Treatment of aggression with Virtual Reality

Submission date 03/06/2020	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered
Registration date	Overall study status	 Protocol Statistical analysis plan
16/11/2020	Completed	[] Results
Last Edited 29/12/2021	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	 Individual participant data Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The evidence base for forensic psychiatric care is severely lacking, and there are no available treatment methods that have been established as effective in Swedish forensic psychiatry. Lately, new treatment methods using Virtual Reality (VR) have been developed for various mental disorders. Using Virtual Reality as a tool in the treatment could provide possibilities for forensic psychiatry to assist patients with skills training in contexts that are relevant to the "regular" life, and not just life as an inpatient in forensic psychiatry.

In this study, a newly developed method for VR-assisted treatment of aggression (the VRAPT), specifically designed for forensic psychiatry, will be translated (from Dutch) to Swedish and tested in a small study on forensic psychiatric inpatients to see how effective it is in treating aggression.

Who can participate?

Adult inpatients sentenced to forensic psychiatric care for treatment at a maximum security forensic psychiatric hospital in Sweden with a history of aggression and/or current problems with aggression.

What does the study involve?

During participation, participants will undergo the 16-session individual VRAPT treatment delivered by specially trained VR therapists. Data is collected on a total of 4 occasions: 1) 12 weeks before the start of treatment, 2) at the start of treatment, 3) at end of treatment and 4) 12 weeks after the end of treatment. Data will be collected on 1) current and past aggression, violence, and criminality, 2) sociodemographic data and psychosocial background, 3) mental health history and current status including emotion regulation, 4) sense of presence in the virtual environment, and 5) patients' and therapists' experiences of the VRAPT.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The participation in the study is in no way related to the treatment of the patients, why no direct benefits related to their forensic psychiatric treatment are available. All participating patients will receive a minor reimbursement (of approximately 12 euro) after completed participation.

Possible risks are handled through only including patients who have been assessed as capable of providing informed consent. All participation is conducted under strict, clinical safety routines with observation and support available for all participants.

Where is the study run from? Regional Forensic Psychiatric Clinic (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From February 2019 to December 2020

Who is funding the study? Southern Healthcare Region, Region Kronoberg, and The Research Council for Health, Work Life and Welfare (Sweden)

Who is the main contact? Märta Wallinius, marta.wallinius@kronoberg.se

Study website

https://celam.gu.se/forevidence/for-vr/? languageId=100001&disableRedirect=true&returnUrl=http%3A%2F%2Fcelam.gu.se% 2Fsvenska%2Fforevidence%2Ffor-vr%2F

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Miss Märta Wallinius

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0530-9560

Contact details Johan Allgulins väg 1 Växjö Sweden 352 57 +46 470 589933 marta.wallinius@kronoberg.se

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Mr Fernando Gonzalez Moraga

Contact details Johan Allgulins väg 1 Växjö Sweden 352 57 +46 470 58 95 65 fernando.gonzalezmoraga@kronoberg.se

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers FOR-VR001

Study information

Scientific Title

Virtual Reality Aggression Prevention in Forensic Psychiatric Patients in Sweden - a pilot study

Acronym

VRAPT-SF

Study objectives

This pilot study aims to test the feasibility and applicability of Virtual Reality Aggression Prevention Training (VRAPT) in a sample of Swedish forensic psychiatric inpatients, with the following, primary aim:

1. To investigate the effect of VRAPT on the occurrence and severity of aggressive behaviours in forensic psychiatric patients.

Secondary research questions are:

1. How does VRAPT affect emotion regulation in forensic psychiatric patients?

2. Which important confounders (e.g., sense of presence in the virtual environment, psychosocial background and mental health characteristics including personality of the patients, presence of other externalizing behaviours including substance use) need to be considered in evaluation of treatment effect of VRAPT?

3. How is VRAPT experienced by participating patients and staff?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 06/05/2019, the Swedish Ethical Review Authority (Etikprövningsmyndigheten Box 2110, 750 02 Uppsala, Sweden; registrator@etikprovning.se; + 46 (0)10 475 08 00), ref: 2019-02337.

