# The Big Lung Trial: Does Short-Term Chemotherapy Improve the Survival of Patients with Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
19/08/2002	No longer recruiting	Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
19/08/2002	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
26/10/2018	Cancer			

## Plain English summary of protocol

http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/blt-the-big-lung-trial2

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr - -

#### Contact details

UKCCCR Register Co-ordinator MRC Clinical Trials Unit 222 Euston Road London United Kingdom NW1 2DA

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

**BLT** 

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The Big Lung Trial: Does Short-Term Chemotherapy Improve the Survival of Patients with Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

## **Study objectives**

Not provided at time of registration

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

**Not Specified** 

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Lung (non-small cell)

## **Interventions**

1. CHEMOTHERAPY REGIMEN: Three cycles of one of the following regimens should be given: Cisplatin plus vindesine; Mitomycin C, ifosfamide and cisplatin; Mitomycin C, vinblastine and cisplatin; Navelbine and Cisplatin.

## Chemotherapy may be given as follows:

A. Adjuvant Chemotherapy Option: Chemotherapy to start as soon as possible after surgery or following completion of radical radiotherapy.

- B. Neo-adjuvant Option: Chemotherapy should start as soon as possible.
- C. Supportive Care Group: Chemotherapy should start as soon as possible after randomisation and be given concurrently with supportive care.
- 2. CONTROL REGIMEN: No chemotherapy.

## Intervention Type

#### Other

### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

## Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

## Overall study start date

01/01/1995

## Completion date

31/12/2005

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Fulfil local criteria for diagnosis of NSCLC
- 2. Be fit to receive, and have no clear contraindications to chemotherapy
- 3. Patients randomised to adjuvant chemotherapy should be able to start chemotherapy within 10 weeks of completion of surgery or radical radiotherapy
- 4. No concurrent malignancy, or any history of malignancy, other than non-melanomatous skin cancer within the last 3 years

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

## Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

## Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

## Date of first enrolment

01/01/1995

## Date of final enrolment

31/12/2005

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

Study participating centre
UKCCCR Register Co-ordinator
London

United Kingdom NW1 2DA

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programmes

## Sponsor details

Commissioning Units Canynge Hall Whiteladies Road Bristol United Kingdom BS8 2PR

## Sponsor type

Government

## **ROR**

https://ror.org/02wnqcb97

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

NHS Research and Development Programme (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Plain English results				No	Yes
Results article	results	01/07/2004		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/05/2005		Yes	No
Results article	results	20/10/2005		Yes	No