# Overview of the Role of Antibiotics in Curtailing Labour and Early delivery

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li><li>Protocol</li></ul>		
25/10/2000				
Registration date 25/10/2000	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
05/07/2018	Pregnancy and Childbirth			

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Robin Youngs

#### Contact details

Department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology Clinical Sciences Building Leicester Royal Infirmary Gloucester United Kingdom GL1 3NN +441452394205 abc@123.com

## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

G9226450

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Overview of the Role of Antibiotics in Curtailing Labour and Early delivery (ORACLE)

#### **Acronym**

**ORACLE** 

#### **Study objectives**

The ORACLE trial is designed to test the hypothesis that treatment of women with idiopathic preterm labour or preterm rupture of the membranes (PROM) with broad spectrum antibiotics reduces neonatal mortality and morbidity due to preterm birth

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Added 18/07/2007: Approved by West Midlands Multicentre Research Ethics Committee.

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Not specified

#### Study type(s)

**Not Specified** 

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Obstetrics and gynaecology

#### **Interventions**

Broad spectrum antibiotics/placebo

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

**Not Specified** 

#### Primary outcome measure

Neonatal death, Chronic lung disease, Major cerebral pathology

#### Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

#### Overall study start date

01/07/1994

#### Completion date

31/03/2009

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Pregnant women less than 37 weeks gestation either in preterm labour or with premature rupture of membranes (PROM)

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Female

## Target number of participants

10000

#### Key exclusion criteria

Need for immediate delivery, contraindications for antibiotics

#### Date of first enrolment

01/07/1994

#### Date of final enrolment

31/03/2009

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

#### Study participating centre

#### Department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology

Leicester United Kingdom LE2 7LX

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

#### Sponsor details

20 Park Crescent London United Kingdom W1B 1AL +44 (0)20 7636 5422 clinical.trial@headoffice.mrc.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

Research council

#### Website

http://www.mrc.ac.uk

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research council

#### **Funder Name**

Medical Research Council (UK)

#### Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

#### Funding Body Type

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	ORACLE I results	31/03/2001		Yes	No
Results article	ORACLE II results	31/03/2001		Yes	No
Results article	ORACLE trials results	01/06/2005		Yes	No
Results article	ORACLE I trial results	11/10/2008		Yes	No
Results article	ORACLE II trial results	11/10/2008		Yes	No