data collection the intervention will be introduced to one of the wards (assigned randomly), and its effectiveness evaluated.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Post operative pain

Interventions

- 1. Patient education package designed to inform patients about what to expect concerning their pain and its management, and to improve their willingness to report post-operative pain at night.
- 2. The second will introduce to nurses a method for assessing pain at night.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Outcomes of night-time pain control will be elicited from patients using verbal rating scales, reports of sleep and analgesic provision.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

09/01/1995

Completion date

31/10/1997

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Two matched orthopaedic wards at a large teaching hospital
- 2. Elective and trauma patients
- 3. Aged 18+ years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

417 (added 21/01/10; see publication)

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Permanent night-shift workers
- 2. Suffering concomitant terminal disease
- 3. Confused or cognitively impaired

Date of first enrolment

09/01/1995

Date of final enrolment

31/10/1997

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

LS2 9LN

United Kingdom

Study participating centre School of Healthcare Studies Leeds United Kingdom

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/1999		Yes	No
Other publications	secondary analysis	01/12/1999		Yes	No