European achalasia trial: a prospective randomised multi-centre study comparing endoscopic pneumodilation and laparoscopic myotomy as treatment of idiopathic achalasia

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 04/08/2005 | | ☐ Protocol | | |
| Registration date | Overall study status | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| 04/08/2005 | Completed | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited | Condition category | [] Individual participant data | | |
| 30/11/2015 | Digestive System | | | |

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number NTR37

Study information

Scientific Title

European achalasia trial: a prospective randomised multi-centre study comparing endoscopic pneumodilation and laparoscopic myotomy as treatment of idiopathic achalasia

Study objectives

The major aim of this prospective, randomised, multi-centre study is to compare the two treatments, namely pneumatic dilation and laparoscopic Heller myotomy.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local ethics committee.

Study design

Randomised, active controlled, parallel group, multicentre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Achalasia

Interventions

Pneumatic dilation versus laparoscopic Heller myotomy.

Subjects will be followed during 10 years. 1 month after treatment a manometry and an oesophageal emptying will be performed and will be repeated every year. 1 year after treatment an endoscopy (+ Lugol staining) and 24h pH-metry will be performed and will be repeated every 3 years.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Symptom control
- 2. Therapeutic success

Key secondary outcome(s))

No secondary outcome measures

Completion date

01/01/2013

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Between 18 and 75 years of age
- 2. Manometric diagnosis of achalasia
- 3. Eckardt score greater than three
- 4. Signed informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

75 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Severe cardio-pulmonary disease or other serious disease leading to unacceptable surgical risk
- 2. Previous treatment except treatment with nitroderivatives
- 3. Ca++ channel blockers or sildenafil or dilation with Savary bougies or balloons of 2 cm diameter or smaller
- 4. Pseudo-achalasia
- 5. Mega-oesophagus (greater than 7 cm)
- 6. Previous oesophageal or gastric surgery (except for gastric perforation)
- 7. Not capable of filling out questionnaires (i.e. due to language barrier)
- 8. Not available for follow-up
- 9. Oesophageal diverticula in the distal oesophagus

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2003

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Meibergdreef 9

Amsterdam Netherlands 1105 AZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Academic Medical Centre (AMC) (The Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/03t4gr691

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Academic Medical Centre (AMC) (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 12/05/2011 | | Yes | No |
| Results article | results | 01/04/2013 | | Yes | No |
| Results article | results | 01/05/2016 | | Yes | No |