Integrating positive behavior support and emotional learning programs in children with special educational needs at risk for externalizing and internalizing problems: evaluating TIME-IN

Submission date 17/03/2017	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered [X] Protocol
Registration date 28/03/2017	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 17/05/2021	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Special education students with learning disabilities are known to be at risk for developing emotional and behavioural problems. This can threaten students' school readiness and complicate teaching, requiring punishment which may lead to dropping out of school. In contrast, emotional problems are often underestimated and are likely to remain unaddressed. Unfortunately, solely using punishment strategies to deal with problem behaviour seems to be ineffective and only makes the problems worse. Previous research shows that programmes such as the School-Wide Positive Behaviour Support (SWPBS) can be effective at preventing and addressing external problems (i.e. behavioural issues). However, SWPBS lacks clear evidencebased interventions for dealing with negative emotions and internalizing problems (i.e. emotional problems). Therefore, the TIME-IN programme was developed as a school-wide healthcare policy, which extends SWPBS by also adding emotional support systems such as Emotion Regulation Training (ERT). TIME-IN aims to improve the inclusion of special education students with learning disabilities in the classroom by teaching adaptive emotion regulation strategies and by reducing externalised and internalised problems, which is also a key priority for Flemish government as part of recent educational reformation. The aim of this study is to test the effectiveness of the TIME-IN programme on children's emotion regulation, behaviour and emotional well-being in special education children.

Who can participate?

Children aged 8-12 with learning disabilities, their parents and their special education teachers.

What does the study involve?

Participating schools are allocated to either receiving the TIME-IN programme or to continue as normal. Schools receive the programme if they display that they are willing and ready to implement it. TIME-IN is supervised by a school psychologist and follows a three level approach

using proactive (creating or controlling a situation), preventive (preventing a situation) and curative (curing a situation) programmes. TIME-IN works to create a school wide plan to create a safe school environment and to determine student's special educational needs. The programme also includes training on classroom management, promoting emotional awareness, coaching emotional regulating strategies (i.e. problem-solving) and repairing conflicts between teachers and children. Schools who do not receive the TIME-IN programme continue with their normal care. Emotional regulation strategies and school readiness of students are measured before and after the programme using questionnaires for teachers, students and their parents.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? A possible benefit with participating is that the programme may improve children's school readiness and prevent school drop-out. There are no notable risks with participating.

Where is the study run from? MPI 't Craeneveld Oudenaarde (Belgium)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2015 to June 2015

Who is funding the study? 1. Educational Government (Belgium) 2. Special Research Fund Ghent University (BOF) University of Ghent (Belgium)

Who is the main contact? Mr Henk Weymeis Henk.Weymeis@Ugent.be

Study website http://www.time-in.be (website) https://www.acco.be/nl-be/items/9789462922884/Wij-zijngedrag (protocol)

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Mr Henk Weymeis

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8887-8376

Contact details University of Ghent Henri Dunantlaan 2 Gent Belgium 9000 +32 485 652 678 henk.weymeis@ugent.be

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers ISBN 978-94-6292-288-4

Study information

Scientific Title

Extending School-Wide Positive Behaviour Support (SWPBS) with emotional support systems: a non-randomized study testing the effectiveness of a school-wide health care policy TIME-IN in Flemish special education

Acronym

TIME-IN

Study objectives

1. TIME-IN improves special education children's adaptive emotion regulation strategies compared to a control group with no intervention

2. TIME-IN reduces both children's externalizing and internalizing problems compared to a control group with no intervention

3. TIME-IN reduces both children's externalizing and internalizing problems through adaptive emotion regulation

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethical Commission of Ghent University Faculty of Psychology and Pedagogical Sciences, 22/9 /2014, ref: 2014/45

Study design Prospective controlled two armed non randomised study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design Non randomised study

Study setting(s) School

Study type(s) Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Children with learning disabilities, at risk for developing behavioural, emotional and academic problems (clinical sample).

Interventions

Participating schools are allocated to either receiving the intervention or to the control group. Schools are allocated based on their readiness to implement the intervention programme and based on the implementation criteria such as sufficient awareness of need and motivation to get started with the implementation of a demanding school-wide programme. This is done through discussions with school boards. Control schools are chosen randomly selected from an ongoing study on school readiness in 18 nearby schools.

