# Increased Health and Wellbeing in Preschools

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
17/11/2014		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
08/01/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
16/10/2024	Other			

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Energy balance is a term to describe the relationship between the amount of energy we take in (though our food and drink) and how much of that energy we use in our day-to-day activities. Our levels of physical activity, eating habits and how sedentary our life is are termed energy-balanced related behaviours (EBRBs) and they seem to vary according to socioeconomic differences (how wealthy we are and our social position). Here, we want to identify the most important factors influencing EBRBs among preschool children, taking into account their socioeconomic background (phase 1). In the second phase of our study, we then apply what we have learned from phase 1 and develop an intervention that aims to balance children's EBRBs and diminish health socioeconomic inequalities. In the third phase we will follow up the same children to examine whether early childhood environmental and individual factors (e.g., health behaviors) predict later EBRBs and weight, SR skills, recovery and learning outcomes in a longitudinal design.

### Who can participate?

The study participants are recruited through preschools in Uusimaa region in Finland. Preschools are recruited based on their socioeconomic neighborhood (half in high and half in low socioeconomic neighborhoods in municipality). The neighborhoods are ranked into an order according to the statistics: the preschools belonging to the highest and lowest tertiaries are contacted. Eligible participants are 3-5 year old children in preschools and their parents.

# What does the study involve?

The overall study is divided into three phases. The first phase includes both focus group interviews and a cross-sectional study in years 2014 and 2015. In the cross-sectional study, children are asked to wear a accelerometer for seven days and samples of their saliva and hair are taken. Parents and teachers fill in children's food records and complete a questionnaire. The Heads of each preschool also complete a questionnaire. The second phase includes applying an intervention in preschools in years 2016 and 2017. The content of this intervention is based on what is learned in phase 1. At this stage, each preschool is randomly allocated into either the intervention group or the control group. Those preschools that are in the intervention group receive the intervention. Those preschools that are in the control group operate as usual. Assessments are performed in all the preschools before the intervention is introduced and after it has been completed. These include comparing the activity levels, dietary habits of all participating children. In the third phase, the same children are followed up six years following

the initial intervention. Data is collected in schools and at home. Children wear an accelerometer for seven days and a Firstbeat meter measuring heart rate variability and recovery from stress. Children and parents complete questionnaires assessing dietary habits, physical activity and sedentary habits and wellbeing.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Children and their parents receive feedback of children's levels of activity. All the participating preschools receive guidebook of interventions after the follow-up measurements. Children and parents receive feedback on children's level of activity, sedentary time and dietary and schools receive feedback at group level in the follow up.

Where is the study run from? Samfundet Folkhälsan, Folkhälsan Research Centre (Finland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2014 to December 2024

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Samfundet Folkhälsan (Finland)
- 2. University of Helsinki (Finland)
- 3. Juho Vainio Foundation (Finland)
- 4. Gyllenberg Foundation (Finland)
- 5. Finnish ministry of Education and Culture (Finland)
- 5. Academy of Finland (Finland)

Who is the main contact? Dr Eva Roos eva.roos@folkhalsan.fi

#### Study website

https://dagisfh.wordpress.com/in-english/

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Eva Roos

#### **ORCID ID**

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-3521-6517

#### Contact details

Folkhälsan Research Center Topeliuksenkatu 20 00250 Helsinki Finland Helsinki Finland 00250

# Additional identifiers

# **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

DAGIS Increased Health and Wellbeing in Preschools

#### Acronym

**DAGIS** 

### **Study objectives**

- 1. The hypotheses of cross-sectional survey with needs assessment:
- 1.1 The modifiable factors associated with children's energy-balance related behaviors (EBRBs) are recognized.
- 2. The hypotheses of environments intervention:
- 2.1. The multi-level intervention at preschool setting balances children's EBRBs.
- 2.2 The multi-level intervention at preschool setting diminishes socioeconomic differences in children's EBRBs.

# (added 16/10/2024)

- 3. The hypotheses of follow-up study:
- 3.1. Early childhood environmental and individual factors (e.g., health behaviors) predict later EBRBs and weight, SR skills, recovery and learning outcomes in a longitudinal design.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Ethics committee of the Hospital district of Helsinki and Uusimaa, 15/05/2014, ref: Dnro 112/13/03/00/14.

The DAGIS randomized control trial in years 2016-2017 obtained ethical approval from the University of Helsinki Ethical Review Board in the Humanities and Social and Behavioural Sciences (statement 22/2017).

The DAGIS follow-up study obtained ethical approval from the University of Helsinki Ethical Review Board in the Humanities and Social and Behavioural Sciences (statement 46/2023).

