A study comparing the effectiveness of single burr hole of the skull with double burr hole of the skull in the management of chronic subdural haemorrhage

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
21/04/2025		[X] Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status Completed Condition category	Statistical analysis plan	
24/04/2025		Results	
Last Edited		Individual participant data	
24/04/2025	Circulatory System	[X] Record updated in last year	

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to evaluate the effectiveness of single burr hole as compared to double burr hole craniostomy for chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH), an old clot of blood on the surface of the brain beneath its outer covering. The objectives are to determine the outcomes, risks and benefits of single burr hole as compared to double burr hole in cSDH patients, and to evaluate illness, death and complications in cSDH patients.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over with chronic subdural haematoma

What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly allocated to undergo either single burr hole craniostomy or double burr hole craniostomy. Participants were monitored through follow-ups at 1 week and 1 month after surgery. The follow-up assessments were designed to evaluate the effectiveness of the surgeries, monitor recovery, and detect any complications or differences in success rates between the two methods.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no additional risks from the procedure as such. The study will help contribute to the standardisation of treatment as single burr hole craniostomy is a simple, less time-consuming and less invasive treatment.

Where is the study run from?
All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2022 to September 2024

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Dr Deepak Kumar, deepaky447@gmail.com, id-deepak10890@aiimspatna.org

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Deepak Kumar

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0009-0003-9733-0101

Contact details

Trauma office first floor
AIIMS Patna Trauma Center
AIIMS Patna, AIIMS Road
Phulwarisharif
Patna
India
801507
+91 (0)7991190620
id-deepak10890@aiimspatna.org

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomized controlled trial comparing the efficacy of single burr hole with double burr hole in the patients of chronic subdural hematoma

Acronym

SDCSDH

Study objectives

Single burr hole craniostomy is equally effective as double burr hole craniostomy and introduces lesser risk in treatment of chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH).

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 21/06/2022, AIIMS Patna Ethical Committee (Division of Research, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna, AIIMS Road, Patna, 801507, India; +91 (0)612 2451006; researchdivision@aiimspatna.org), ref: AIIMS/Pat/IEC/PGth/Jul22/16

Study design

Open randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic subdural hematoma

Interventions

Participants were randomised by simple randomisation into two groups:

Group A: Double burr hole (frontal and parietal)

Group B: Single burr hole (parietal)

Radiological assessment (NCCT BRAIN) was done preoperatively, postoperatively at 6 hours and at the time of discharge. Patients were followed up at 1 week and 1 month post-discharge. Follow-up questionnaires (persistent headache, focal neurological deficit, seizure and altered level of consciousness) were filled in the master chart and evaluated further.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Post-operative complications assessed at 6 hours, 1 week and 1 month post-intervention
- 2. Surgical site infection assessed using CDC criteria at 6 hours, 1 week and 1 month post-

intervention

- 3. Persistence of headache assessed using the Headache Impact Test (HIT-6) at 1 month
- 4. Neurological deficit assessed using the Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) at 1 month
- 5. Level of consciousness assessed using the Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) at 1 month

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. ICU length of stay measured using patients' medical records
- 2. Hospital length of stay measured using patients' medical records

Overall study start date

21/06/2022

Completion date

30/09/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All diagnosed cases of chronic subdural hematoma

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

99 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

66

Total final enrolment

66

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with recurrent chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 2. Patients with asymptomatic chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 3. Patients with hematological disorders or those using anticoagulant drugs
- 4. Patients with septated membranes in chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 5. Patients with acute on chronic subdural hematoma (SDH)

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2023

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

India

Study participating centre All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

Trauma Center AIIMS Patna, AIIMS Road, Phulwari Sharif Patna India 801507

Sponsor information

Organisation

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

Sponsor details

AIIMS Patna Trauma Center AIIMS Road, Phulwarisharif Patna India 801507 +91 (0)612-2451006 admin@aiimspatna.org

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

https://aiimspatna.edu.in/

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Plan to publish in a peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

05/07/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publicly available repository

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol file</u>			23/04/2025	No	No