

# Clostridium difficile - adjuvant therapy with high dose VSL#3® will shorten hospital stay and reduce relapse rates in Clostridium difficile associated diarrhoea

<b>Submission date</b> 20/12/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 13/02/2008	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 14/06/2016	<b>Condition category</b> Digestive System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

07/H0105/71

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Clostridium difficile - adjuvant therapy with high dose VSL#3® will shorten hospital stay and reduce relapse rates in Clostridium difficile associated diarrhoea: a multicentre double blind randomised placebo controlled trial

## Study objectives

The aim of this proposed study is to assess whether high dose VSL#3® (a combined probiotic food supplement) can reduce length of symptoms and length of stay on a Clostridium difficile cohort ward in a district general hospital. The study will also assess any effect of VSL#3® on the incidence of colitis diagnosed in this cohort of patients.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval pending from the London Research Ethics Committee (REC) as of 08/01/2009.

## Study design

Double-blind randomised placebo-controlled multi-centre trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Clostridium difficile associated diarrhoea

## Interventions

Adjuvant VSL#3® (probiotic) or placebo, two sachets three times per day, one hour prior to antibiotic therapy.

Total duration of treatment is dependent on the length of symptoms. These usually range from 7 - 14 days but can be longer. Full dose (2 sachets three times a day [tds]) of VSL#3 (probiotic) will be continued until patient is symptom free for 48 hours and then a reduced dose of 2

sachets daily for two weeks following discharge. Therefore the average length of treatment will be one month. Patients will be followed up 4 weeks after resolution of their symptoms to see whether there has been a recurrence.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

VSL#3®

**Primary outcome measure**

1. Reduction in length of symptoms by 20%, approx expectation is 7 - 10 days
2. Reduction in rates of recurrence of Clostridium difficile associated diarrhoea (CDAD) by 50%, measured within 4 weeks of resolution of symptoms

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Reduction in mortality due to primary endpoints mentioned above, measured from admission to one month post resolution of symptoms
2. Reduction in incidence of colitis (colitis diagnosed by abdominal x-ray or computed tomography [CT] and serological markers +/- sigmoidoscopy)

**Overall study start date**

01/06/2009

**Completion date**

01/06/2010

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Any consenting adult patient over the age of 18 years admitted to a Clostridium difficile Cohort Ward in either Gloucester Royal Hospital or Cheltenham General Hospital. Male and female genders will be included.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

**Key exclusion criteria**

There is no upper age limit and patients with IBD will not be excluded. Apart from this, the following patients will be excluded:

1. Those with evidence of dilated colon on plain abdominal film on admission
2. Any patient known to be immunosuppressed (including those on steroids)
3. Any patient refusing the VSL#3® as part of their treatment regime
4. Patients with lactose intolerance or allergy
5. Any patient with a history of rheumatic heart disease or prosthetic heart valve
6. Any patient with a history of endocarditis

**Date of first enrolment**

01/06/2009

**Date of final enrolment**

01/06/2010

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

37 Shirehampton Road

Bristol

United Kingdom

BS9 1BL

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

**Sponsor details**

Trust Headquarters

Marlborough Street

Bristol

England

United Kingdom

BS1 3NU

**Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Website**

<http://www.uhbristol.nhs.uk/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/04nm1cv11>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Other

**Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded (UK) - researchers are receiving no financial remuneration for the work on this project

**Funder Name**

Ferring Pharmaceuticals Ltd (UK) - supplying the VSL#3® and placebo free of charge

**Funder Name**

Added 15/09/2008:

**Funder Name**

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK) - pending

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration