Evaluating mental health decision units in acute care pathways (DECISION): a quasi-experimental and health economic evaluation

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		Protocol		
Registration date 11/02/2020	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan Results 		
Last Edited	Condition category	 Individual participant data 		
18/02/2021	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	[_] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Current plain English summary as of 18/02/2021:

Background and study aims

Many people experiencing a mental health crisis go to A&E and wait a long time for assessment. They may be admitted to a psychiatric ward unnecessarily because of a lack of proper assessment. People not signposted to the most appropriate aftercare might repeatedly attend A&E and be admitted to hospital. New Psychiatric Decision Units (PDUs; also called mental health decision units [MDHUs]) are designed to address this. PDUs are short stay units with a high staff: patient ratio delivering in-depth assessment of individual support, aiming to reduce unnecessary hospital admissions and attendance at A&E, and to improve experiences of crisis care.

The researchers will study four new MHDUs in England in detail. The researchers will use a longitudinal cohort study to examine the changes in crisis care service use by comparing service use in the nine month period leading up to a service user's first stay on a mental health decision unit to the nine months following that stay.

The researchers will also conduct in-depth interviews with service users and with PDU staff and staff who refer to PDUs about experiences of care, assessment and aftercare. Staff will be interviewed once, but service users will be interviewed for a second time, nine months following their stay on the PDU. There are other studies which are connected to this study - these are registered separately and include an interrupted time series and synthetic control study. The DECISION research team includes people who have used mental health services and the research is coproduced.

Who can participate?

There are no eligibility criteria other than capacity to consent and admission to MHDU as this is a naturalistic study and we are interested in understanding who is admitted to MHDUs. Staff participants will be working at an MDHU.

What does the study involve?

For participants taking part in the longitudinal cohort study:

There will be a short questionnaire about your quality of life, and we will ask the local Trusts to let us know how much you have used services, and which services you have used for your mental health in the nine months preceding and following your first admission to the MHDU. We will be in touch after 9 months to ask you to complete the short questionnaire again. Participants are involved in the study for 9 months.

For participants taking part in qualitative interviews for service users:

There will be two in-depth interviews about experiences of crisis care in mental health services. The first interview will be within a fortnight of leaving MHDU and the second will be nine months later. The interview will take about-60-90 minutes to complete. We will audio record the interview.

For staff participants taking part in qualitative interviews:

We will conduct an in-depth interview about your experiences of working in mental health crisis care, your experiences of working in or with the decision unit, and/or your knowledge of the mental health crisis care pathway. The interview will take about 45-60 minutes to complete and will be audio recorded.

As the Covid-19 pandemic occurred during the study period, we will also have a non-pandemic retrospective comparison study. This will include the same sites and have study dates exactly one year prior to the originally planned study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

It is unlikely that there are any risks in taking part. It is possible that some people may find some of the issues discussed in the interviews sensitive or uncomfortable to talk about. Participants do not have to discuss anything that you find difficult to talk about, and it is OK to not answer any of the questions. If difficult issues come up during the interview participants are free to stop the interview at any point to take a break, rearrange or end the interview, or withdraw from the study. There are no consequences to doing so for participants.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. St George's, University of London (UK)
- 2. St George's Hospital (UK)
- 3. Springfield Hospital (UK)
- 4. Lincolnshire Partnership NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 5. Lincoln County Hospital (UK)
- 6. Birmingham and Solihull Mental Health NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 7. Sheffield Health & Social Care NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 8. Royal Hallamshire Hospital (UK)
- 9. Sandwell General Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2019 to February 2020

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Lucy Goldsmith lgoldsmi@sgul.ac.uk

Background and study aims

Many people experiencing a mental health crisis go to A&E and wait a long time for assessment. They may be admitted to a psychiatric ward unnecessarily because of a lack of proper assessment. People not signposted to the most appropriate aftercare might repeatedly attend A&E and be admitted to hospital. New Psychiatric Decision Units (PDUs; also called mental health decision units [MDHUs]) are designed to address this. PDUs are short stay units with a high staff: patient ratio delivering in-depth assessment of individual support, aiming to reduce unnecessary hospital admissions and attendance at A&E, and to improve experiences of crisis care.