Intervention group (TIME-IN):

Participating schools implement the TIME-IN programme over nine months. This consists of 48 meetings, lasting a total of 122 hours. Five workshops of three hours and one two-hour plenary information sessions is devoted to the development and presentation of a school-wide charter and additionally three three-hour discussion sessions are held over the year to evaluate the schools action plan. Next, one plenary information session (three hours) is organised to discussion children's screening results and six workshops of three hours on the implementation of a school-wide quality assurance system is implemented: Action-Oriented Working in the Classroom (AOW). 30 teachers are trained about the programme through five three-hour workshops. The school clinical psychologist staff receive four workshops (three hours) to training outside classroom interventions. Finally two school-parent contacts (three hours) are organised to involve parents in the learning process.

Teachers are expected to enhance a safe classroom climate by formulating and visualizing positive behavioural expectations, practicing relational skills and providing clear instructions regarding the course content. Teachers promote emotional competencies using classroom emotional thermometers tools which enhance emotion identification by visualising different emotions and fostering emotional understanding. Students' special needs and adaptive emotion regulation strategies are improved by using a student reminder card. When aggressive behaviour or an emotional crisis arise, staff use the Life Space Crisis Intervention procedure in order to repair the conflictual relationship between teachers and child. Teachers support the children to cool down and receive assistance from the school psychologist.

Control group (Care as usual):

The control group does not receive any interventions and continue with their normal care.

School readiness is measured at baseline and at month nine (after the intervention) using questionnaires for teachers, students and their parents in a multi-informant assessment procedure.

Intervention Type Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Current primary outcome measures as of 16/10/2020:

1. Adaptive emotion regulation strategies are measured using the FEEL-KJ at baseline and 9 months

2. Maladaptive emotion regulation strategies are measured using the FEEL-KJ at baseline and 9 months

3. Depressive symptoms are measured using the Child Depression Inventory (CDI) at baseline and 9 months

Previous primary outcome measures:

1. Externalizing problems are measured using the Teacher Report Form (TRF) at baseline and 9 months

2. Internalizing problems are measured using the Teacher Report Form (TRF) at baseline and 9 months

3. Depressive symptoms are measured using the Child Depression Inventory (CDI) at baseline and 9 months

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 16/10/2020:

 Externalising problems are measured using the Teacher Report Form (TRF; intervention group) and Child Behaviour Checklist (CBCL; control group) at baseline and 9 months
 Internalising problems are measured using the Teacher Report Form (TRF; intervention group) and Child Behaviour Checklist (CBCL; control group) at baseline and 9 months

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Emotional regulation strategies are measured using FEEL-KJ is measured using at baseline and 9 months

Overall study start date

20/05/2014

Completion date

30/06/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Special Education Children with learning disabilities between 8 - 12 years old

Updated 20/03/2018:

1. Children between 8-12 years old with special educational needs (SEN; i.e. children with a learning and/or a mild intellectual disability)

2. Their biological parents (father and/or mother)

3. Their Special Education Teacher

Participant type(s) Other

Age group Child

Lower age limit 8 Years

Upper age limit

12 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants T0: 100 participants T1: 100 participants

Total final enrolment

162

Key exclusion criteria

1. Children, parents or teachers who do not consent to participate in the study

2. Children younger than 8 and older than 12 years

3. Children who are not primarily diagnosed with a learning disability (in Flemish education this is categorised as 'Type BA - special education')

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2014

Date of final enrolment 15/09/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment Belgium

Study participating centre MPI 't Craeneveld Serpentsstraat 63 Oudenaarde Belgium 9700

Sponsor information

Organisation Flemish Government Education

Sponsor details

Hendrik Consciencegebouw Koning Albert II laan 15 Brussels Belgium 1210

Sponsor type Government

Website http://onderwijs.vlaanderen.be/

ROR https://ror.org/04qxsrb28

Funder(s)

Funder type University/education

Funder Name

Ghent University

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Current publication and dissemination plan as of 16/10/2020: Results publication submitted to Frontiers - Psychology or Clinical Setting (03/07/2020). Publication of the results in an internal research report, to be available for all stakeholders (school district, school managing board, teachers, parents and students) is planned.

Previous publication and dissemination plan:

The protocol is currently under review; the results will be submitted later this spring at a peerreviewed scientific journal. Also, publication of the results in an internal research report, to be available for all stakeholders (school district, school managing board, teachers, parents and students) is planned.

Intention to publish date

31/12/2020

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Henk Weymeis (henk.weymeis@ugent.be).

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs					
Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	01/07/2019	16/10/2020	Yes	Νο
<u>Results article</u>		27/04/2021	28/04/2021	Yes	No