Study design

Single-center, observational, case-series pilot study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design Case series

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Forensic psychiatric inpatients with aggression regulation problems

Interventions

The Virtual Reality Aggression Prevention Training (VRAPT) consists of 16 individual treatment sessions, delivered by specially trained VRAPT therapists using the VRAPT treatment manual and workbooks together with Virtual Reality technology. Before, during, and after VRAPT treatment, participants are followed with staff observations, self-reports, and medical file reviews. After completed participation, individual interviews with patients and therapists on their experiences from the VRAPT will be performed.

Each session is delivered according to the VRAPT-manual, with the first 6 sessions being devoted to mapping aggression problems, formulating treatment goals, practicing emotion recognition, and practicing recognition and management of physical tension. During sessions 6-15, the treatment focuses on practicing de-escalation strategies and aggression management. The final session considers the treatment evaluation. The sessions are provided 1-2 times a week.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Occurrence and severity of aggressive behaviours demonstrated by forensic psychiatric patients, assessed through staff reports using The Social Dysfunction and Aggression Scale-9, self-reports (Aggression Questionnaire-Revised Swedish Version; State-Trait Anger eXpression Inventory-2), and collected from medical files. Staff reports and information from medical files will be collected continuously from baseline (12 weeks prior to treatment start), through the treatment, and 12 weeks after completed treatment. Self-reports will be conducted directly before treatment start, directly after completed treatment, and 12 weeks after completed treatment.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Self-reported emotion regulation (Difficulties in Emotion Regulation Scale) will be collected from patients directly before treatment start, directly after completed treatment, and 12 weeks after completed treatment

2. Treatment fidelity will be assessed through the therapist's workbook, where the therapist assesses fidelity for each session directly after the session, which will be collected continuously during treatment in the VRAPT treatment protocol

3. Importance of confounders will be investigated through collecting information on psychosocial background including childhood adversities (self-report with Childhood Trauma Questionnaire- Short Form; medical files), mental health characteristics and history (medical files), and history of externalizing behaviours and callous aggression (Externalizing Spectrum Inventory-Brief Form; medical files) which will be collected directly before the treatment start 4. Sense of presence in the virtual environment will be assessed through self-report (I-group Presence Questionnaire) directly after completed treatment

5. Experiences from the VRAPT treatment will be assessed through interviews with therapists and participating patients conducted after completed participation

Overall study start date

01/02/2019

Completion date

31/12/2020

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Sentenced to forensic psychiatric care and are being treated as inpatients at a maximum security forensic psychiatric hospital in Sweden

2. History of aggression and/or current problems with reactive aggression

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

15

Key exclusion criteria

1. Inability to understand the meaning of participating in the study, and insufficient psychiatric status to provide informed consent

2. Insufficient skills in the Swedish language that impede active participation in all parts of the study

3. Epilepsy

- 4. Intellectual disabilities (IQ <70)
- 5. Autism spectrum disorder with severely impaired functioning
- 6. Acute psychotic state
- 7. Current and serious security risks that prevent safe participation

Date of first enrolment

18/11/2019

Date of final enrolment 31/08/2020

Locations

Countries of recruitment Sweden

Study participating centre Regional Forensic Psychiatric Clinic Johan Allgulins väg 1 Växjö Sweden 352 57

Sponsor information

Organisation Regional Forensic Psychiatric Clinic

Sponsor details Johan Allgulins väg 1 Växjö Sweden 352 57 +46 470586220 ps-regpsyk@kronoberg.se

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.regionkronoberg.se/halsa-vard-tandvard/rattspsykiatri/

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name

Forskningsrådet om Hälsa, Arbetsliv och Välfärd

Alternative Name(s) Swedish Research Council for Health, Working Life and Welfare, FORTE

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype Local government

Location Sweden

Funder Name Region Kronoberg, Sweden

Funder Name Southern Healthcare Region, Sweden

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Results at the group level will be made public in international, scientific journals, through debate articles in trade journals or established media, and presented to user organizations, family associations, patients in forensic psychiatric care, and adjacent health organizations and authorities through an established dissemination plan at the responsible research department. Preliminary results are expected to be presented early 2021, with scientific publications during 2021-2022.

Intention to publish date

31/12/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from principal investigator, Märta Wallinius, marta.wallinius@med.lu.se. Data will be available after data preparation have been finished, and only available for group level analyses, in accordance with ethical approval. All data will be anonymized, and data that may risk identification will be deleted before sharing.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available