Early External Cephalic Version (ECV) 2 trial

Submission date [] Prospectively registered Recruitment status 19/04/2004 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 22/04/2005 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 19/06/2015 Pregnancy and Childbirth

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

http://www.utoronto.ca/cmicr/eecv2/

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Eileen Hutton

Contact details

Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology McMaster University 1200 Main Street West, MDCL 3103 Hamilton Canada L8N 3Z5 +1 (0)905 525 9140 ext. 26654 huttone@mcmaster.ca

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00141687

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Early External Cephalic Version (ECV) 2 trial

Acronym

EECV2

Study objectives

- 1. For women with a foetus in breech presentation, does early External Cephalic Version (ECV) (at 34^0/7 35^6/7 weeks) versus delayed ECV (not before 37^0/7 weeks) increase or decrease the likelihood of Caesarean Section (CS)?
- 2. Is the risk of preterm birth (less than 37^0/7 weeks) lower or higher with early versus delayed ECV?

Protocol can be found at: http://sunnybrook.ca/uploads/sri cmicr eecv2 protocol en.pdf

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

- 1. The University of British Columbia Clinical Research Ethics Board, 18/08/2004, ref. no.: C04-0348, amendment 06/10/2004
- 2. Research Ethics Board of Hamilton Health Sciences Research Ethics Board, 20/03/2007, ref: 07-122

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

EECV2 trial information for Parents and Families available on http://www.utoronto.ca/cmicr/eecv2/pat/index.htm

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pregnancies with a foetus in breech presentation

Interventions

Women will be randomised to have either an early ECV at 34 - 35 weeks gestation, or a delayed ECV at or after 37 weeks gestation

On 01/01/2007 the sponsor changed from the Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) to the current sponsor, the McMaster University Medical Centre (see below).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Rate of CS.

Outcomes will be measured at two planned interim analyses:

- 1. After 500 participants were recruited (analysis complete 02/2007)
- 2. After 900 participants were recruited (analysis expected to be complete 01/2008)
- 3. After the full sample of 1460 participants have been recruited

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Rate of preterm birth
- 2. Other outcomes include admission to neonatal intensive care unit more than or equal to 24 hours, perinatal or neonatal mortality or serious neonatal morbidity, serious foetal complications, maternal death or serious maternal morbidity, non-cephalic presentation at birth, women's views, and health care costs

Outcomes will be measured at two planned interim analyses:

- 1. After 500 participants were recruited (analysis complete 02/2007)
- 2. After 900 participants were recruited (analysis expected to be complete 01/2008)
- 3. After the full sample of 1460 participants have been recruited

Overall study start date

01/12/2004

Completion date

31/12/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women with any breech presentation, aged 18 49 years old
- 2. A live singleton foetus
- 3. Gestational age of $33^0/7 35^6/7$ weeks

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group



Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

1460 women (730 per group) are required. Recruitment complete as of July 2008.

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Any contraindication to ECV
- 2. Previous participation in the EECV2 Trial
- 3. Any contraindication to early ECV
- 4. Women who wish a vaginal delivery if the foetus remains breech
- 5. Any contraindication to labour or vaginal birth
- 6. Women who wish to deliver by Caesarean Section (CS) if the foetus turns to cephalic
- 7. Women at increased risk of unstable lie

Please note that the following exclusion criteria was removed from this list on 06/11/2007:

8. Women who plan to move to a non-trial centre prior to delivery

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2004

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Argentina

Australia

Brazil

Canada

Chile

Egypt

Germany

Hungary

Ireland

Israel

Jordan

Netherlands

Poland

United States of America

Study participating centre McMaster University Hamilton Canada L8N 3Z5

Sponsor information

Organisation

McMaster University Medical Centre (Canada)

Sponsor details

c/o Sarah Lampson Clinical Trial Agreements and Contracts Specialist 1057 Main Street West Suite 1, Room 103 Hamilton Canada L8S 1B7 +1 (0)905 521 2100 lampson@hhsc.ca

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/05jyrng31

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada), ref: MCT-65630

Alternative Name(s)

Instituts de Recherche en Santé du Canada, Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR), CIHR_IRSC, Canadian Institutes of Health Research | Ottawa ON, CIHR, IRSC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Canada

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2011		Yes	No
Results article	results	26/09/2014		Yes	No