# The efficacy, safety and tolerability of PSD502 in subjects with premature ejaculation (PE)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
13/01/2009	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
27/03/2009		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/02/2019	Condition category  Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

**Prof Carson Culley** 

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00556478

Secondary identifying numbers

PSD502

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A phase IIb, multicentre, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled study, with open-label follow on, to evaluate the efficacy, safety and tolerability of PSD502 in subjects with premature ejaculation (PE)

#### Study objectives

PSD502 is a metered dose spray containing a mixture of lidocaine and prilocaine which is under development by Plethora Solutions Ltd as a topical anaesthetic treatment for premature ejaculation (PE). The spray is applied to the glans penis a short time prior to intercourse. Most studies evaluating treatments for PE include intravaginal ejaculatory latency times (IELT) in the definition of PE. It has been estimated that PE affects 30 - 40% of the male population, but is paradoxically a condition for which they are least likely to seek help. Men with PE exhibit abnormal autonomic reflex pathways for the ejaculatory process. These include lower vibratory threshold to ejaculation, shorter bulbocavernous latency time and higher bulbocavernous evoked potentials. Reducing this heightened sensitivity of the glans with topical anaesthetics might therefore be a way of improving IELT, without adversely affecting the sensation of ejaculation.

Although IELT is an objective measure of ejaculatory function it does not address the impact of therapy on patients' well being and confidence in their sexual performance, which are important markers of treatment benefit. Therefore, if IELT is used as a sole efficacy measure it may not fully characterise the treatment benefit to the patient. For this reason in this study, a patient reported outcome (PRO) known as the Index of Premature Ejaculation will be used in conjunction with IELT to evaluate efficacy. Thus the combination of the objective measure of ejaculatory latency with the PRO of IPE should be able to provide efficacy data which are representative of clinical benefit to the patient.

The use of lidocaine, prilocaine and EMLA® cream as topical anaesthetics is well established. Many years of experience of use in large numbers of patients, as well as comprehensive nonclinical safety testing programs for various formulations of lidocaine and prilocaine exist, to support their safety and tolerability. This information, together with the clinical data from three studies with PSD502 (ANAE-059-00, PSD502-PE-001, and PSD502-PE-003), suggest that PSD502 may have beneficial effects in reducing penile sensation and prolonging IELT, and its use is unlikely to be associated with significant clinical safety or tolerability concerns.

The aim of this study is to provide additional placebo-controlled efficacy data to establish the clinical utility of PSD502 in the treatment of PE. In addition, long term open-label efficacy and safety data will be collected, to further support the registration package for PSD502 in the indication of treatment of PE.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

- 1. Poland: Local Medical Ethics Committee (Komisja Bioetyczna Uniwersytetu Medycznego), 25/09/2008, ref: R-I-002/281/2008
- 2. USA: Schulman Associates Institutional Board, 17/10/2008, ref: IRB # 07-4087-0
- 3. Canada: Trafalgar Ethics Board, 04/10/2008, ref: IRB# 07-023

#### Study design

Phase IIb multicentre randomised double-blind placebo-controlled study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Premature ejaculation

#### Interventions

PSD502 is a metered dose aerosol spray that delivers a eutectic mixture of lidocaine and prilocaine. The placebo is a metered dose aerosol spray that is identical in appearance to PSD502 spray and contains the same propellant. Subjects will be randomised to PSD502 or placebo in a 2: 1 ratio. A single dose of PSD502 or placebo consist of three sprays applied to the glans penis. Subjects will continue for a three-month double-blind treatment followed by 5 months of openlabel treatment.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Phase II/III

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

PSD502 (containing lidocaine and prilocaine)

#### Primary outcome measure

Current information as of 28/01/2010:

To evaluate efficacy of treatment with PSD502 compared with placebo in subjects with PE as measured by:

- 1. Changes in mean IELT from baseline to during three-month double-blind treatment
- 2. Changes in all IPE domains from baseline to month three

#### Initial information at time of registration:

To evaluate efficacy of treatment with PSD502 compared with placebo in subjects with PE as

#### measured by:

- 1. Changes in mean IELT from baseline to during three-month double-blind treatment
- 2. Changes in selected IPE domains from baseline to month three

