A controlled intervention study of vitamin D supplementation on neuromuscular and psychomotor function in elderly people who fall

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/01/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
18/11/2010	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number REC00304

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Fractures in the elderly are a major health problem with considerable costs to the NHS. Vitamin D deficiency occurs in up to 50% of housebound elderly people and is an important contributor to fractures. In addition to osteoporosis, the myopathy and neuropathy associated with Vitamin D deficiency may contribute to fractures through falls and impaired neuroprotective responses. Vitamin D supplementation can prevent peripheral fractures in older people.

We hypothesize that Vitamin D supplementation in Vitamin D deficient elderly people results in improved neuromuscular and psychomotor function.

This will be a collaborative, bidisciplinary investigation of patients aged over 65 years who have had a fall (identified through Accident and Emergency Department records) and are Vitamin D deficient.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Musculoskeletal injury due to nutritional deficiency

Interventions

i. Vitamin D supplementation with IM ergocalciferol

ii. Matched placebo

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Choice reaction time and aggregate functional performance time.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Fall rates.

Completion date

01/04/2001

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Elderly patients over the age of 65 years who have had a fall and are Vitamin D deficient

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/04/1999

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2001

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre King's College Hospital

London United Kingdom SE22 8PT

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive London

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/05/2002		Yes	No