### Study design

- 1. Needs assessment study (focus group interviews and survey) in years 2014-2015
- 2. Randomized control trials in years 2016-2017 (added 16/10/2024)
- 3. Follow-up study of 2016-2017 DAGIS randomized control trial in years 2023-2024

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

School

# Study type(s)

Quality of life

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet (sheets are in Finnish).

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sedentary time, eating habits, stress

#### **Interventions**

The content of intervention is based on the results of phase 1. Intervention group 1 receives multiple practices and methods to improve children's EBRBs. The baseline and follow-up measurements are assessed for both intervention and control groups.

# Intervention Type

Behavioural

### Primary outcome measure

Current primary outcome measure as of 16/10/2024:

Children: sedentary time measured by accelerometer, intake of fruits and vegetables and intake of sugar-enriched foods measured by dietary assessment methods, stress level measured by hair and saliva samples and via heart rate variability. The socioeconomic differences in EBRBs.

Previous primary outcome measure:

Children: sedentary time measured by accelerometer, intake of fruits and vegetables and intake of sugar-enriched foods measured by dietary assessment methods, stress level measured by hair and saliva samples. The socioeconomic differences in EBRBs.

## Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 16/10/2024:

The most important modifiable factors of sedentariness, sugar-enriched food intake, and vegetable and fruit intake.

The most important modifiable factors of weight.

Previous secondary outcome measures:

The most important modifiable factors of sedentariness, sugar-enriched food intake, and vegetable and fruit intake.

## Overall study start date

01/01/2014

#### Completion date

31/12/2024

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

For the randomized control trials:

- 1. Preschool situated either in high or low socioeconomic neighborhood in municipality
- 2. At least 30 percent of 3-5-year old children in the preschool group need to participate in order to conduct intervention

(added 16/10/2024)

For the follow-up study:

1. Participants aged 8-12-years in primary schools (grades 3-6) in the same municipality as the randomized control trial.

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Age group

Child

### Lower age limit

3 Years

# Upper age limit

5 Years

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

600 children, aged 3-5 years, approximately 50 preschool groups (half in high and half in low socioeconomic neighborhoods). The same target number will be used for the follow-up.

#### Total final enrolment

### Key exclusion criteria

For the randomized control trials:

- 1. The preschool is not situated in high or low socioeconomic neighborhood in municipality.
- 2. Parents/guardians of children that do not sign informed consent

(added 16/10/2024)

For the follow-up study:

Children that do not sign informed consent or parents/guardians of children that do not sign informed consent.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/04/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

31/10/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Finland

Study participating centre Folkhälsan Research Center

Helsinki Finland 00250

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Samfundet Folkhälsan

# Sponsor details

Samfundet Folkhälsan Topeliuksenkatu 20 00250 Helsinki Finland Helsinki Finland 00250

\_ jaana.welin-haapamaki@helsinki.fi

### Sponsor type

#### Not defined

#### Website

http://www.folkhalsan.fi

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05xznzw56

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Not defined

#### **Funder Name**

Samfundet Folkhälsan (Finland)

## **Funder Name**

University of Helsinki (Finland)

#### Funder Name

Juho Vainio Foundation (Finland)

#### **Funder Name**

Gyllenberg Foundation (Finland)

#### **Funder Name**

Finnish ministry of Education and Culture (Finland)

#### **Funder Name**

Academy of Finland (Finland)

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. Study protocol article in BMC Public Health spring 2015
- 2. The communication plan of this study includes the public and scientific parts of communication. Researchers will write several articles for peer-reviewed scientific journals. The articles will be published either in open access journals or will be provided through Researchgate. In addition to this, press releases will be published on the significant findings of the study. Additional articles will also be published in national journals to promote the results. The adjunct professors of the study group will present the results as part of their teaching at the University. The results will also be presented at several national and international congresses. workshops and other possible events that are meant for health promoters, researchers and policy-makers. The website for the project, the main channel for informing the current status of the study, was launched in the fall of 2014 (www.dagis.fi). It will be possible to download the final report and intervention material from the website after the project has ended and they will be freely available to everyone. The final report of the study will be published in a seminar organized at the end of the project in 2019. The final report will include the evaluation of the dissemination of the results in the scientific community and the general public. This evaluation is partly based on the numbers of scientific publications during the project. The results can be utilized by Finnish preschools and early education teaching sectors. The steering group of the study, to be established in 2015, will also help to spread the results to the relevant parties.

# Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

# IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	18/04/2015		Yes	No
Results article	results	03/11/2017	26/02/2021	Yes	No
Results article	results	12/12/2019	26/02/2021	Yes	No
Results article		05/12/2022	06/12/2022	Yes	No
Results article		04/11/2020	14/02/2024	Yes	No
Results article		26/08/2020	14/02/2024	Yes	No