

# A randomised study of sulindac and epalrestat in diabetic retinopathy

<b>Submission date</b> 11/10/2006	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 12/10/2006	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 16/10/2009	<b>Condition category</b> Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
N/A

# Study information

## Scientific Title

## Acronym

RSSEDR

## Study objectives

The primary purpose is to evaluate the effects of long term treatment with sulindac and epalrestat in diabetic retinopathy.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Institutional Review Board of Asama General Hospital, date of Approval 01/08/1997 (reference number: AGH 97-01).

## Study design

Interventional randomised single-blind uncontrolled parallel-assignment trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Other

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetic Retinopathy

## Interventions

1. The sulindac group: patients took 100 mg of sulindac twice a day
2. The epalrestat group: patients took 50 mg of epalrestat three times a day
3. The control group: patients took no additional medications

## Intervention Type

Drug

## Phase

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Sulindac, epalrestat

**Primary outcome measure**

1. Seven-field stereoscopic retinal photography at baseline, and yearly intervals
2. Endpoint if they were diagnosed with proliferative diabetic retinopathy

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Glycosylated Hemoglobin (GHb) values determine at monthly intervals
2. Remain on their medications for three years
3. Endpoint if exhibited a dipstick proteinuria of more than or equal to 1+

**Overall study start date**

01/10/1997

**Completion date**

31/10/2000

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Clinical diagnosis of type two diabetes
2. Age 20 years or older
3. Patient consent

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

48

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Having diabetes for less than five years
2. HbA1c less than 8.0%
3. Taking other medications except for oral hypoglycemic agents or insulin injections
4. Hypertension
5. Inability to understand the implications of the protocol

**Date of first enrolment**

01/10/1997

**Date of final enrolment**

31/10/2000

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Japan

## Study participating centre

Department of Molecular Oncology

Matsumoto

Japan

390-8621

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Asama General Hospital (Japan)

## Sponsor details

1862-1

Iwamura

Saku

Japan

385-8558

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asamaghp@avis.ne.jp

## Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

## Funder Name

Internally funded by participant centre, Asama General Hospital (Japan)

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration