# A study comparing the effectiveness of single burr hole of the skull with double burr hole of the skull in the management of chronic subdural haemorrhage

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> </ul>		
21/04/2025		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
24/04/2025	Completed  Condition category	Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
24/04/2025	Circulatory System	[X] Record updated in last year		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to evaluate the effectiveness of single burr hole as compared to double burr hole craniostomy for chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH), an old clot of blood on the surface of the brain beneath its outer covering. The objectives are to determine the outcomes, risks and benefits of single burr hole as compared to double burr hole in cSDH patients, and to evaluate illness, death and complications in cSDH patients.

## Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over with chronic subdural haematoma

## What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly allocated to undergo either single burr hole craniostomy or double burr hole craniostomy. Participants were monitored through follow-ups at 1 week and 1 month after surgery. The follow-up assessments were designed to evaluate the effectiveness of the surgeries, monitor recovery, and detect any complications or differences in success rates between the two methods.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no additional risks from the procedure as such. The study will help contribute to the standardisation of treatment as single burr hole craniostomy is a simple, less time-consuming and less invasive treatment.

Where is the study run from?
All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2022 to September 2024

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Dr Deepak Kumar, deepaky447@gmail.com, id-deepak10890@aiimspatna.org

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Dr Deepak Kumar

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## Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

# ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

## Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

## Scientific Title

A randomized controlled trial comparing the efficacy of single burr hole with double burr hole in the patients of chronic subdural hematoma

## Acronym

**SDCSDH** 

## **Study objectives**

Single burr hole craniostomy is equally effective as double burr hole craniostomy and introduces lesser risk in treatment of chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH).

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 21/06/2022, AIIMS Patna Ethical Committee (Division of Research, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna, AIIMS Road, Patna, 801507, India; +91 (0)612 2451006; researchdivision@aiimspatna.org), ref: AIIMS/Pat/IEC/PGth/Jul22/16

## Study design

Open randomized controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic subdural hematoma

### **Interventions**

Participants were randomised by simple randomisation into two groups:

Group A: Double burr hole (frontal and parietal)

Group B: Single burr hole (parietal)

Radiological assessment (NCCT BRAIN) was done preoperatively, postoperatively at 6 hours and at the time of discharge. Patients were followed up at 1 week and 1 month post-discharge. Follow-up questionnaires (persistent headache, focal neurological deficit, seizure and altered level of consciousness) were filled in the master chart and evaluated further.

## Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

# Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Post-operative complications assessed at 6 hours, 1 week and 1 month post-intervention
- 2. Surgical site infection assessed using CDC criteria at 6 hours, 1 week and 1 month post-intervention
- 3. Persistence of headache assessed using the Headache Impact Test (HIT-6) at 1 month
- 4. Neurological deficit assessed using the Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) at 1 month
- 5. Level of consciousness assessed using the Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) at 1 month

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. ICU length of stay measured using patients' medical records
- 2. Hospital length of stay measured using patients' medical records

# Completion date

30/09/2024

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

All diagnosed cases of chronic subdural hematoma

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 years

## Upper age limit

99 years

## Sex

ΔII

## Total final enrolment

66

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with recurrent chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 2. Patients with asymptomatic chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 3. Patients with hematological disorders or those using anticoagulant drugs
- 4. Patients with septated membranes in chronic subdural hematoma (cSDH)
- 5. Patients with acute on chronic subdural hematoma (SDH)

## Date of first enrolment

01/07/2023

## Date of final enrolment

01/07/2024

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

India

# Study participating centre All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

Trauma Center AIIMS Patna, AIIMS Road, Phulwari Sharif

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Other

## Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publicly available repository

# IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file			23/04/2025	No	No