# Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) breathing record study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
18/05/2016		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
13/06/2016		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
10/05/2019	Respiratory			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is the name used to refer to a number of progressive devastating and debilitating lung diseases, which includes chronic bronchitis, emphysema and chronic obstructive airways disease. People that have COPD typically feel breathless after physical activity, have a persistent cough with phlegm and suffer frequently from chest infections. There is no cure for the condition, but making lifestyle changes (such as stopping smoking) and taking medications (inhalers and/or tablets) can alleviate symptoms. This study is being done to collect information that will be used in the development of a new medical device. The new device is intended to help people with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) to monitor their condition at home on a daily basis. The device used in this study is called a capnometer. Different types of capnometer have been in use by doctors for many years. Capnometers measure the amount of carbon dioxide in the breath. The device that is used in this study is called the N-Tidal C. It is a small, battery-powered personal device to use indoors either at home, at work or in hospital.

Who can participate?
COPD patients aged at least 18

#### What does the study involve?

The study fits around the a COPD patient's normal treatment, tests and medication and there are no changes made to this treatment. At the start of the study each participant is trained in the use of the device and they are asked to use the device to record their normal relaxed breathing, 3 times a day (morning, afternoon and evening) every day for the next six weeks. A reading takes 75 seconds of ordinary breathing through the device. Participants who feel unwell, or have an infection, are asked to take more frequent breath records of up to six times a day if possible – that is twice in the morning, twice in the afternoon and twice in the evening - leaving at least an hour between readings. Standard care clinical assessments are taken at the start of the study, after 2 weeks, 4 weeks and, finally, 6 weeks. The tests for COPD include a check-up by the study doctor or nurse including the usual spirometry and blood gas tests. Each assessment visit takes between 15-20 minutes. Participants are also asked to complete a simple daily diary

of how their health and COPD changes and information on the use of the device. Finally, all participants receive a telephone call 2 weeks after their last assessment visit to check how they are and to ask if any of their medicines have changed.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will not benefit directly from taking part in this study and the device used in the study does not provide any feedback to them. The information the researchers get from this study will help them to develop the device, and to learn more about the treatment and management of COPD. The study researchers do not believe that there are any risks to participants who use the N-Tidal C device in accordance with the instructions for use. An early version of it was tested on people with COPD and they did not report any side effects or difficulties with breathing through the device.

Where is the study run from?

Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, Addenbrooke's Hospital, Lung Function Unit (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2016 to July 2016

Who is funding the study?
The Small Business Research Initiative for Healthcare (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Ravi Mahadeva

# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

Dr Ravi Mahadeva

#### ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6111-5555

#### Contact details

Consultant Chest Physician
Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
Cambridge Biomedical Campus
Hills Road
Cambridge
United Kingdom
CB2 0QQ

# Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT02814253

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

An exploratory, observational clinical evaluation of the CRiL N--Tidal C data-collector capnometer to collect breathing records in patients with COPD

#### **Acronym**

**CBRS** 

#### **Study objectives**

The purpose of this planned investigation is to collect data from patients whose COPD is undergoing change. Such patients are either at risk of an acute exacerbation of COPD, or they have already been hospitalised for treatment of an acute exacerbation. The intention is to correlate capnometric data during this journey with existing measurements (spirometry, blood gas, partial pressure of carbon dioxide [PaCO2], clinical symptoms and clinical assessments). It should then be possible to predict the exhaled CO2 signature of an exacerbation of COPD in normocapnic and hypercapnic patients.

The eventual aim of the N-Tidal C is to facilitate the monitoring and management of patients in the community with moderate to severe COPD. In its final developed form, the N-Tidal C will detect any changes in the patient's exhaled CO2 capnograph, which would indicate a worsening of their condition and risk of exacerbation. The device would then use a 'traffic light' warning system to advise the patient of a change of condition, prompting the patient to seek medical attention. This timely intervention in the community should reduce the number of COPD admissions to hospital.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

NRES Committee Yorkshire & The Humber - Bradford Leeds, 10/09/2015, ref: 15/YH/0369

# Study design

Observational longitudinal study

# Primary study design

Observational

# Study type(s)

Other

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Respiratory disorders, Primary sub-specialty: COPD

#### **Interventions**

Patients will be enrolled into one of two cohorts:

- 1. Stable patients with chronic hypercapnia (raised blood levels of CO2). They will be monitored in the community (community-based case managed group)
- 2. Hospitalised patients admitted with COPD related respiratory failure. They will be monitored during recovery in hospital and post discharge (acute admission group)

Patients who give informed consent will be screened for the study. Patients in the case-managed group will be screened at home or in routine clinic visits. Patients in the acute admission group will be screened after admission to hospital as soon as they are well enough to understand the study and to give written informed consent.

The N-Tidal C data-collector capnometer will be explained to the patients and they will be trained how to use it. Case-managed patients will be asked to use the device at home over a period of approximately 6 weeks, 3 times per day (morning, afternoon and evening), or 6 times per day if they feel that they are starting an infection or an exacerbation. Hospitalised patients will also use the device 3 times per day as in-patients and will then continue with the monitoring after discharge from hospital for a total period of 6 weeks. All patients will complete a daily diary record.

Case-managed patients will undergo clinical assessment of COPD during screening at home or in the COPD clinic; in-patients will undergo clinical assessment of COPD following admission and before discharge from hospital. All patients will be assessed a further 3 times: during the second and fourth week in the community, and at the end of the 6-week assessment period. A brief follow-up review will be conducted approximately 8 weeks after the start of capnometer monitoring. At each assessment, capnometry measurements will be taken in addition to routine spirometry, and arterial (in-patients) or capillary (in the community) blood gasses. The trial will not interfere with routine management of the patient's condition.

#### Intervention Type

Device

## Primary outcome(s)

Changes in exhaled CO2 profiles obtained by the N-Tidal C data-collector capnometer. The reading, which typically takes 60 seconds to collect, will be repeated three times daily, for a period of six weeks.

# Key secondary outcome(s))

No secondary outcome measures

# Completion date

01/07/2016

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients of either sex, age 18 years and over, diagnosed with COPD, who have given written, informed consent
- 2. Patients in the case-managed group will have chronically elevated partial pressure of carbon dioxide (PaCO2) and will be susceptible to frequent exacerbations of COPD
- 3. Patients in the acute admission group will have been admitted to hospital via the emergency room for treatment of COPD-related ventilatory failure

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

1. Diagnosis of neuromuscular disorders or kyphoscoliosis

2.

Patients who, in the opinion of the investigator are unlikely to comply with the requirements of the

use the device correctly, or keep the diary records

#### Date of first enrolment

17/02/2016

#### Date of final enrolment

05/05/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

England

# Study participating centre

# Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, Addenbrooke's Hospital

Lung Function Unit, Box 40 Cambridge Biomedical Campus Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Cambridge Respiratory Innovations Ltd

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

The Small Business Research Initiative for Healthcare (SBRI Healthcare)

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made publicly available due to commercial sensitivity with the development of N-Tidal technology and personal respiratory monitors.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Basic results		25/07/2017	01/08/2017	No	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023		No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes