

CAN Stop - psychoeducation and relapse prevention for young persons with problematic cannabis use

Submission date 18/01/2011	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 10/03/2011	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 18/12/2020	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Prof Rainer Thomasius

Contact details
DZSKJ
Martinistrasse 52
Hamburg
Germany
20246
-
thomasius@uke.uni-hamburg.de

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
IIA5-2507DSM209

Study information

Scientific Title

CAN Stop - psychoeducation and relapse prevention for young persons with problematic cannabis use - development and evaluation of a preventive group-based training programme [Psychoedukation und Rückfallprävention für junge Menschen mit problematischem Cannabiskonsum Entwicklung und Evaluation eines Gruppenbehandlungsprogramms]

Acronym

CAN Stop

Study objectives

We hypothesise that young cannabis users who participated at the preventive CAN Stop group training in addition to the treatment or service usually provided in the specific help provision context (e.g. drug addiction aid and youth welfare, in-patient medical context, out-patient medical context, juvenile prisons) show lower level of cannabis intake and higher levels of cannabis abstinence-related self-efficacy after the training as opposed to young cannabis users who received the usual treatment or service.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. Ethics Committee of the Chamber of Physicians Hamburg approved on 3rd March 2009 (ref: PV3086)
2. Ethics Committee of the Schleswig-Holstein Chamber of Physicians approved on 6th May 2009 (ref: AZ 41/09)
3. Ethics Committee of the Chamber of Physicians North Rhine approved on 29th January 2010 (ref: 2009366)
4. Ethics Committee of the Chamber of Physicians Hesse approved on 2nd August 2010 (ref: MC 168/2010)

Study design

Four-arm randomised wait-list controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Problematic cannabis use

Interventions

The CAN Stop group training consists of eight group sessions of 90 minutes. Groups consist of six to ten young cannabis users and one or two trainers. The training's rationale is based on behavioural therapeutic and motivational interviewing elements. It encompasses consumer or craving diaries, the work with social and emotional context variables and potential triggers as well as the elaboration of alternative behaviour strategies and the activation of participants resources.

Generally and for motivational reasons, it is left open to participants within the training whether they want to reduce or stop their cannabis use. However, certain settings at which the training is tested officially require absolute consume stops (e.g. prisons), yet this is a characteristic of the respective institution and not of the training itself. After completing the CAN Stop training, certificates are handed out to participants who, participated at least at five out of eight group training sessions, for further gratification. If within a group, only three or less participants remain after other participants dropped out of the group, the group is not further continued.

Control participants receive the respective treatment as usual, which the setting, the person is in usually provides. After the follow-up assessment, participants are invited to take part at a CAN Stop group training if they wish to attend.

Timepoints:

t0 (pre) = before the training/ treatment as usual

t1 (post) = after the training/ treatment as usual which is 3 months after t0

t2 (follow-up) = 6 months after t1

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

1. Cannabis use in the past 30 days
2. In case of ongoing cannabis use: approximate weight of used cannabis on a day with mean cannabis use

Measured at t0, t1 and t2

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Motivation to change existing cannabis use
2. Cannabis abstinence-related self-efficacy
3. Psychosocial adjustment
4. Behaviour in the face of peer pressure with regard to cannabis use

Measured at t0, t1 and t2

Completion date

31/10/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged between 14 and 21 years, either sex
2. Cannabis consumed is deemed problematic by the young cannabis user or significant persons in his or her context (e.g. parents, teachers)
3. Participant's willingness to at least think over previous consumption patterns and to participate at a group dealing with the topic
4. Informed consent of participants and in the case of underage participants the informed consent of a parent or official guardian

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Other

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Acute symptoms of psychosis or suicidality. These exclusion criteria were checked via standardised screening questions at the beginning of the face-to-face take-in talks at the respective cooperation partner's institutions.

Date of first enrolment

15/02/2011

Date of final enrolment

31/10/2011

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Germany

Study participating centre

DZSKJ

Hamburg

Germany

20246

Sponsor information**Organisation**

German Federal Ministry of Health (Bundesministerium für Gesundheit [BMG]) (Germany)

ROR

<https://ror.org/05vp4ka74>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

German Federal Ministry of Health (Bundesministerium für Gesundheit [BMG]) (Germany) (ref: AZ IIA5-2507DSM209)

Funder Name

University Medical Centre Hamburg-Eppendorf (Germany) - German Centre for Addiction Research in Children and Adolescents

Funder Name

University of Rostock (Germany) - Department for Child and Adolescent Psychiatry

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	18/04/2011	18/12/2020	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes