# The effect of stretching and transverse friction massage to gastrocnemius for patellofemoral pain syndrome

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
28/07/2015	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
23/08/2015	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<ul><li>Individual participant data</li></ul>
15/10/2020	Musculoskeletal Diseases	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Patellofemoral pain syndrome (knee pain in young adults) happens when the kneecap (patella) is affected by imbalances in the muscles surrounding the knee joint. One of the causes is excessive tightness of the calf muscles. This study investigates if a massage technique (called transverse friction massage) combined with a home stretching exercise programme works better in treating the condition than the stretching exercises alone.

#### Who can participate?

Patients aged 16 or over with patellofemoral pain syndrome.

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into one of two groups. Those in group A receive a self-stretching programme to do at home. Those in group B hare given the same stretching programme and also the

transverse friction massage to the gastrocnemius (calf muscle). All participants attend the trial participating centre 3 times over the study period. This involves an initial assessment at the start of the study, a follow-up visit 2 weeks into the study and a final one 4 weeks into the study. A review of the participants progress is made at the two follow up visits and those in group B receive their massage treatment during this time.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The use of stretches and transverse friction massage to the calf muscles are treatment techniques that are commonly used by physiotherapists for this and other conditions. The risk to the patient is minimal. On rare occasions there may be some mild soreness to the calf muscle however this usually settles within a 24 hour period.

#### Where is the study run from?

Northern Devon District Hospital and Precision Physiotherapy, Bideford (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2014 to September 2015

Who is funding the study? Middlesex University (UK)

Who is the main contact? Mr Stuart Hall

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

Mr Stuart Hall

#### Contact details

Precision Physiotherapy 52 Bay View Road Northam Bideford United Kingdom EX39 1BH

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The effect of stretches and transverse friction massage to the gastrocnemius in patients with patellofemoral pain syndrome (PFPS) – a pilot interventional study

# **Study objectives**

1. Hypothesis 1

There is a reduction in pain with patients with PFPS who receive transverse friction massage and stretches compared to patients who receive a stretching regimen alone

2. Hypothesis 2

There is an improvement in function with patients with PFPS who receive transverse friction massage compared to patients who receive a stretching regimen alone

3. Null hypothesis 1

There is no difference in pain with patients with PFPS who receive transverse friction massage and stretches compared to patients who receive a stretching regime alone 4. Null hypothesis 2

There is no difference in function with patients with PFPS who receive transverse friction massage and stretches compared to patients who receive a stretching regime alone

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

- 1. London Sport Institute Ethics Sub-Committee, 21/04/2015, ref: 351
- 2. West of Scotland Research Ethics Service, 10/09/2015, ref: 15/WS/0172

#### Study design

Pilot interventional study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Patellofemoral pain syndrome

#### **Interventions**

There will be two treatment arms for the study which will be called groups A and B.

Group A will be taught home stretches for their gastrocnemius.

Group B will be taught the same stretching programme however will also recieve 3 sessions of transverse friction massage which will be applied to the lateral head of gastrocnemius for 10 minutes.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome measure

Pain measured on VAS and Eccentric step down test at baseline, 2 weeks and 4 weeks follow-up

#### Secondary outcome measures

Function measured by Modified Functional Index Questionnaire and Eccentric step down test at baseline, 2 weeks and 4 weeks follow-up

#### Overall study start date

10/10/2014

#### Completion date

28/09/2015

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Participants may be aged from 16 and above, with no upper age limitation. History of characteristic history and symptoms of patellofemoral joint pain for more than 6 weeks, defined as retropatellar pain during physical activities such as jumping, running, squatting and going up and down stairs.

Exhibit at least two of the following physical criteria:

- 1. Pain on direct compression of the patella against the femoral condyles with the knee in full extension
- 2. Tenderness of the posterior surface of the patella on palpation
- 3. Pain on resisted knee extension in 15° of flexion
- 4. Negative findings in the examination of the other knee structures, i.e. ligaments, menisci, bursae, synovial plicae, Hoffa's fat pad, Iliotibial band, and the hamstrings, quadriceps, patellar tendons and their insertions.

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

30

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Referred pain to the lower limb from any spinal, pelvic or hip joints
- 2. Pregnancy
- 3. Joint replacement, ligamentous or meniscal surgery
- 4. Intra-articular loose bodies
- 5. Increased temperature of the knee joint
- 6. Abnormal illness behaviour
- 7. Rheumatoid arthritis
- 8. Heart conditions
- 9. Peripheral vascular disease

#### Date of first enrolment

01/06/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

# Study participating centre Northern Devon District Hospital

Raleigh Park Barnstaple United Kingdom EX31 4JB

#### Study participating centre Precision Physiotherapy

52 Bay View Road Northam Bideford United Kingdom EX39 1BH

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Middlesex University

#### Sponsor details

c/o Dr Elaine Atkins
Programme Leader MSc Orthopaedic Medicine
The Archway Campus
Highgate Hill
London
England
United Kingdom
N19 5LW

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.mdx.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01rv4p989

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

Middlesex University

#### Alternative Name(s)

Middlesex University, London, Middlesex University London, MDX

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

#### Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

To be confirmed at a later date

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

#### **Study outputs**

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

HRA research summary 28/06/2023 No No