# The Preterm Infant Parenting Study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting Overall study status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
01/09/2005		<pre>Protocol</pre>		
Registration date		Statistical analysis plan		
08/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 01/02/2013	Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	[] Individual participant data		

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

**Type(s)**Scientific

Contact name

Prof Andrew Whitelaw

#### Contact details

Neonatal Medicine
University of Bristol Medical School
Southmead Hospital
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS10 5NB
+44 (0)117 959 5699
andrew.whitelaw@bristol.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Acronym

**PIPS** 

#### **Study objectives**

Does the Parent-Baby Interaction Program introduced soon after premature birth reduce stress and depression in the mother and developmental delay at 2 years in the infant?

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Preterm birth

#### **Interventions**

The Parent Baby Interaction Programme versus no intervention

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Parental Stess Index at 3 months post term
- 2. Bayley Scales of Infant Development at 2 years post term

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale at 3 months post term
- 2. Home observation for measurement of the environment at 3 months post term
- 3. Neurobehavioural Assessment Premature Inventory (NAPI) at 35 weeks postmenstrual age
- 4. Nursing Child Teaching Scale at discharge from hospital
- 5. Postmenstrual age at discharge
- 6. Infant weight gain to discharge

#### Overall study start date

01/07/2002

#### Completion date

30/06/2005

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Infants born before 32 weeks gestation, and their mothers

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Neonate

#### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

250

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Congenital abnormalities and chromosome disorders recognisable at birth.
- 2. Mothers unable to understand English.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/07/2002

#### Date of final enrolment

30/06/2005

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

### Study participating centre

#### **Neonatal Medicine**

Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University of Bristol (UK)

#### Sponsor details

Gillian Tallents
Research and Development
University of Bristol
Senate House
Tyndall Avenue
Bristol
England
United Kingdom
BS8 1TH
gillian.tallents@bristol.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0524sp257

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

The Health Foundation (UK) (ref: 265/1063)

# **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration

# Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/11/2007		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/10/2009		Yes	No