#### Secondary outcome measures

Current information as of 28/01/2010:

- 1. Proportion of subjects with short mean IELT during the three months of double-blind treatment
- 2. Relationship between IELT and IPE
- 3. Change in mean IELT from baseline
- 4. Subject and partner PEP scores
- 5. Evaluation of the safety and tolerability of PSD502 compared with placebo in subjects with PE as measured by adverse events (AE) and serious adverse events (SAE) data for both the subject and his sexual partner, collected throughout the study

Initial information at time of registration:

- 1. Change in selected IPE domains from baseline to three months
- 2. Proportion of subjects with short mean IELT during the three months of double-blind treatment
- 3. Relationship between IELT and IPE
- 4. Change in mean IELT from baseline
- 5. Subject and partner PEP scores
- 6. Evaluation of the safety and tolerability of PSD502 compared with placebo in subjects with PE as measured by adverse events (AE) and serious adverse events (SAE) data for both the subject and his sexual partner, collected throughout the study

#### Overall study start date

24/10/2007

# Completion date

14/10/2009

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Current information as of 28/01/2010:

A subject will be considered suitable for the study if he fulfills all of the following criteria:

- 1. Willing and able to provide written informed consent
- 2. Male, aged 18 years and over
- 3. Diagnosed with PE according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th Edition (DSM-IV) crietria and International Society for Sexual Medicine (ISSM) definition
- 4. Diagnosed with lifelong PE
- 5. Acceptable response to screening Premature Ejaculation Profile (PEP)
- 6. Subject must be in a stable heterosexual and monogamous relationship and their partner must provide consent
- 7. Acceptable sexual encounters in the baseline period

## Initial information at time of registration:

A subject will be considered suitable for the study if he fulfills all of the following criteria:

- 1. Willing and able to provide written informed consent
- 2. Male, aged 18 years and over

- 3. Diagnosed with PE
- 4. Acceptable response to screening Premature Ejaculation Profile (PEP)
- 5. Subject must be in a stable heterosexual and monogamous relationship and their partner must provide consent
- 6. Acceptable sexual encounters in the baseline period

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Male

#### Target number of participants

256 total (103 in Poland)

#### Key exclusion criteria

A subject, or his sexual partner where stated, who fulfil any of the following criteria will be excluded from the study:

- 1. Subject, or his sexual partner, has received an investigational (non-registered) drug within 30 days of screening
- 2. Subject has erectile dysfunction
- 3. The subject, or his sexual partner, has a physical or psychological condition that would prevent them from undertaking the study procedures, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 3.1. Urological disease
- 3.2. Ongoing significant psychiatric disorder not controlled by medication
- 4. Subject has safety testing abnormalities at the screening visit
- 5. Subjects taking excluded medications or receiving any treatment for PE
- 6. Subject, or his sexual partner, has a current history of alcohol or drug abuse
- 7. The subject, or his sexual partner, is unlikely to understand or be able to comply with study procedures, for whatever reasons
- 8. Subject, or his sexual partner, has known drug sensitivity to amide-type local anaesthetics
- 9. Subjects with pregnant partners
- 10. Subject with sexual partners of child-bearing potential and not using appropriate contraception
- 11. Subject, or his sexual partner, has a history of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency or use of medications that would increase susceptibility to methemoglobinaemia 12. Subject, or his sexual partner, uses class I (e.g. mexiletine, tocainide) or III (e.g. amiodarone, sotalol) anti-arrhythmic drugs

#### Date of first enrolment

24/10/2007

#### Date of final enrolment

14/10/2009

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

Canada

Poland

United States of America

Study participating centre University of North Carolina North Carolina United States of America 27599-7254

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Plethora Solutions Ltd (UK)

## Sponsor details

4th Floor, 233 High Holborn London United Kingdom WC1V 7DN +44 (0)20 3077 5400 mail@plethorasolutions.co.uk

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### Website

http://www.plethorasolutions.co.uk/index.php

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02y9vw172

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

Sciele Pharma, Inc (USA)

#### Funder Name

Plethora Solutions Ltd (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2010	20/02/2019	Yes	No