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- 7. Queen Elizabeth Medical Centre (UK)
- 8. Sheffield Health & Social Care NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 9. Royal Hallamshire Hospital (UK)
- 10. Kingston Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 11. Sandwell General Hospital (UK)

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Who is the main contact? Dr Lucy Goldsmith lgoldsmi@sgul.ac.uk

Study website https://decisionstudy.org/

Contact information

Type(s) Public

Contact name Dr Lucy Goldsmith

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6934-1925

Contact details Population Health Research Institute St George's, University of London Cramner Road Tooting London United Kingdom SW17 0RE +44 (0)208 7250167 Igoldsmi@sgul.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 256406

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers NIHR HS&DR 17/49/70, IRAS 256406

Study information

Scientific Title

Evaluating mental health decision units in acute care pathways (DECISION): a quasi-experimental and health economic evaluation

Acronym

DECISION

Study objectives

The aims of the study are:

1. To establish the effects of psychiatric decision units (also known as mental health decision units) in England on service use outcomes

2. To examine whether psychiatric decision units benefit all people equally

3. To ascertain the staff and service user experiences of these units in order to inform potential national scale-up

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 12/08/2019, NRES Committee: East Midlands – Leicester South Research Ethics Committee (The Old Chapel, Royal Standard Place, Nottingham, NG1 6FS; +44 (0)207 104 8310; NRESCommittee.Eastmidlands-LeicesterSouth@nhs.net), Ref: 19/EM/0226

Study design

Observational longitudinal cohort study with additional qualitative data collection

Primary study design Observational

Secondary study design Longitudinal study

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Psychiatric crisis / Mental health crisis

Interventions

This is an observational study investigating an intervention which is already part of clinical practice. The intervention is 'mental health decision units' (also known as 'psychiatric decision units). The longitudinal cohort study examines changes in crisis care service use following the first stay on a psychiatric decision unit, by comparing changes in the pattern and rate of crisis care service use in the nine months preceding and following the first admission to a decision unit. The qualitative study examines both staff and patient experiences of psychiatric decision units.

The researchers will study four new MHDUs in England in detail. The researchers will use a longitudinal cohort study to examine the changes in crisis care service use by comparing service use in the nine-month period leading up to a service user's first stay on a mental health decision unit to the nine months following that stay.

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(added 18/02/2021):

As the Covid-19 pandemic occurred during the study period, we will also have a non-pandemic retrospective comparison study. This will include the same sites and have study dates exactly one year prior to the originally planned study.

Due to the covid-19 pandemic and the new comparison study, data for both cohort studies will be supplied from electronic record searches.

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome measure

Note: there is a primary outcome for both mental health trusts and acute trusts. For the longitudinal cohort study, these primary outcomes are:

1. Informal admissions (mental health trust) during the study

2. A&E presentations, as measured as liaison psychiatry episodes (acute trust) during the study

Secondary outcome measures

Note: there are a large number of secondary outcomes as mental health decision units (MHDUs) are purported to make a difference to these outcomes; the study will enable these claims to be examined.

Using patient records, during the study period:

- 1. Inpatient admissions
- 2.0-5 day inpatient admissions
- 3. Average length of inpatient stay (bed days)
- 4. Compulsory admissions
- 5. Use of community mental health team (CMHT) and other mental health trust services

Qualitative study:

6. Staff and patient experiences of psychiatric decision units measured using qualitative interviews at the end of the study

Overall study start date

01/03/2019

Completion date

30/11/2020

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

For patients: 1. First admission to MHDU 2. Capacity to consent to participate in research. For staff: 1. MDHU staff

Participant type(s)

Mixed

Age group

Adult

Sex Both

Target number of participants

Longitudinal cohort study: estimate of throughput to and recruitment from PDUs in a 6 month recruitment period: 1,151; qualitative study: 66.

Total final enrolment 148

Key exclusion criteria Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2019

Date of final enrolment 29/02/2020

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

St George's University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust St George's Hospital Blackshaw Road Tooting London United Kingdom SW17 0QT

Study participating centre

South West London and St George's Mental Health NHS Trust Springfield Hospital 61 Glenburnie Road London United Kingdom SW17 7DJ

Study participating centre Lincolnshire Partnership NHS Foundation Trust Unit's 8 & 9 The Point Lions Way Sleaford Lincolnshire United Kingdom NG34 8GG

Study participating centre United Lincolnshire Hospitals NHS Trust Lincoln County Hospital Greetwell Road

Lincolnshire United Kingdom LN2 4AX

Study participating centre

Birmingham and Solihull Mental Health NHS Foundation Trust Unit 1 50 Summer Hill Road Birmingham United Kingdom B1 3RB

Study participating centre Sheffield Health & Social Care NHS Foundation Trust, Fulwood House Old Fulwood Rd Sheffield United Kingdom S10 3TH

Study participating centre Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Royal Hallamshire Hospital Glossop Rd Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2JF

Sponsor information

Organisation St George's, University of London

Sponsor details Cramner Road Tooting London England United Kingdom SW17 0RE +44 (0)208 266 6866 jmontebe@sgul.ac.uk

Sponsor type University/education

Website http://www.sgul.ac.uk/

ROR https://ror.org/040f08y74

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Longitudinal Cohort Study Results 01/04/2021 Service user experience: qualitative study 01/04/2021 Staff experience: qualitative study 01/04/2021

Intention to publish date 31/05/2021

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a nonpublically available repository

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No