# AML17: a programme of treatment development in younger patients with Acute Myeloid Leukaemia and high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome

Submission date 21/06/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/07/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>[] Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 01/05/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-looking-treatment-children-acute-myeloid-leukaemiaaml-17

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-acute-myeloid-leukaemia-aml-17

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-looking-treatmentacute-promyelocytic-leukaemia-AML-17

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Alan Burnett

## Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# **EudraCT/CTIS number** 2007-003798-16

### **IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers CU 372-07

# Study information

### Scientific Title

AML17: a programme of treatment development in younger patients with Acute Myeloid Leukaemia and high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome

### Acronym

AML17

**Study objectives** Best chemotherapy +/- molecular intervention and risk-directed chemotherapy.

**Ethics approval required** Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) MREC for Wales, 08/10/2008, ref: 08/MRE09/29

**Study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Hospital

**Study type(s)** Treatment

**Participant information sheet** Patient information material can be found at: http://AML17.cardiff.ac.uk

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute myeloid leukaemia/high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome

## Interventions

Current interventions as of 24/06/2008:

1. In acute promyelocytic leukaemia (APL) patients to compare idarubicin and all-trans retinoic acid (ATRA) versus ATRA and arsenic

2. In non-APL patients to compare ara-C/dauno/etoposide (ADE) alone versus ADE or ara-C /dauno (DA) each with Mylotarg at two different doses (five arms):

2.1. ADE alone

2.2. ADE and Mylotarg (3 mg)

2.3. DA and Mylotarg (3 mg)

2.4. ADE and Mylotarg (6 mg)

2.5. DA and Mylotarg (6 mg)

3. Three versus four courses of total therapy

4. +/- CEP-701 (lestaurtinib) in FLT3 mutants

5. Dauno and clofarabine versus fludarabine, cytarabine, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor, and idarubicin (FLAG-Ida) in high-risk patients

6. +/- mTOR inhibition in non-CBF, non-FLT3 mutant, in non-high risk patients

The treatment period is approximately 4 to 6 months.

Previous interventions:

1. In acute promyelocytic leukaemia (APL) patients to compare idarubicin and all-trans retinoic acid (ATRA) versus ATRA and arsenic

2. In non-APL patients to compare ara-C/dauno/etoposide (ADE) alone versus ADE or ara-C /dauno (DA) each with Mylotarg at two different doses (five arms):

2.1. ADE alone

2.2. ADE and Mylotarg (3 mg)

2.3. DA and Mylotarg (3 mg)

2.4. ADE and Mylotarg (6 mg)

2.5. DA and Mylotarg (6 mg)

3. Three versus four courses of total therapy

4. +/- CEP-701 (lestaurtinib) in FLT3 mutants

5. Dauno and clofarabine versus dauno and cloretazine versus fludarabine, cytarabine, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor, and idarubicin (FLAG-Ida) in high-risk patients

6. +/- mTOR inhibition in non-CBF, non-FLT3 mutant, in non-high risk patients

The treatment period is approximately 4 to 6 months.

Intervention Type

Drug

**Phase** Phase III

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Idarubicin, all-trans retinoic acid (ATRA), arsenic, ara-C/dauno/etoposide (ADE), ara-C/dauno (DA), mylotarg (gemtuzumab ozogamicin), lestaurtinib, clofarabine, cloretazine, fludarabine, cytarabine, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor

### Primary outcome measure

1. Complete remission (CR), measured at approximately 1 month and if required approximately 6 weeks later i.e. after course 1 and/or 2

#### 2. CR duration

3. Relapse rate, monitored over 5 years

4. Deaths in CR, monitored over 5 years

5. Overall survival (at 5 years)

6. Toxicity

7. Quality of life, measured at baseline and at 3, 6, 12 and 24 months for those in the APL section of the trial, and at 3, 6 and 12 months for patients in the minimal residual disease monitoring. The European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer, Quality of Life Questionnaire for Cancer patients (EORTC QLQC-30) and Hospital Anxiety and Depression Score (HADS) will be used.

8. Supportive care requirements

### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Detection of minimal residual disease
- 2. Correlation of serum inhibitory activity

## Overall study start date

01/09/2008

## **Completion date**

31/12/2020

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

1. They have one of the forms of acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) as defined by the World Health Organization (WHO)

2. They are considered suitable for intensive chemotherapy

3. They are less than 60 years

4. For Mylotarg (gemtuzumab ozogamicin) intervention, have liver function tests within twice the upper limit of normal

### Participant type(s)

Patient

**Age group** Adult

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 2700

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. No previous cytotoxic therapy for AML other than hydroxyurea
- 2. Blast transformation of chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML)
- 3. Concurrent active malignancy
- 4. Pregnant or lactating

5. Children with Down's syndrome

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2008

**Date of final enrolment** 01/07/2014

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Denmark

United Kingdom

Wales

**Study participating centre Cardiff University** Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XN

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** Cardiff University (UK)

## Sponsor details

c/o Dr Kathy Pittard-Davies 33-36 Newport Road Cardiff Wales United Kingdom CF2 +44 (0)29 2087 9274 DaviesKP2@Cardiff.ac.uk

### Sponsor type

University/education

Website http://www.Cardiff.ac.uk

ROR https://ror.org/03kk7td41

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Research council

Funder Name Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK)

Alternative Name(s) CR\_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, CRUK

**Funding Body Type** Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype** Other non-profit organizations

**Location** United Kingdom

**Funder Name** Genzyme Ltd (UK) - supplying clofarabine

**Funder Name** Novartis Pharmaceuticals UK Limited (UK) - supplying mTOR inhibitor

**Funder Name** Cephalon UK Ltd (UK) - providing arsenic trioxide and CEP-701

**Funder Name** Bioenvision Ltd (UK) - providing clofarabine

# **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	18/06/2015		Yes	No
<u>Results article</u>	results	01/10/2015		Yes	No
Results article	results	04/02/2016		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/06/2016		Yes	No
<u>Results article</u>	results	02/03/2017		Yes	No
Results article	results	27/02/2020	15/01/2020	Yes	No
Results article		10/03/2021	28/09/2021	Yes	No
<u>Plain English results</u>			25/10/2022	No	Yes
<u>Plain English results</u>			25/10/2022	No	Yes
<u>HRA research summary</u>			28/06/2023	No	No
<u>Results article</u>		01/05/2025	01/05/2025	Yes	No