

Accuracy of digital impressions for dental implant crowns

Submission date 16/01/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 14/11/2023	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 14/11/2023	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

In recent decades, implant restorations for replacing missing or problematic teeth have become safer and more predictable due to advancements in dental technology. Digital tools, such as intraoral scanners and a photogrammetry-based system called Pic Dental®, have revolutionized implant procedures. While intraoral scanners offer a comfortable and precise alternative to traditional methods, they still have limitations. On the other hand, Pic Dental® utilizes a dual camera system and coded attachments for accurate implant position recording, overcoming many of the challenges associated with intraoral scanners. The study aims to assess the effectiveness of both approaches in achieving a passive fit for implant-supported restorations or crowns.

Who can participate?

Patients with implants placed in the clinics participating in the study who are waiting for impression taking or registration to make and place an implant-supported crown

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to the test group or the control group. After the integration period, periodontal maintenance will be performed and the researchers will take a periapical (2D) radiograph. After this radiograph the healing abutment will be removed and the prosthetic abutment will be placed. Then, those participating in the test group will receive PIC transfers on their prosthetic abutments and registration will be performed with a PIC dental camera. In the control group, scan bodies will be placed on their prosthetic abutments and registration will be performed with an intraoral scan. After 10-15 days, an implant-supported restoration or crown will be placed and a new periapical radiograph will be obtained. Then, 6-month and 12-month follow-up visits will be performed with clinical, radiographic and patient-reported outcomes.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit of participating is obtaining the most precise/accurate passive fit in implant-supported crowns. There is no additional risk of participating because it is a routine prosthetic procedure without risks.

Where is the study run from?
Periocentrum Bilbao (Spain)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
December 2022 to August 2025

Who is funding the study?
Arrow Development S.L. (Spain)

Who is the main contact?
1. Dr Alberto Ortiz-Vigón, alberto@ortizvigon.com
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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number
Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

PS2022090

Study information

Scientific Title

Analysis of passive fit through the use of photogrammetry for taking impressions of implants: a randomized clinical trial

Study objectives

The use of the PIC Dental (photogrammetry) camera offers a greater passive fit than can be achieved with intraoral scanners on implant crowns.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/03/2023, Comité ético de investigación clínica Euskadi (Basque clinical research committee) (C/ Donostia-San Sebastián, nº 1., Vitoria-Gasteiz, 01010, Spain; +34 (0)945 015 634; ceic.eeaa@euskadi.eus), ref: PS2022090

Study design

Two-armed randomized controlled clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Patients with at least one implant awaiting impression-taking or registration to make and place their implant-supported crown

Interventions

Randomization will be performed using a Microsoft Excel®-generated randomization list, with the treatment allocation contained in sealed envelopes that will be prepared by a research assistant not involved as clinician or examiner. Both the patient and the clinician performing the treatment will be masked to the group allocation until the randomization envelope will be opened during prosthetic treatment. The examiner will be masked to the group allocation at all follow-up visits, and the patients will be asked not to reveal their treatment assignment to the examiners.

Patients presenting at least one implant will participate in the study. After the integration period, periodontal maintenance will be performed and the researchers will take a periapical (2D) radiograph.

After this radiograph the healing abutment will be removed and the prosthetic abutment will be placed. Then, those participating in the test group will receive PIC transfers on their prosthetic abutments and registration will be performed with a PIC dental Camera. In the control group, scanbodies will be placed on their prosthetic abutments and registration will be performed with an intraoral scan.

After 10-15 days, implant-supported restoration or crown will be placed and a new periapical radiograph will be obtained. Then, 6 months and 12 months follow-up visits will be performed with clinical, radiographic and patients reported outcomes.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

Passive adjustment or fit measured at the radiographic level. Measurements will be made using image analysis software (Image J. National Institutes of Health (NIH); Bethesda, MD, USA) calibrating the software through a known length, which could be the length of the implant. This is measured from the implant shoulder of the implant to the first bone-to-implant contact in both the mesial and the distal aspects in radiographs (two points per implant). Measured at baseline, 6 months and 12 months.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Probing depth measured with a periodontal probe (UNC-15, Hu Friedy, Chicago, IL) at six points per implant at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
2. Bleeding on probing measured with a periodontal probe (UNC-15, Hu Friedy, Chicago, IL) at six points per implant at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
3. Time for taking impressions or registrations on implants during the prosthetic procedure, measured with a watch in minutes and seconds
4. Radiographic variables: radiographic bone loss measured from the shoulder of the implant to the first bone-implant contact in both mesial and distal aspects at two points per implant at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
5. Patient perception measured with a questionnaire and visual analogue score at baseline after the prosthetic procedure

Overall study start date

01/12/2022

Completion date

01/08/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with implants placed in the clinics participating in the study who are awaiting impression taking or registration to make and place the implant-supported crown

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

48

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients with implants placed in other clinics whose prior treatment is unknown and may interfere with the objectives of the study
2. Implants with mobility whose indication will be their removal due to lack of integration
3. Implants that already have implant-supported crowns and there is an indication to repeat the crown due to fracture or loss of retention

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2024

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre

Clínica Ortiz-Vigón & PerioCentrum Bilbao

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Organisation

Arrow Development SL

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Sponsor type

Industry

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Arrow Development SL

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/08/2026

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication

IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol file			16/03/2023	No	No