# Effects of carbon monoxide on nasal mucociliary clearance

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
29/09/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
29/09/2006	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
22/09/2014	Ear, Nose and Throat	Record updated in last yea

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Stephen Lo

#### Contact details

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#### Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** N0236169531

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Study objectives

To determine the effects of low concentrations of carbon monoxide gas on the motility of human nasal cilia cells.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Prospective single-blinded controlled study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Other

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Ear, Nose and Throat

#### **Interventions**

A steady flow of normal air (100 ml/min) is fed into one nostril; the other nostril is left unblocked so air can escape. Simultaneously, the subject breathes via the mouth into an oxygen mouthpiece so that the soft palate closes the mouth from the nasal cavity, and gas flows from one nostril to the other without being inspired into the lungs. This lasts for 10 minutes. The saccharine test is then used to measure the nasal mucociliary clearance time. A saccharine granule is placed in the nose at the same site in all subjects. The time required for the subject to taste the sweetness is measured. Oral only breathing is maintained during the saccharine test. The test is repeated with a 100 cc/min flow of low concentration CO gas (30 ppm) fed into the nostril. The subject is blinded and does not know which gas is fed into the nostril. The nostril into which the gas is fed into is randomised. The background ambient CO level is measured using a commercially available CO detector.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

The mucociliary clearance time, measured as the time to taste the saccharin

#### Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

#### Overall study start date

21/08/2005

#### Completion date

21/08/2006

### Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Healthy adult volunteers between 18 and 40 years old. Volunteers will be recruited from amongst medical and nursing staff and students at St Georges Hospital, London. They will be personally approached by the principle investigator.

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

Added 21/07/2008: 26

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Smokers
- 2. Subjects with a history of chronic respiratory or nasal disease
- 3. Symptomatic upper respiratory tract infection during the previous 4 weeks
- 4. Subjects who have taken systemic or topical steroids or anti-histamine therapy during the previous 4 weeks
- 5. Presence of significant mechanical intra-nasal deformity such as a septal deviation or bony spur
- 6. Children under 16 years old
- 7. Vulnerable groups including those with learning difficulty, mental illness and dementia
- 8. Pregnancy
- 9. Other conditions that increase risk are hyperthyroidism, obesity, bronchitis, asthma, preexisting heart disease and alcoholism

#### Date of first enrolment

21/08/2005

#### Date of final enrolment

21/08/2006

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre Department of Otolaryngology

London United Kingdom SW17 0QT

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Record Provided by the NHSTCT Register - 2006 Update - Department of Health

#### Sponsor details

The Department of Health, Richmond House, 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### Funder Name

St George's Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

#### Funder Name

NHS R&D Support Funding (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration